

**Türk Telekomünikasyon**  
**Anonim Şirketi and Its Subsidiaries**  
31 December 2024  
Consolidated Financial Statements  
And Independent Auditor's Report

10 March 2025

*This report contains 9 pages of "Independent Auditor's Report" and 114 pages of financial statements and explanatory notes.*

(Convenience translation of a report and financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

*(All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand currency units and are expressed in terms of purchasing power of Turkish Lira as of 31 December 2024 unless otherwise stated.)*

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(Convenience translation of a report and financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand currency units and are expressed in terms of purchasing power of Turkish Lira as of 31 December 2024 unless otherwise stated.)

		Current period	Prior period
		Audited	Audited
	Notes	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>59.471.144</b>	<b>69.645.096</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	4	7.532.247	19.622.532
Financial investments	14	10.538.921	11.302.376
Trade receivables			
- Trade receivables due from related parties	8	1.142.227	910.311
- Trade receivables due from unrelated parties	6	20.715.332	18.352.475
Receivables from finance sector activities			
- Receivables from finance sector activities due from unrelated parties		127.727	55.483
Other receivables			
- Other receivables due from related parties		41	—
- Other receivables due from unrelated parties	9	2.867.439	376.918
Contract assets			
- Contract assets from sale of goods and service contracts	6	7.606.069	5.142.479
Derivative financial assets			
- Derivative financial assets held for trading	15	131.338	634.604
- Derivative financial assets held for hedging	15	1.045.096	5.972.622
Inventories	10	2.746.982	1.911.188
Prepayments			
- Prepayments to unrelated parties	13	1.221.456	1.594.544
Current tax assets		160.742	253.002
Other current assets			
- Other current assets due from unrelated parties	12	2.973.356	2.854.391
<b>Subtotal</b>		<b>58.808.973</b>	<b>68.982.925</b>
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	17	662.171	662.171
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>210.785.754</b>	<b>211.490.516</b>
Financial investments			
- Financial investments	14	401.643	252.539
Trade receivables			
- Trade receivables due from unrelated parties	6	60.952	351.598
Receivables from finance sector activities			
- Receivables from finance sector activities due from unrelated parties		130.052	—
Other receivables			
- Other receivables due from unrelated parties	9	151.001	113.378
Contract assets			
- Contract assets from sale of goods and service contracts	6	51.493	31.508
Right of use assets	7	8.850.798	8.060.930
Investment property	18	145.673	147.597
Property, plant and equipment			
- Land and premises	19	36.659.845	38.408.488
- Buildings	19	4.341.389	3.918.145
- Machinery and equipments	19	58.647.409	59.363.623
- Other property, plant and equipment	19	13.966.292	8.020.188
Intangible assets			
- Goodwill	16	702.525	702.525
- Rights regarding concession agreements	20	35.891.567	32.555.751
- Concession agreements assets	20	4.357.717	3.954.656
- Licences	20	13.027.948	16.836.209
- Other intangible assets	20	30.212.915	25.864.247
Prepayments			
- Prepayments to unrelated parties	13	151.940	207.712
Deferred tax asset	11	3.034.531	12.701.255
Other non-current assets			
- Other non-current assets due from unrelated parties		64	167
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>270.256.898</b>	<b>281.135.612</b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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		Current period	Prior period
		Audited	Audited
	Notes	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>64.595.416</b>	<b>81.682.276</b>
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities from related parties			
- Bank loans	5,8	623.750	3.522.000
Financial liabilities from unrelated parties			
- Bank loans	5	11.058.243	11.774.363
- Lease liabilities	5	74.029	196.039
- Issued debt instruments	5	267.813	3.840.377
Current portion of long term financial liabilities			
Current portion of long term financial liabilities from unrelated parties			
- Bank loans	5	6.336.238	7.877.236
- Lease liabilities	5	1.518.776	1.073.191
- Issued debt instruments	5	6.743.199	19.908.562
Trade payables			
- Trade payables to related parties	8	120.806	301.405
- Trade payables to unrelated parties	6	21.801.884	20.054.627
Payables from finance sector activities			
- Receivables from finance sector activities due from unrelated parties		37.933	—
Employee benefit obligations	12	2.028.574	2.205.468
Other payables			
- Other payables to unrelated parties	9	5.764.134	4.668.307
Derivative financial liabilities			
- Derivative financial liabilities held for trading	15	668.101	169.535
- Derivative financial liabilities held for hedging	15	—	30
Contract liabilities			
- Contract liabilities from sale of goods and service contracts	13	3.553.215	3.049.776
Current tax liabilities	33	465.749	25.220
Current provisions			
- Current provisions for employee benefits	21	2.556.395	1.830.591
- Other current provisions	21	256.428	486.194
Other current liabilities			
- Other current liabilities to unrelated parties	12	720.149	699.355
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>59.569.909</b>	<b>57.543.135</b>
Long term financial liabilities			
Long term financial liabilities from unrelated parties			
- Bank loans	5	23.784.680	25.208.259
- Lease liabilities	5	2.566.381	1.447.576
- Issued debt instruments	5	17.554.458	20.268.347
Other payables			
- Other payables to unrelated parties	9	159.629	138.491
Contract liabilities			
- Contract liabilities from sale of goods and service contracts	13	2.961.397	4.280.373
Non-current provisions			
- Non-current provisions for employee benefits	21	7.195.556	5.857.890
- Other non-current provisions	21	10.627	15.345
Deferred tax liabilities	11	5.337.181	326.854
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>124.165.325</b>	<b>139.225.411</b>

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**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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		Current period	Prior period
		Audited	Audited
	Notes	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
<b>Equity</b>		<b>146.091.573</b>	<b>141.910.201</b>
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent			
Issued capital	22	3.500.000	3.500.000
Inflation adjustments on capital	22	73.368.951	73.368.951
Repurchased shares (-)		(21.069)	(21.069)
Other accumulated comprehensive income / (loss) that will not be reclassified in profit or loss			
Gains / (losses) on revaluation and remeasurement			
- Losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	22	(5.435.697)	(3.799.478)
- Increases on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	22	7.189.197	8.375.319
Gains due to change in fair value of financial liability attributable to change in credit risk of liability	22	—	40.113
Other accumulated comprehensive income / (loss) that will be reclassified in profit or loss			
Gains / (losses) on hedges			
- Gains on cash flow hedges	22	478.719	4.952.559
- Losses on hedges of net investment in foreign operations	22	(8.631.309)	(8.051.977)
Change in value of time value of options	22	(217.412)	(11.238.496)
Exchange differences on translation	22	2.947.208	4.653.667
Restricted reserves appropriated from profits		4.216.813	4.216.813
Retained earnings		60.240.027	42.204.564
Profit for the year		8.456.145	23.709.235
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>		<b>270.256.898</b>	<b>281.135.612</b>

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**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand currency units and are expressed in terms of purchasing power of Turkish Lira as of 31 December 2024 unless otherwise stated.)

		<b>Current Period</b>	<b>Prior Period</b>
		<b>Audited</b>	<b>Audited</b>
		<b>1 January -</b>	<b>1 January -</b>
	<b>Notes</b>	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Revenue	3, 26	161.650.927	144.645.378
Cost of sales (-)	28	(102.203.929)	(113.071.596)
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>59.446.998</b>	<b>31.573.782</b>
General administrative expenses (-)	27	(19.767.093)	(18.800.762)
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses (-)	27	(14.688.372)	(14.991.034)
Research and development expenses (-)	27	(1.975.696)	(1.869.838)
Other operating income	29	5.717.440	4.440.073
Other operating expense (-)	29	(3.448.757)	(7.366.505)
<b>Operating Profit / (loss)</b>		<b>25.284.520</b>	<b>(7.014.284)</b>
Impairment losses and reversals of impairment losses determined in accordance with IFRS 9, net		(674.997)	(558.070)
Investment activity income	30	4.138.677	6.756.480
Investment activity expenses (-)	30	(9.492)	(68.518)
<b>Profit / (loss) before financing expense</b>		<b>28.738.708</b>	<b>(884.392)</b>
Finance income	31	3.873.152	17.467.289
Finance costs (-)	31	(31.355.825)	(45.658.149)
Monetary gain / (loss)	32	23.398.708	34.027.782
<b>Profit before tax</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>24.654.743</b>	<b>4.952.530</b>
<b>Tax (expense) / income</b>			
- Current period tax expense	33	(855.645)	(392.315)
- Deferred tax income / (expense)	11, 33	(15.342.953)	19.149.020
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<b>8.456.145</b>	<b>23.709.235</b>
Earnings per shares attributable to equity holders of the parent (in full Kuruş)	22	<b>2,4164</b>	<b>6,7741</b>
Earnings per diluted shares attributable to equity holders of the parent (in full Kuruş)	22	<b>2,4164</b>	<b>6,7741</b>

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**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand currency units and are expressed in terms of purchasing power of Turkish Lira as of 31 December 2024 unless otherwise stated.)

		Current Period	Prior Period
		Audited	Audited
		1 January -	1 January -
	Notes	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
<b>Profit for the period</b>		<b>8.456.145</b>	<b>23.709.235</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income / (loss) :</b>			
<b>Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>		<b>(2.640.175)</b>	<b>1.541.802</b>
Gain from revaluation of property, plant and equipments, net	19	(1.459.843)	4.821.243
Losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	21	(2.181.626)	(2.254.459)
Change in fair value of financial liability attributable to change in credit risk of liability		242.888	(257.492)
Tax effect of other comprehensive income items not to be reclassified to profit or loss			
-Tax effect of revaluation of property, plant and equipment		273.721	(1.384.081)
-Taxes relating to remeasurements of defined benefit plans		545.407	552.218
-Taxes relating to change in fair value of financial liability attributable to change in credit risk of liability		(60.722)	64.373
<b>Other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss</b>		<b>(1.634.598)</b>	<b>37.502</b>
Exchange differences on translation		(1.706.459)	65.219
(Losses) on cash flow hedges		(1.803.632)	(269.466)
(Losses) on hedges of net investments in foreign operations		(772.443)	(3.115.590)
Gains on change in value of time value of options		2.671.889	3.348.103
Tax effect on other comprehensive income items to be reclassified to profit or loss			
-Taxes relating to cash flow hedges		450.908	67.366
-Taxes relating to gains on hedges of net investments in foreign operations		193.111	778.897
-Taxes relating to change in value of time value of options of other comprehensive (loss)		(667.972)	(837.027)
<b>Other comprehensive income / (loss)</b>		<b>(4.274.773)</b>	<b>1.579.304</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		<b>4.181.372</b>	<b>25.288.539</b>

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**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand currency units and are expressed in terms of purchasing power of Turkish Lira as of 31 December 2024 unless otherwise stated.)

			Other accumulated comprehensive income / (loss) that will not be reclassified in profit or loss				Other accumulated comprehensive income / (loss) that will be reclassified in profit or loss					Retained earnings / (losses)		
				Gains / (losses) on revaluation and remeasurement			Gains / (losses) on hedge							
	Issued capital	Inflation adjustments on capital	Repurchased shares (-)	Increases on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	Losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Gains / (losses) due to change in fair value of financial liability attributable to change in credit risk of liability	Losses on hedges of net investment in foreign operations	Gains / (losses) on cash flow hedges	Change in value of time value of options	Exchange differences on translation	Restricted reserves appropriated from profits	Retained Earnings	Profit for the year	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2023	3.500.000	73.368.951	–	4.938.157	(2.097.237)	233.232	(5.715.284)	5.154.659	(13.749.572)	4.588.448	3.925.483	32.519.945	9.975.949	116.642.731
Transfers	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	270.261	9.705.688	(9.975.949)	–
Total comprehensive income	–	–	–	3.437.162	(1.702.241)	(193.119)	(2.336.693)	(202.100)	2.511.076	65.219	–	–	23.709.235	25.288.539
Profit for the period	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	23.709.235	23.709.235
Other comprehensive income	–	–	–	3.437.162	(1.702.241)	(193.119)	(2.336.693)	(202.100)	2.511.076	65.219	–	–	–	1.579.304
Increase / (decrease) due to share repurchased transactions	–	–	(21.069)	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	21.069	(21.069)	–	(21.069)
Balance at 31 December 2023	3.500.000	73.368.951	(21.069)	8.375.319	(3.799.478)	40.113	(8.051.977)	4.952.559	(11.238.496)	4.653.667	4.216.813	42.204.564	23.709.235	141.910.201
Balance at 1 January 2024	3.500.000	73.368.951	(21.069)	8.375.319	(3.799.478)	40.113	(8.051.977)	4.952.559	(11.238.496)	4.653.667	4.216.813	42.204.564	23.709.235	141.910.201
Transfers	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	23.709.235	(23.709.235)	–
Total comprehensive income	–	–	–	(1.186.122)	(1.636.219)	182.166	(579.332)	(1.352.724)	2.003.917	(1.706.459)	--	--	8.456.145	4.181.372
Profit for the period	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	8.456.145	8.456.145
Other comprehensive income	–	–	–	(1.186.122)	(1.636.219)	182.166	(579.332)	(1.352.724)	2.003.917	(1.706.459)	–	–	–	(4.274.773)
Increase / (decrease) due to other changes (*)	–	–	–	–	–	(222.279)	–	(3.121.116)	9.017.167	–	–	(5.673.772)	–	–
Balance at 31 December 2024	3.500.000	73.368.951	(21.069)	7.189.197	(5.435.697)	–	(8.631.309)	478.719	(217.412)	2.947.208	4.216.813	60.240.027	8.456.145	146.091.573

(\*) Differences between the transactions reflected in the profit or loss statement based on nominal amounts and the amounts carried in the funds and valued on the basis of purchasing power are transferred to previous years' profits or losses at the end of maturity.

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**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand currency units and are expressed in terms of purchasing power of Turkish Lira as of 31 December 2024 unless otherwise stated.)

		Current Period	Prior Period
		Audited	Audited
	Notes	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
<b>Net profit for the period:</b>		8.456.145	23.709.235
<b>Adjustments to reconcile profit:</b>			
Adjustments for depreciation and amortisation expense	28	36.020.114	51.221.356
Adjustments for impairment loss / (reversal of impairment loss)			
- Adjustments for impairment loss of receivables		749.696	592.159
- Adjustments for impairment loss of inventories		445	(2.644)
- Adjustments for impairment loss of property, plant and equipment	28	384.150	15.759
- Other adjustments for impairment loss (reversal of impairment loss)		(33.212)	(34.091)
Adjustments for provisions			
- Adjustments for (reversal of) provisions related with employee benefits	21	5.304.545	4.532.975
- Adjustments for (reversal of) lawsuit and/or penalty provisions	21	123.650	393.071
Adjustments for interest expenses and income			
- Adjustments for interest income	29,31	(3.592.363)	(3.445.921)
- Adjustments for interest expense	31	11.050.389	9.827.596
- Deferred financial expenses from credit purchases		31.496	482.419
Adjustments for unrealised foreign exchange losses		18.384.806	25.797.325
Adjustments for fair value losses / (gains)			
- Adjustments for fair value gains on derivative financial instruments		599.345	979.461
- Adjustments for fair value gains of issued financial instruments	31	373.374	391.629
- Adjustments for fair value losses of financial assets	30	(3.611.838)	(5.841.643)
Adjustments for tax income / (expense)	33	16.198.598	(18.756.705)
Adjustments for losses on disposal of tangible assets			
- Adjustments for gains arises from sale of tangible assets	30	(477.881)	(716.513)
Adjustments for losses arising from the disposal of subsidiaries and financial investments or changes in their shares	30	(39.466)	(129.806)
Other adjustments for which cash effects are investing or financing cash flow		1.217.477	604.134
Monetary loss		(25.548.701)	(34.693.968)
Other adjustments for non-cash items		(3.318.546)	(1.155.862)
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>		<b>62.272.223</b>	<b>53.769.966</b>
<b>Changes in working capital:</b>			
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in trade receivables			
- (Increase) / decrease in trade receivables from related parties		207.301	(691.992)
- Decrease in trade receivables from unrelated parties		(4.251.092)	(4.299.895)
Adjustments for decrease / (increase) in inventories		(836.239)	107.914
Decrease in receivables and payables from financial sector activities, net		(34.311)	—
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in trade payable			
- (Decrease) / increase in trade payables to related parties		(110.819)	332.828
- Increase / (decrease) in trade payables to unrelated parties		31.978	(2.496.113)
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in other receivables related with operations			
- (Increase) / decrease in other unrelated party receivables related with operations		428.264	(1.076.142)
Adjustments for (decrease) / increase in other operating payables related with operations			
- (Decrease) / increase in other payables related with operations to unrelated parties		(712.507)	222.011
<b>Cash flow from operations:</b>			
Interest received		713.187	447.132
Payments related with provisions for employee benefits	21	(2.665.953)	(3.219.444)
Payments related with other provisions	21	(197.028)	(153.635)
Income taxes paid		(367.626)	(529.463)
Other outflows of cash		(62.637)	(292.470)
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>		<b>54.414.741</b>	<b>42.120.697</b>

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(Convenience translation of a report and financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand currency units and are expressed in terms of purchasing power of Turkish Lira as of 31 December 2024 unless otherwise stated.)

		Current Period	Prior Period
		Audited	Audited
		1 January -	1 January -
	Notes	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
<b>Cash flows used in investing activities:</b>			
Cash outflows resulting from payment receipt or capital increase of subsidiaries and partnership		(109.637)	(180.905)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant, equipment and intangible assets			
- Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	19,20	637.689	908.710
Purchases of property, plant, equipment and intangible assets			
- Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(22.439.833)	(18.009.382)
- Purchase of intangible assets		(17.837.633)	(19.101.424)
Cash outflows arising from acquisition of shares or debt instruments of other businesses or funds		(11.658.634)	(17.390.300)
Cash inflows arising from acquisition of shares or debt instruments of other businesses or funds		12.142.100	17.642.013
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>		<b>(39.265.948)</b>	<b>(36.131.288)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>			
Proceed from borrowings			
- Proceeds from loans	24	31.534.742	47.609.817
- Cash inflows from issued debt instruments	24	19.170.272	6.421.709
Repayments of borrowings			
- Loan repayments	24	(28.616.758)	(42.846.983)
- Payment of issued of debt instruments	24	(31.478.003)	(5.118.484)
Payments of lease liabilities, net	24	(4.557.584)	(3.337.241)
Cash inflows / (outflows) from derivative instruments, net	24	(3.792.554)	12.534.989
Interest paid		(7.604.248)	(6.936.544)
Interest received	31	2.879.176	2.998.789
Cash outflows from the business' own acquisition of shares		-	(21.069)
Other cash (outflows) / inflows		1.374.164	(1.579.587)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>		<b>(21.090.793)</b>	<b>9.725.396</b>
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BEFORE CURRENCY TRANSLATION DIFFERENCES		(5.942.000)	15.714.805
IMPACT OF MONETARY GAIN/LOSS ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(4.211.171)	(9.418.810)
IMPACT OF FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION DIFFERENCES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1.116.549	720.937
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD		15.229.800	8.212.868
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>6.193.178</b>	<b>15.229.800</b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED**  
**31 DECEMBER 2024**

*(All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand currency units and are expressed in terms of purchasing power of Turkish Lira as of 31 December 2024 unless otherwise stated.)*

**1. REPORTING ENTITY**

Türk Telekomünikasyon Anonim Şirketi (“Türk Telekom” or “the Company”) is a joint stock company incorporated in Turkey. The Company has its history in the Posthane-i Amirane (Department of Post Office) which was originally established as a Ministry on 23 October 1840. On 4 February 1924, under the Telephone and Telegraph, the authorization to install and operate telephone networks throughout Turkey was given to the General Directorate of Post, Telegraph and Telephone (“PTT”). The Company was founded on 24 April 1995 as a result of the split of the telecommunication and postal services formerly carried out by the PTT. All of the personnel, assets and obligations of the PTT pertaining to telecommunication services were transferred to the Company, the shares of which were fully owned by the Republic of Turkey Ministry of Treasury and Finance (“the Treasury”).

On 24 August 2005, Oger Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (“OTAŞ”), entered into a Share Sale Agreement with the Turkey’s Privatization Authority for the purchase of a 55% stake in the Company. A Shareholders Agreement and a Share Pledge Agreement for the block sale of the Company were signed on 14 November 2005 and then after, OTAŞ became the parent company of the Company.

Out of TL 3.500.000 nominal amount of capital, 15% of the Company’s shares owned by the Treasury corresponding to a nominal amount of TL 525.000 have been issued to the public through an initial public offering with the permission of Directorate of Istanbul Stock Exchange on 15 May 2008. Since then Company shares are traded in Borsa İstanbul with the name of TTKOM.

As per the regulatory disclosure made by Türk Telekom on 15 August 2018, within the scope of the process, which is carried out in relation to takeover of OTAŞ’s 55% shares in our Company, Türk Telekom, by a special purpose vehicle (“SPV”), which the creditor banks of OTAŞ will be shareholders, a notification was made to our company by some of the creditor banks.

The SPV mentioned in the said statements, LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (“LYY”) has informed the Company that in accordance with Article 198 of the Turkish Commercial Code, all of the Group A shares, which constitute 55% of the Company's capital, have been transferred to LYY as of 21 December 2018. Based on this notification, LYY has been registered as a shareholder in the Company’s share book pursuant to Article 499 of the Turkish Commercial Code.

In the material event statement dated 10 March 2022 made by the company, LYY Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (LYY), 55% owned by Türk Telekomünikasyon A.Ş. (Türk Telekom) share to the Turkey Wealth Fund (TWF), a share transfer agreement was signed between the parties, after the necessary approvals were obtained and the closing conditions were fulfilled, in the material event statement dated 31 March 2022, the transfer of the shares was completed, after the transfer, on 31 March 2022. It has been reported that the Turkish Wealth Fund (TWF) is the largest shareholder of Türk Telekom with 61,68% shareholding as of date.

Following the signing of the share transfer agreement stated in the aforementioned explanations, the Company was informed that as of 31 December 2023, all of the A Group shares, which constitute 55% of the Company's capital, were transferred to TWF in accordance with Article 198 of the Turkish Commercial Code. Based on this notification, TWF was registered as a new shareholder in the Company’s share book in accordance with Article 499 of the Turkish Commercial Code.

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**1. REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)**

As at 31 December 2024, the parent company and controlling party of the Company is Turkish Wealth Fund.

A concession agreement (“the Concession Agreement”) was signed by the Company and Turkish Telecommunication Authority (now named the Information and Communication Technologies Authority (“ICTA”) as at 14 November 2005. The Concession Agreement covers the provision of all kinds of telecommunication services, establishment of necessary telecommunications facilities and the use of such facilities by other licensed operators and the marketing and supply of telecommunication services for 25 years starting from 28 February 2001. The Concession Agreement will terminate on 28 February 2026 and in the conditions where the Concession Agreement is expired or not renewed, the Company shall transfer all equipment that affects the operation of its systems in full working order and the real estates in its use where these equipment are deployed to the ICTA or to an institution designated by the ICTA.

The Concession Agreement will expire at the end of its time period. However, the Company may apply to the ICTA and request for extension thereof no later than 1 year prior to the expiry of the duration of the Concession Agreement. The ICTA may decide to renew the Concession Agreement at the latest before 180 days of the date of expiration taking into account new conditions and within the scope of the legislation and the regulations of the ICTA. On 3 January 2023, the Company applied to the ICTA for the extension of the concession agreement for the execution of telecommunication services.

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**1. REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)**

The details of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 are as follows:

Name of Subsidiary	Place of incorporation and operation	Principal activity	Functional Currency	Effective ownership of the Company (%)	
				31 December 2024	31 December 2023
TTNet Anonim Şirketi ("TTNet")	Turkey	Internet service provider	Turkish Lira	100	100
TT Mobil İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş. ("TT Mobil")	Turkey	GSM operator	Turkish Lira	100	100
Argela Yazılım ve Bilişim Teknolojileri Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi ("Argela")	Turkey	Telecommunication solutions	Turkish Lira	100	100
Innova Bilişim Çözümleri Anonim Şirketi ("Innova")	Turkey	Telecommunication solutions	Turkish Lira	100	100
Assist Rehberlik ve Müşteri Hizmetleri Anonim Şirketi ("AssisTT")	Turkey	Call center and customer relations	Turkish Lira	100	100
Sebit Eğitim ve Bilgi Teknolojileri A.Ş. ("Sebit")	Turkey	Web Based Learning	Turkish Lira	100	100
NETSIA Inc.	USA	Telecommunications solutions	U.S. Dollar	100	100
Sebit LLC.	USA	Web based learning	U.S. Dollar	100	100
TT International Holding B.V. ("TT International") (*)	Netherlands	Holding company	Euro	100	100
Türk Telekom International AT GmbH (*)	Austria	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
Türk Telekom International Hu Kft (TTINT Hungary) (*)	Hungary	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
S.C. Euroweb Romania S.A. ("TTINT Romania") (*)	Romania	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
Türk Telekom International Bulgaria EOOD ("TTINT Bulgaria") (*)	Bulgaria	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
Türk Telekom International CZ s.r.o. ("TTINT Czech Republic") (*)	Czech Republic	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
Türk Telekom International SRB d.o.o. ("TTINT Serbia") (*)	Serbia	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
TTINT Telekomunikacije d.o.o. ("TTINT Slovenia") (*)	Slovenia	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
Türk Telekom International SK s.r.o. ("TTINT Slovakia") (*)	Slovakia	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
TT International Telekomünikasyon Sanayi ve Ticaret Limited Şirketi ("TTINT Turkey") (*)	Turkey	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
Türk Telekom International UA LLC ("TTINT Ukraine") (*)	Ukraine	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
Türk Telekom International Italy S.R.L. (TTINT Italy) (*)	Italy	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
TTINT International MK DOOEL ("TTINT Macedonia") (*)	Macedonia	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
Türk Telekom International RU LLC ("TTINT Russia") (*)	Russia	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
Türk Telekom International d.o.o. (*)	Croatia	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Euro	100	100
Türk Telekom International HK Limited (*)	Hong Kong	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	H.K. Dollar	100	100
Net Ekran TV ve Medya Hiz. A.Ş. ("Net Ekran")	Turkey	Television and radio broadcasting	Turkish Lira	100	100
TTES Elektrik Tedarik Satış A.Ş. ("TTES")	Turkey	Electrical energy trading	Turkish Lira	100	100
TT Ödeme ve Elektronik Para Hizmetleri A.Ş.	Turkey	Mobile finance	Turkish Lira	100	100
Net Ekran1 TV ve Medya Hiz. A.Ş. ("Net Ekran1")	Turkey	Television and radio broadcasting	Turkish Lira	100	100
Net Ekran2 TV ve Medya Hiz. A.Ş. ("Net Ekran2")	Turkey	Television and radio broadcasting	Turkish Lira	100	100
Net Ekran3 TV ve Medya Hiz. A.Ş. ("Net Ekran3")	Turkey	Television and radio broadcasting	Turkish Lira	100	100
Net Ekran4 TV ve Medya Hiz. A.Ş. ("Net Ekran4")	Turkey	Television and radio broadcasting	Turkish Lira	100	100
Net Ekran6 TV ve Medya Hiz. A.Ş. ("Net Ekran6")	Turkey	Television and radio broadcasting	Turkish Lira	100	100
Net Ekran10 TV ve Medya Hiz. A.Ş. ("Net Ekran10")	Turkey	Television and radio broadcasting	Turkish Lira	100	100
Net Ekran11 TV ve Medya Hiz. A.Ş. ("Net Ekran11")	Turkey	Television and radio broadcasting	Turkish Lira	100	100
TT Satış ve Dağıtım Hizmetleri Anonim Şirketi	Turkey	Selling and distribution services	Turkish Lira	100	100
TT Ventures Proje Geliştirme A.Ş.	Turkey	Corporate venture capital	Turkish Lira	100	100
TT Destek Hizmetleri A.Ş.	Turkey	Provider of combined facilities support activities	Turkish Lira	100	100
APPYAP Teknoloji ve Bilişim A.Ş.	Turkey	Web portal and computer programming activities	Turkish Lira	100	100
TTG Finansal Teknolojiler A.Ş.	Turkey	Financial advisory services	Turkish Lira	100	100
TTG Ventures Marketing Inc.	USA	Retail and wholesale trade of software programs	U.S. Dollar	100	100
Assist Holland B.V.	Netherlands	Call center activities	Euro	100	100
TT Finansman A.Ş.	Turkey	Consumer finance company activities	Turkish Lira	100	100

(\*) Hereinafter, will be referred as TTINT Group.

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**1. REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)**

The details of the Company's joint operation as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 are as follows:

Name of Joint Operation	Place of incorporation and operation	Principal activity	Functional Currency	Effective ownership of the Company (%)	
				31 December 2024	31 December 2023
TT Mobil-Vodafone Evrensel İş Ortaklığı	Turkey	Internet/data services, infrastructure and wholesale voice services provider	Turkish Lira	51	51

Name of Affiliate	Place of incorporation and operation	Principal activity	Functional Currency	Effective ownership of the Company (%)	
				31 December 2024	31 December 2023
TT Ventures Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Fonu	Turkey	Telecommunications infrastructure and bandwidth provider	Turkish Lira	100	100

The Group indirectly holds investment in its affiliates , which has a significant influence, through its contribution payments to the established Venture Capital Investment Fund. The Group has chosen to measure this investment at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with TFRS 9.

Hereinafter, Türk Telekom and its subsidiaries and joint operations together will be referred to as “the Group”.

The Group's principal activities include the provision of local, national, international and mobile telecommunication services, internet products and services, as well as call center and customer relationship management, technology and information management.

The Company's registered office address is Turgut Özal Bulvarı, 06103 Aydınlıkevler, Ankara.

The number of personnel subject to collective agreement as at 31 December 2024 is 8.689 (31 December 2023: 8.886) and the number of personnel not subject to collective agreement as at 31 December 2024 is 27.918 (31 December 2023: 28.379). The total number of personnel as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 are 36.607 and 37.265, respectively.

**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**2.1 Basis of presentation of the consolidated financial statements**

**a) Statement of compliance with TAS**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (“TFRS”) published by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (“POA”) as set out in the Communiqué numbered II-14.1 “Communiqué on Principles of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets” published in the Official Gazette numbered 28676 on 13 June 2013. TFRSs consist of standards and interpretations which are published as Turkish Accounting Standards (“TAS”), Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, interpretations of TAS and interpretations of TFRS.

The consolidated financial statements are also presented in accordance with the formats determined in the "Announcement on TMS Taxonomy" published by the POA on 3 July 2024 and in the Financial Statements and User Guide published by the CMB.

*Approval of the financial statements:*

The consolidated financial statements are approved by the Company's Board of Directors on 10 March 2025.



**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**  
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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.1 Basis of presentation of the consolidated financial statements (continued)**

**b) Correction of financial statements during the hyperinflationary periods**

In accordance with the decision of the CMB dated 28 December 2023 and numbered 81/1820, it has been decided that issuers and capital market institutions subject to financial reporting regulations that apply Turkish Accounting/Financial Reporting Standards will apply inflation accounting by applying the provisions of TAS 29 “Financial Reporting Standard in Hyperinflationary Economies” starting from their annual financial reports for the accounting periods ending as of 31 December 2024. In addition, with the statement made by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (KGK) on 23 November 2023, businesses applying TFRS have started to apply inflation accounting in accordance with TAS 29 Financial Reporting Standard in Hyperinflationary Economies starting from their financial statements for the annual reporting period ending on or after 31 December 2024. TAS 29 is applied to the financial statements, including the consolidated financial statements, of businesses whose functional currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy.

Prior period financial statements are also presented in the current measurement unit at the end of the reporting period for comparative purposes. The Group has therefore presented its consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2023, on the purchasing power basis as of 31 December 2024.

The adjustments made in accordance with IAS 29 were made using the adjustment coefficient obtained from the Consumer Price Index (CPI) of Turkey published by the Turkish Statistical Institute (TURKSAT). As of 31 December 2024, the indices and adjustment coefficients used in the adjustment of the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

The table below shows the evolution of CPI in the last three years and as of 31 December 2024:

Year End	Index	Index (%)	Conversion Factor
2004	113,86	13,86	23,57764
2005	122,65	7,72	21,88789
2006	134,49	9,65	19,96096
2007	145,77	8,39	18,41634
2008	160,44	10,06	16,73242
2009	170,91	6,53	15,70739
2010	181,85	6,40	14,76244
2011	200,85	10,45	13,36594
2012	213,23	6,16	12,58993
2013	229,01	7,40	11,72241
2014	247,72	8,17	10,83703
2015	269,54	8,81	9,95975
2016	292,54	8,53	9,17669
2017	327,41	11,92	8,19935
2018	393,88	20,30	6,81565
2019	440,50	11,84	6,09432
2020	504,81	14,60	5,31794
2021	686,95	36,08	3,90793
2022	1128,45	64,27	2,37897
2023	1859,38	64,77	1,44379
2024	2684,55	44,38	1,00000

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.1 Basis of presentation of the consolidated financial statements (continued)**

**b) Correction of financial statements during the hyperinflationary periods (continued)**

Assets and liabilities were separated into those that were monetary and non-monetary, with non-monetary items were further divided into those measured on either a current or historical basis to perform the required restatement of financial statements under TAS 29. Monetary items (other than index -linked monetary items) and non-monetary items carried at amounts current at the end of the reporting period were not restated because they are already expressed in terms of measuring unit as of 31 December 2024. Nonmonetary items which are not expressed in terms of measuring unit as of 31 December 2024 were restated by applying the conversion factors. The restated amount of a non monetary item was reduced, in accordance with appropriate TFRSs, in cases where it exceeds its recoverable amount or net realizable value. Components of shareholders' equity in the statement of financial position and all items in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income have also been restated by applying the conversion factors.

The application of TAS 29 results in an adjustment for the loss of purchasing power of the Turkish lira presented in Net Monetary Position Gains (Losses) item in the profit or loss section of the statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income. In a period of inflation, an entity holding an excess of monetary assets over monetary liabilities loses purchasing power and an entity with an excess of monetary liabilities over monetary assets gains purchasing power to the extent the assets and liabilities are not linked to a price level. This gain or loss on the net monetary position is derived as the difference resulting from the restatement of non monetary items, owners' equity and items in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the adjustment of index linked assets and liabilities.

All items included in the statement of comprehensive income, except those that affect the statement of comprehensive income of non-monetary items in the Statement of Financial Position, are indexed with coefficients calculated over the periods when the income and expense accounts are first reflected in the financial statements.

In addition, in the first reporting period in which TAS 29 is applied, the requirements of the Standard are applied as if the economy had always been hyperinflationary. Therefore, the statement of financial position at the beginning of the earliest comparative period, i.e as of 1 January 2022, was restated as the base of all subsequent reporting. Restated retained earnings/losses in the statement of financial position as of 1 January 2022 was derived as balancing figure in the restated statement of financial position. The financial statements of subsidiaries whose functional currencies are not in the hyperinflationary economy are subject to IAS 21. In this context, TAS 29 has been applied only to subsidiaries resident in Turkey, and other subsidiaries and affiliates have been evaluated and accounted within the scope of TAS 21.



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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.1 Basis of presentation of the consolidated financial statements (continued)**

**c) Basis of measurement**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the property, plant and equipment other than lands and investment property acquisitions prior to 1 January 2000 for which the deemed cost method was applied in accordance with TAS 29 “Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies”, lands, derivative financial instruments, issued debt instruments which have been measured at fair value through profit or loss. Investment properties and tangible assets other than lands which are recognized with deemed cost method are valued with fair values as of 1 January 2000, lands accounted as property, plant and equipment, derivative financial instruments and issued debt instruments which have been measured at fair value through profit or loss, are valued with fair values as of balance sheet date. The methods used in fair value measurement are also specified in note 20 and note 33.

**d) Functional and presentation currency**

Excluding the subsidiaries incorporated outside of Turkey, functional currency of all entities’ included in consolidation is Turkish Lira (“TL”) and they maintain their books of account in TL in accordance with Turkish Commercial Code, Tax Legislation and the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance. Functional currencies of the subsidiaries and Company’s joint operation are presented in Note 1. The consolidated financial statements are based on the statutory records, with adjustments and reclassifications for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards published by the POA and are presented in TL. The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of the parent company Türk Telekom; its subsidiaries and joint operation. The financial statements of the entities included in the consolidation have been prepared as at the date of the consolidated financial statements.

**2.2 Basis of consolidation**

The attached consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Türk Telekom's subsidiaries and joint operations. The financial statements included in the consolidation were prepared on the same date as the consolidated financial statements

**a) Subsidiaries**

As at 31 December 2024, the consolidated financial statements include the financial results of Türk Telekom and its subsidiaries that the Group has control over its financial and operational policies which are listed at Note 1.

Control is normally evidenced when the Company controls an investee if and only if the Company has all the following; a) power over the investee b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement in the investee and c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of company’s returns. The results of subsidiaries acquired are included in the consolidated statements of income from the effective date of acquisition as appropriate.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by the Group. The consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for similar transactions and events and are prepared with the same chart of accounts of the Company.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.2 Basis of consolidation (continued)**

**b) Business combinations**

From 1 January 2010 the Group has applied revised TFRS 3 “Business Combinations” standard. The change in accounting policy has been applied prospectively and had no effect on business combinations completed during prior periods.

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method as at the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquirer.

The consideration transferred is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, the liabilities incurred by the Group to former owners of the entity and the equity interests issued by the Group. When the agreement with the seller includes a clause that the consideration transferred could be adjusted for future events, the acquisition-date fair value of this contingent consideration is included in the cost of the acquisition. All transaction costs incurred by the Group have been recognized in general administrative expenses.

For each business combination, the Group elects whether it measures the non-controlling interest in the acquirer either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquirer’s identifiable net assets.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquirer.

Acquisition method requires allocation of the acquisition cost to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their fair values on the date of acquisition.

Acquired assets and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed according to TFRS 3 are recognized at fair values on the date of the acquisition. Acquired company is consolidated starting from the date of acquisition.

If the fair values of the acquired identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities or cost of the acquisition are based on provisional assessment as at the balance sheet date, the Group made provisional accounting.

**c) Transactions eliminated on consolidation**

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealized gains arising from transactions with associates are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group’s interest in the investee. Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealized gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.2 Basis of consolidation (continued)**

**d) Foreign currency**

**i) Foreign currency transactions**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currencies of the Group entities at the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at reporting date are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate ruling at the date. Foreign currency differences arising on translation of foreign currency transactions are recognized in the income statement, except for differences arising on qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent the hedge is effective, which are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items in a foreign currency that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

**ii) Foreign operations**

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to reporting currency at exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to reporting currency at average exchange rates in the related periods.

Foreign currency differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented in the foreign currency translation reserve in equity.

The Group entities use USD, EUR or TL, as functional currency since these currencies are used to a significant extent in, or have a significant impact on, the operations of the related Group entities and reflect the economic substances of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to these entities. All currencies other than the functional currency selected for measuring items in the financial statements are treated as foreign currencies.

Accordingly, transactions and balances not already measured in the functional currency have been remeasured to the related functional currencies. The Group uses TL as the reporting currency.

The foreign currency exchange rates as of the related periods are as follows:

	Average		Period end buying		Period end selling	
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
EUR / TL	35,4777	25,6852	36,7362	32,5739	36,8091	32,6326
USD / TL	32,7826	23,7482	35,2803	29,4382	35,2868	29,4913

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.2 Basis of consolidation (continued)**

**d) Foreign currency (continued)**

*iii) Hedge of net investment in a foreign operation*

The Company acquires foreign currency bank loans in order to hedge its net investment in a foreign operation. Foreign exchange gain and/or loss resulting from the subsidiary's net investment portion of this loan is reclassified to other comprehensive income. Foreign exchange gain and/or loss resulting from the subsidiary's net investment portion of this loan reclassified to other comprehensive income will be transferred to profit and loss in case of disposal. Tax effects of foreign exchange gain and/or loss resulting from the subsidiary's net investment portion of this loan is recognized under other comprehensive income as well.

**2.3 Significant accounting policies**

**a) Financial instruments**

*i. Recognition and initial measurement*

Trade receivables are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

*ii. Classification and subsequent measurement*

Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost, FVOCI – equity investment, or FVTPL.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model. A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income.

This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. The Group holds 6,84% of shares of Cetel as equity investment and has elected to present changes in fair value of Cetel in other comprehensive income. Cost of Cetel is used as a measure for its fair value since management has insufficient more recent information to measure fair value.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**a) Financial instruments (continued)**

*ii. Classification and subsequent measurement (continued)*

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets (Note 15) and equity investments measured at FVTPL.

On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets: Business model assessment

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated – e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales.

Financial assets that are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**a) Financial instruments (continued)**

*ii. Classification and subsequent measurement (continued)*

Financial assets: Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

‘Principal’ is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. ‘Interest’ is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

Financial assets: Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest (continued)

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Group considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Group’s claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features).

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract. Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a significant discount or premium to its contractual par amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

Trade receivables and other receivables meet solely payments of principal and interest test since principal is the present value of the expected cash flows. Those receivables are managed in line with the held to collect business model.



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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**a) Financial instruments (continued)**

*ii. Classification and subsequent measurement (continued)*

Financial assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

<b>Financial assets at FVTPL</b>	Financial assets at FVTPL are comprised of derivatives. These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest, are recognized in profit or loss.
<b>Financial assets at amortized cost</b>	Financial assets at amortized cost are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other receivables and other assets. These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is recognized in profit or loss.
<b>Equity investments at FVOCI</b>	Equity investments at FVOCI include the Group's 6,84% of share of Cetel. These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash held in cash, deposits held in banks and other liquid investments with maturities of 3 months or less. Cash and cash equivalents used in the reporting of cash flows comprise cash and cash equivalents with a maturity of less than 3 months, excluding accrued interest income and blocked deposits. The Group calculates impairment by using the expected credit loss model in cases where cash and cash equivalents are not impaired for a certain reason. The expected credit loss calculation considers the past experiences of credit losses as well as the Group's forecasts for the future.

Financial liabilities: Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. The Group does not have any financial liabilities at FVTPL except for derivatives and issued debt instruments.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

***Non-derivative financial liabilities***

The Group initially recognized debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities on the date that they were originated. All other financial liabilities were recognized initially on the trade date, which was the date that the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Group classified non-derivative financial liabilities into the other financial liabilities category except for issued debt instruments. Such financial liabilities were recognized initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities were measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**a) Financial instruments (continued)**

*ii. Classification and subsequent measurement (continued)*

***Non-derivative financial liabilities (continued)***

Other financial liabilities were comprised of loans, trade and other payables, payables to related parties and other payables.

The amount of change in the fair value of the issued debt instruments at FVTPL that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognized in other comprehensive income and the remaining amount of change in the fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

Trade payables were payables to third parties in relation to their capacity as suppliers. Payables stemming from transactions with parties that were not suppliers or customers which were not classified as trade payables and were not a result of financing operations were recognized as other payables.

When a financial instrument gave rise to a contractual obligation on the part of the Group to deliver cash or another financial asset or to exchange another financial instrument under conditions that were potentially unfavourable, it was classified as a financial liability. The instrument was equity instrument if, the following were met:

a) The instrument included no contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity; or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that were potentially unfavourable to the Group.

b) If the instrument would or might be settled in the Group's own equity instruments, it was a non-derivative that included no contractual obligation for the Group to deliver a variable number of its own equity instruments; or a derivative that would be settled only by the Group exchanging a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

**Borrowing Costs**

If financing costs arising from the loans are associated with acquisition or construction of qualifying assets, they are included in cost value of qualifying assets. Qualifying assets refer to assets which require a long time to be available for use or sales as intended. Other borrowing costs are accounted in statement of profit or loss in the period they occur.

*iii. Derecognition*

**Financial assets**

The Group derecognized a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expired, or it transferred the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset were transferred. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that was created or retained by the Group was recognized as a separate asset or liability.



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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**a) Financial instruments (continued)**

Financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expired. The Group also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

*iv. Offsetting*

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

*v. Impairment*

Financial instruments and contract assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances for ECLs on:

- financial assets measured at amortized cost;
- contract assets (as defined in TFRS 15).

Under TFRS 9, loss allowances are measured on either of the following bases:

- Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument; and
- 12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, except for the following, which are measured as 12-month ECL:

- bank balances for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables, other receivables, other assets and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**a) Financial instruments (continued)**

*v. Impairment (continued)*

Financial instruments and contract assets (continued)

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realizing security (if any is held); or
- the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

The Group considers bank balances to have low credit risk when its credit risk rating is equivalent to the globally understood definition of ‘investment grade’.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

12-month expected credit losses are that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date.

The maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls.

ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

For trade receivables, other receivables, other assets and contract assets the Group applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed in TFRS 9, which requires the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. The Group performed the calculation of ECL rates separately for individual, corporate, public and wholesale customers. The ECLs were calculated based on actual credit loss experience over the past years.

Exposures within each group were segmented based on common credit risk characteristics such as delinquency status.

Actual credit loss experience was adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data was collected, current conditions and the Group’s view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. Future collection performance of receivables are estimated by considering general economic conditions to incorporate forward looking information to the expected credit loss calculations.

Credit-impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is ‘credit-impaired’ when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**a) Financial instruments (continued)**

*v. Impairment (continued)*

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial re-organization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Presentation of impairment in the statement of financial position

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

Impairment losses related to trade and other receivables, including contract assets, are presented separately in the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses on other financial assets are presented under ‘general administrative expenses’, similar to the presentation under TAS 39, and not presented separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss due to materiality considerations.

Write-off

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group’s procedures for recovery of amounts due.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. Where trade receivables, other receivables, other assets and contract assets have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

*vi. Derivative financial instruments*

*Cash flow hedges*

The Group has adopted TFRS 9 Financial Instruments, replacing TAS 39 in accordance with the risk management strategy and objectives as of 1 July 2018. The high-level aim of the new hedge accounting model is that financial reporting will reflect more accurately how an entity manages its risk and the extent to which hedging mitigates those risks. Specifically, the new model aims to provide a better link between an entity’s risk management strategy, the rationale for hedging and the impact of hedging on the financial statements.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**a) Financial instruments (continued)**

*vi. Derivative financial instruments (continued)*

*Cash flow hedges (continued)*

The Group enters into participating cross currency swap transactions in order to hedge the changes in cash flows of floating and fixed rate financial instruments. While applying cash flow hedge accounting, the effective portion of the changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument is accounted for under “other comprehensive income/expense items to be reclassified to profit or loss” in equity, and the ineffective portion is recognized in profit or loss. The changes recognized in equity is removed and included in profit or loss in the same period when the hedged cash flows effect the profit or loss. In addition, time value of options included in participating cross currency swaps are accounted for cost of hedging and recognized under other comprehensive income. Cash flow hedge gains/(losses) and the effects of inflation accounting on the time value changes of options are transferred to retained earnings when the cash flow hedge is discontinued. Cash flow hedge losses and gains are reclassified to the income statement as the hedged item is realized.

Under IFRS 9, a hedging relationship is discontinued in its entirety when as a whole it ceases to meet the qualifying criteria after considering the rebalancing of the hedging relationship. Voluntary discontinuation when the qualifying criteria are met is prohibited. Hedge accounting is discontinued when the risk management objective for the hedging relationship has changed, the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, and there is no longer an economic relationship between the hedged item and hedging instrument or when the effect of credit risk starts dominating the value changes that result from the economic relationship.

When the Group discontinues hedge accounting for a cash flow hedge it shall account for the amount that has been accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve in accordance as follows;

-if the hedged future cash flows are still expected to occur, that amount shall remain in the cash flow hedge reserve until the future cash flows occur.

-if the hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur, that amount shall be immediately reclassified from the cash flow hedge reserve to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment. A hedged future cash flow that is no longer highly probable to occur may still be expected to occur. The amount recognized in OCI prior discontinuation will be reclassified from OCI to Profit and Loss, in accordance with the contractual cash flow of the hedged item.

The new hedge effectiveness testing model is prospective only and can be qualitative, depending on the complexity of the hedge. Effectiveness range 80%-125% in TAS 39 is replaced by an objectives-based test that focuses on the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, and the effect of credit risk on that economic relation.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**b) Property, plant and equipment**

**i) Recognition and measurement**

Property, plant and equipment (“PPE”) of the Group other than lands is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The Group elected to measure property, plant and equipment of the Company on a deemed cost basis in the first period of application of TAS 29 “Financial Reporting in Hyper Inflationary Economy” since detailed records of the acquisition date and costs of items of PPE were not available for the Company prior to 1 January 2000.

The deemed cost values for buildings as at 1 January 2000 were appraised by CMB licensed real-estate valuation companies. The network equipment and vehicles values were appraised by Detecon International GmbH (a subsidiary of Deutsche Telecom AG). Other than the PPE for which cost was determined on a deemed cost basis, the cost of PPE generally comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. PPE that are recognized at deemed cost basis or at cost are restated for the effects of inflation in accordance with TAS 29.

Lands accounted as property, plant and equipment are measured at revalued amount. Revalued amount for lands is the fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labor costs are located and capitalized borrowing costs. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalized as part of that equipment. When parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property and equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property and equipment are calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item and are recognized net within “income / (expense) from investing activities” in profit or loss.

**ii) Subsequent cost**

The cost of replacing part of an item of property and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property and equipment are recognized in consolidated statement of profit / (loss) as incurred.

**iii) Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated effective from purchase or replacement date to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values using the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Land is not depreciated.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**b) Property, plant and equipment (continued)**

**iii) Depreciation (continued)**

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

<u>Property plant and equipment</u>	<u>Useful life (years)</u>
Buildings	21-50 years
Outside plant	5-21 years
Transmission equipment	5-21 years
Switching equipment	5-8 years
Data networks	3-10 years
Vehicles	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	3-5 years
Set-top box and satellite receiver	4 years
Other property, plant and equipment	2-8 years

Useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

The useful lives of the Company's tangible assets are limited to the duration of the concession agreement, except for those that are outside the scope of the concession agreement. The Group has made changes to the remaining useful lives of the tangible and intangible assets within the scope of the concession as of 1 January 2024, after receiving confirmation from the relevant authority regarding their compliance with accounting standards, due to the concrete progress made in the negotiations with official institutions regarding the extension of the fixed line concession agreement. Accordingly, the remaining life of the Company's tangible and intangible assets is at most 25,2 years, excluding those outside the scope of the concession agreement.

Leased assets are depreciated by the same method used for property and equipment over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

**c) Intangible assets**

**i) Goodwill**

Goodwill that arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets.

The Group measures goodwill at the acquisition date as:

- The fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- The recognized amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree; plus
- If the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the pre-existing equity interest in the acquiree; less
- The net recognized amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The consideration transferred does not include amounts related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognized in profit or loss. Transactions costs, other than those associated with the issuance of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

**Subsequent measurement**

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.



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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**c) Intangible assets (continued)**

**ii) Other intangible assets**

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is charged to the consolidated income statement during the year when the expenditure is incurred.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or infinite. The Group does not have any intangible assets with infinite useful lives. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized on a straight line basis over the shorter of their useful economic lives or remaining concession period. Whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired it is assessed for impairment. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed each financial year end at least.

The Group has recognized the sum of the cost of the investments required for the telecommunication service that it is obliged to perform under the concession agreement and the comparable profit margin applied to construction services and infrastructure investments of the same quality as the amount of the investments as intangible assets in accordance with IFRS Interpretation 12 “Concession Service Agreements” (“IFRS Interpretation 12”) and recognized as “Concession Rights and Assets” in the consolidated financial statements.

Changes in the expected useful lives or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and treated as changes in estimates. The amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognized in the consolidated income statement. The amortization periods for intangible assets are between 3 and 25 years. The useful lives of the Company's tangible assets are limited to the duration of the concession agreement, except for those that are outside the scope of the concession agreement. The Group has made changes to the remaining useful lives of the tangible and intangible assets within the scope of the concession as of 1 January 2024, after receiving confirmation from the relevant authority regarding their compliance with accounting standards, due to the concrete progress made in the negotiations with official institutions regarding the extension of the fixed line concession agreement. Accordingly, the remaining life of the Company's tangible and intangible assets is at most 25,2 years, excluding those outside the scope of the concession agreement.

**iii) Research and development**

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure on an individual project is recognized as an intangible asset when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the asset and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during development.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**c) Intangible assets (continued)**

**iii) Research and development (continued)**

Impairment test is performed periodically in order to identify whether there is any impairment in the development stage. After initial recognition, development costs are recognized at cost less amortization and impairment. Amortization of the asset begins when development is complete and the asset is available for use. It is amortized over the period of expected future benefit. Periodic impairment tests are applied to the assets in order to foresee any probable impairment on the assets in the period that they are not ready for utilization yet.

**iv) TV contents**

Rights to feature contents such as films, TV shows etc. acquired under license agreements along with related obligations are recorded at the contract value when a license agreement is executed or the license period has begun. The amounts recognized are amortized on the licensing period or a per play basis over the licensing period. To the extent that it is determined that the content has no future programming usefulness and will no longer be exploited, the unamortized cost of the content is written off.

**d) Investment properties**

Investment properties, which are properties held to earn rent and/or for capital appreciation are measured initially at cost plus all direct transaction costs. The carrying amount includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met; and excludes the costs of day-to-day servicing of an investment property. The Group decided to measure investment property on a deemed cost basis in the first period of application of TAS 29, since detailed records of the acquisition date and costs of items of investment property were not available prior to 1 January 2000 and restated these deemed cost basis for the effects of inflation.

Investment properties are transferred from/to property, plant and equipment when their utilization purpose is changed. When investment properties are disposed, the difference between sales revenue and the carrying amount is charged to the consolidated income statement.

Market values of the investment properties at 1 January 2000 were determined by CMB licensed independent real-estate appraisers. Following initial recognition, investment properties are carried at costs less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged to investment properties excluding land, over their estimated useful economic lives, using the straight-line method. The useful lives of buildings that are owned by the Group range between 15 - 50 years. The remaining useful life of the investment property is limited by the concession agreement, except for the exception of the concession agreement. When considering the Concession agreement the remaining useful lives of investment property is 25,2 years at the most.



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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**e) Assets held for sale**

The Group classifies a non-current asset as held for sale if its carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. For this to be the case, the asset (or the group of assets held for sale) must be available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such assets and its sale must be highly probable. For the sale to be highly probable management must be committed to a plan to sell the asset (or the group of assets held for sale) and an active program to set the buyers and complete the plan must have been initiated. Furthermore, the asset (or the group of assets held for sale) must be actively marketed for sale at a price that is reasonable in relation to its fair value. In addition, the sale should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification and actions required to complete the plan should indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn.

In case the period to complete sale of assets is extended due to circumstances which are not under the control of the Group, the assets will continue to be classified as assets held for sale provided that the Group has still an active sales program.

The Group measures assets held for sale at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. The Group does not depreciate a non-current asset when it is classified as held for sale and the gain or loss arising from the sale of the assets is classified at income / expense from investing activities accounts.

**f) Leases**

The Group has applied TFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under TAS 17 and TFRS Interpretation 4.

**g) Inventory**

Inventories are recognized at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs comprise purchase cost and, where applicable and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realizable value is the less marketing, selling and other various expenses to be incurred in order to realize sale.

**h) Impairment**

***Non-financial assets***

***Property, plant and equipment***

At each balance sheet date, the Group assesses whether there is an indication that any of its PPE and intangible assets may be impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**h) Impairment (continued)**

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated income statement.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in the consolidated income statement.

*Goodwill*

Goodwill is reviewed for impairment, annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Whenever the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated income statement. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities are assigned to these units or groups of units. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash generating units), to which the goodwill relates.

Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amounts of the net assets assigned to the cash-generating unit, an impairment loss is recognized. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

**i) Reserve for employee severance indemnity**

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are charged as an expense in the year in which the contributions relate to. Payments made to the Social Security Institution of Turkey and Turkish Republic Retirement Fund are dealt with as payments to defined contribution plans where the Group's obligations under the plans are equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution retirement benefit plan. The Group pays contributions to the Social Security Institution of Turkey on a mandatory basis.

The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognized as an employee benefit expense in the period to which the employees' service relates.

For defined benefit plans and other long-term employment benefits, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date. The Company recognizes the service cost of the previous period as expense at the earlier of the dates below:

- The date of the change or reduction in the plan, and
- The date of the recognition of the related restructuring costs (see: TAS 37) or the benefits deriving from the termination of the employment contract,

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**i) Reserve for employee severance indemnity (continued)**

The retirement benefit obligation recognized in consolidated statement of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for any unrecognized past service cost. There is no funding requirement for defined benefit plans. The Group recognizes actuarial gains and losses in the other comprehensive income.

**j) Provisions**

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are measured at the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

**k) Contingent assets and liabilities**

Possible assets or obligations that arise from past events and for which their existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not entirely within the control of the Group are treated as contingent assets or liabilities. A contingent liability is disclosed, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. If the possibility of transfer of assets is probable, contingent liability is recognized in the financial statements.

A contingent asset is disclosed in consolidated financial statements, when the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the entity is probable. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

**l) Related parties**

a) Parties are considered related to the Company if a person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity;

if that person:

- i. Has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
- ii. Has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
- iii. Is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.

b) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group.

- The entity and the company are members of the same group.
- One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
- Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
- One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**l) Related parties (continued)**

- The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
- The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
- A person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

**m) Revenue**

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group recognizes revenue when it transfers control over a product or service to a customer.

**i) Fixed line revenues**

Revenues from fixed-line telecommunication services like network access, local usage, domestic and international long distance and infrastructure leases are recognized on an accrual basis as services are provided.

Connection fees that are assessed as distinct are recognized as revenue. Connection fees for activities that are an improvement to or an extension of the Group's own network, rather than a transfer of goods or services to the customer are determined as not distinct and no separate revenue is recognized.

For distinct connection fees in a bundle, revenue recognized is measured based on their stand-alone selling prices. The stand-alone selling prices of connection fees are estimated based on expected cost plus a margin approach.

Distinct connection fees are immediately recognized as revenue when connection services are provided and the cost of connection is also recognized immediately as an expense.

Revenues from sale of indefeasible right of use contracts, which are long term capacity/line rental arrangements, are accounted over the term of the contract.

**ii) Mobile revenues**

Revenues generated from mobile telecommunication services such as outgoing and incoming traffic, roaming revenues, revenues from value added services and monthly fees which are recognized at the time services are rendered. With respect to prepaid outgoing revenues, the Group generally collects cash in advance by selling scratch cards to dealers and distributors. In such cases, the Group does not recognize revenues until the subscribers use the service and present such amounts under deferred revenues in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group recognizes content revenue based on the agreement between the Group and the content providers. As the Group is the primary obligor of the service, the revenue received from the subscribers is presented on gross basis and the portion paid to the content providers is recognized as operating expense.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**m) Revenue (continued)**

**iii) Equipment sale revenues**

Revenues from sales of phone device, modem and other network equipment are recorded as revenue when control over a product or service is transferred to a customer.

For bundled packages, the Group accounts for individual products and services separately if they are distinct – i.e. if a product or service is separately identifiable from other items in the bundled package and if a customer can benefit from it either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer. The consideration is allocated between distinct products and services in a bundle based on their stand-alone selling prices. The stand-alone selling prices are determined based on the list prices at which the Group sells those products and services separately. For items that are not sold separately the Group estimates stand-alone selling prices using the expected cost plus a margin approach. Equipment revenues are presented in other revenues. Cost of products and services are recognized as expense when related revenue is recognized.

**iv) TV revenues**

Revenues from TV subscriptions are charged to contract customers on a monthly basis. Revenues are invoiced and recorded as part of a periodic billing cycle, and are recognized as the services are provided. Pay-per-view revenue is recognized when the movie is rented. Advertising revenue is recognized as the commercials are aired.

**v) Subscriber acquisition costs**

Subscriber acquisition costs include commissions and premiums incurred for acquisition and retention of subscribers.

The Group capitalizes these commission and premiums as incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer and if they are expected to be recovered.

Subscriber acquisition costs are amortized consistently during the subscriber life cycle and subscriber retention costs are amortized consistently during the renewal period and amortization expense is recognized in marketing, sales and distribution expenses.

**vi) Significant financing component**

To estimate the transaction price in a contract, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the time value of money if that contract contains a significant financing component. Significant financing component exists if the timing of payments agreed to by the parties to the contract (either explicitly or implicitly) provides the customer or the Group with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer.

Indefeasible right of use (“IRU”) contracts of the Group are adjusted for significant financing component. For bundled contracts where the control of equipment is transferred to the customer upfront but collection is made in instalments, no significant financing component is recognized based on materiality considerations.

**n) Income from investing activities and expense from investing activities**

Income from investing activities are comprised of incomes from scrap and property, plant and equipment sales. Expense from investing activities are comprised of loss on sales of property, plant and equipment sales.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**o) Financial income and financial expenses**

The Group's finance income and finance costs include:

- interest income;
- interest expense;
- derivative transaction cost, bank charges and commissions and other transaction cost;
- coupon payments of bond;
- gains and losses on hedging instruments recognized in profit or loss;
- foreign currency gains or losses on financial assets and financial liabilities.

Interest income or expense is recognized using the effective interest method.

The 'effective interest rate' is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to:

- the gross carrying amount of the financial asset; or
- the amortized cost of the financial liability.

In calculating interest income and expense, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset (when the asset is not credit-impaired) or to the amortized cost of the liability. However, for financial assets that have become credit-impaired subsequent to initial recognition, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset. If the asset is no longer credit-impaired, then the calculation of interest income reverts to the gross basis.

Borrowing costs that cannot be matched with acquisition, construction or production of an asset are recognized in profit or loss by using effective interest rate.

Rediscount, interest and foreign exchange gains and losses arising from trading transactions are recognized in other operating income and expense.

Accounting for significant financing component is disclosed in detail in Note 2.4.(m).

**p) Earnings per share**

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the consolidated profit/(loss) for the period attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

**r) Taxes**

Income tax expense is comprised of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit / (loss) except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income.



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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**r) Taxes (continued)**

**i) Current tax**

Current tax is comprised of the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax also includes any tax arising from dividends. Prepaid corporation taxes and corporate tax liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiary to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in the consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

**ii) Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and are accounted for using the liability method.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax is not recognized for:

- Temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit and loss;

- Temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group's able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

The Company and the other consolidated subsidiaries have reflected their deferred tax asset and liabilities by netting their individual balances; however, there is no netting on a consolidation basis. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset realized.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits a deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**r) Taxes (continued)**

*iii) Tax exposures*

In determining the amount of current and deferred tax the Group takes into account the impact of uncertain tax positions and whether additional taxes and interest may be due. This assessment relies on estimates and assumptions and may involve a series of judgments about future events. New information may become available that causes the Group to change its judgment regarding the adequacy of existing tax liabilities; such changes to tax liabilities will impact tax expense in the period that such a determination is made.

The Group believes that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open tax years based on its assessment of many factors, including interpretations of tax law and prior experience.

**s) Segment reporting**

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segments' operating results are reviewed regularly by the Group's board of directors to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

**t) Determination of fair values**

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

*i) Trade and other receivables*

The fair value of trade and other receivables is estimated as the present value of future cash flows discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. Short-term receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount if the effect of discounting is immaterial. This fair value is determined at initial recognition and at the end of each reporting period for disclosure purposes.

*ii) Derivatives*

The fair value of interest rate swaps and forward exchange contracts are based on broker quotes. Those quotes are tested for reasonableness by discounting estimated future cash flows based on the terms and maturity of each contract and using market interest rates for a similar instrument at the measurement date. Fair values reflect the credit risk of the instrument and include adjustments to take account of the credit risk of the Group entity and counterparty when appropriate.

*iii) Issued debt instruments*

The fair values of issued debt instruments are measured by using quoted market price at the date of valuation.



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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**t) Determination of fair values (continued)**

***iv) Other non-derivative financial liabilities***

Other non-derivative financial liabilities are measured at fair value, at initial recognition and for disclosure purposes, at each annual reporting date. Fair value is calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the measurement date.

***v) Lands***

Lands accounted as property, plant and equipment are measured at revalued amount. Revalued amount for lands is the fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

***vi) Foreign currency protected TL Deposits***

Foreign currency protected TL Deposits are a financial asset with cash flows that include principal and interest, but they also feature a derivative product, as these cash flows may change depending on the change in exchange rates. Therefore, Currency Foreign currency protected TL Deposits are considered as hybrid contracts and accounted as financial assets whose fair value is recognized in profit or loss in line with the directions of TFRS 9 regarding hybrid contracts. Changes in the fair value of foreign currency protected TL Deposits are accounted in the “Income/Expense from Investing Activities” Item in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

The accounting policies adopted in preparation of the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2024 are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new and amended TFRS and TFRS interpretations effective as of 1 January 2024 and thereafter. The effects of these standards and interpretations on the Group’s financial position and performance have been disclosed in the related paragraphs.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**i) The new standards, amendments and interpretations which are effective as at 1 January 2024 are as follows:**

**Amendments to TAS 1- Classification of Liabilities as Current and Non-Current Liabilities**

In March 2020 and January 2023, POA issued amendments to TAS 1 to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. According to the amendments made in January 2023 if an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to the entity complying with the required covenants at a date subsequent to the reporting period ("future covenants"), the entity has a right to defer settlement of the liability even if it does not comply with those covenants at the end of the reporting period. In addition, January 2023 amendments require an entity to provide disclosure when a liability arising from a loan agreement is classified as non-current and the entity's right to defer settlement is contingent on compliance with future covenants within twelve months. This disclosure must include information about the covenants and the related liabilities. The amendments clarify that the requirement for the right to exist at the end of the reporting period applies to covenants which the entity is required to comply with on or before the reporting date regardless of whether the lender tests for compliance at that date or at a later date. The amendments also clarified that the classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. The amendments must be applied retrospectively in accordance with TAS 8.

The amendments did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

**Amendments to TFRS 16 - Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback**

In January 2023, POA issued amendments to TFRS 16. The amendments specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction, to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. In applying requirements of TFRS 16 under "Subsequent measurement of the lease liability" heading after the commencement date in a sale and leaseback transaction, the seller lessee determines 'lease payments' or 'revised lease payments' in such a way that the seller-lessee would not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained by the seller-lessee. The amendments do not prescribe specific measurement requirements for lease liabilities arising from a leaseback. The initial measurement of the lease liability arising from a leaseback may result in a seller-lessee determining 'lease payments' that are different from the general definition of lease payments in TFRS 16. The seller-lessee will need to develop and apply an accounting policy that results in information that is relevant and reliable in accordance with TAS 8. A seller-lessee applies the amendments retrospectively in accordance with TAS 8 to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of TFRS 16.

The amendments did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**i) The new standards, amendments and interpretations which are effective as at 1 January 2022 are as follows: (continued)**

**Amendments to TAS 7 and TFRS 7 - Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements**

The amendments issued by POA in September 2023 specify disclosure requirements to enhance the current requirements, which are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. Supplier finance arrangements are characterized by one or more finance providers offering to pay amounts an entity owes its suppliers and the entity agreeing to pay according to the terms and conditions of the arrangements at the same date as, or a date later than, suppliers are paid. The amendments require an entity to provide information about terms and conditions of those arrangements, quantitative information on liabilities related to those arrangements as at the beginning and end of the reporting period and the type and effect of non-cash changes in the carrying amounts of those liabilities. In the context of quantitative liquidity risk disclosures required by TFRS 7, supplier finance arrangements are also included as an example of other factors that might be relevant to disclose.

The amendments did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

**ii) Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted**

Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards that are issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements are as follows. The Group will make the necessary changes if not indicated otherwise, which will be affecting the consolidated financial statements and disclosures, when the new standards and interpretations become effective.

**Amendments to TFRS 10 and TAS 28: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture**

In December 2017, POA postponed the effective date of this amendment indefinitely pending the outcome of its research project on the equity method of accounting. Early application of the amendments is still permitted.

The Group will wait until the final amendment to assess the impacts of the changes.

**TFRS 17 - The new Standard for insurance contracts**

POA issued TFRS 17 in February 2019, a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. TFRS 17 model combines a current balance sheet measurement of insurance contract liabilities with the recognition of profit over the period that services are provided. The mandatory effective date of the Standard postponed to accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026 with the announcement made by the POA.

The standard is not applicable for the Group and will not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**The new standards, amendments and interpretations (continued)**

**ii) Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted (continued)**

**Amendments to TAS 21 - Lack of exchangeability**

In May 2024, POA issued amendments to TAS 21. The amendments specify how an entity should assess whether a currency is exchangeable and how it should determine a spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking. When an entity estimates a spot exchange rate because a currency is not exchangeable into another currency, it discloses information that enables users of its financial statements to understand how the currency not being exchangeable into the other currency affects, or is expected to affect, the entity's financial performance, financial position and cash flows. The amendments will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025. Early adoption is permitted but will need to be disclosed. When applying the amendments, an entity cannot restate comparative information.

The amendments did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

**iii) The amendments which are effective immediately upon issuance**

**Amendments to TAS 12 - International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules**

In September 2023, POA issued amendments to TAS 12, which introduce a mandatory exception in TAS 12 from recognizing and disclosing deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes. The amendments clarify that TAS 12 applies to income taxes arising from tax laws enacted or substantively enacted to implement the Pillar Two Model Rules published by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). The amendments also introduced targeted disclosure requirements for entities affected by the tax laws. The temporary exception from recognition and disclosure of information about deferred taxes and the requirement to disclose the application of the exception apply immediately and retrospectively upon issue of the amendments.

The amendments did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

**iv) The new amendments that are issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not issued by Public Oversight Authority (POA)**

The following two amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 and Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards as well as IFRS 18 and IFRS 19 are issued by IASB but not yet adapted/issued by POA. Therefore, they do not constitute part of TFRS. The Group will make the necessary changes to its consolidated financial statements after the amendments and new Standard are issued and become effective under TFRS.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**The new standards, amendments and interpretations (continued)**

**iv) The new amendments that are issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not issued by Public Oversight Authority (POA) (continued)**

**Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 – Classification and measurement of financial instruments**

In May 2024, IASB issued amendments to the classification and measurement of financial instruments (amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7). The amendment clarifies that a financial liability is derecognised on the ‘settlement date’. It also introduces an accounting policy option to derecognise financial liabilities that are settled through an electronic payment system before settlement date if certain conditions are met. The amendment also clarified how to assess the contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets that include environmental, social and governance (ESG)-linked features and other similar contingent features as well as the treatment of non-recourse assets and contractually linked instruments. Additional disclosures in IFRS 7 for financial assets and liabilities with contractual terms that reference a contingent event (including those that are ESG-linked), and equity instruments classified at fair value through other comprehensive income are added with the amendment.

The Group does not expect a significant impact on the financial statements.

**Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11**

In July 2024, the IASB issued Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11, amending the followings:

- IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards – Hedge Accounting by a First-time Adopter: These amendments are intended to address potential confusion arising from an inconsistency between the wording in IFRS 1 and the requirements for hedge accounting in IFRS 9.
- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Gain or Loss on Derecognition: The amendments update the language on unobservable inputs in the Standard and include a cross reference to IFRS 13.
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Lessee Derecognition of Lease Liabilities and Transaction Price: IFRS 9 has been amended to clarify that, when a lessee has determined that a lease liability has been extinguished in accordance with IFRS 9, the lessee is required to apply derecognition requirement of IFRS 9 and recognise any resulting gain or loss in profit or loss. IFRS 9 has been also amended to remove the reference to ‘transaction price’.
- IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements – Determination of a ‘De Facto Agent’: The amendments are intended to remove the inconsistencies between IFRS 10 paragraphs.
- IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows – Cost Method: The amendments remove the term of “cost method” following the prior deletion of the definition of ‘cost method’.

The standard is not applicable for the Group and will not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

The Group does not expect a significant impact on the financial statements.

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

**The new standards, amendments and interpretations (continued)**

**iv) The new amendments that are issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not issued by Public Oversight Authority (POA) (continued)**

**Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 - Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity**

In December 2024, the Board issued Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity (Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7). The amendment clarifies the application of the “own use” requirements and permits hedge accounting if these contracts are used as hedging instruments. The amendment also adds new disclosure requirements to enable investors to understand the effect of these contracts on a company’s financial performance and cash flows.

The Group does not expect a significant impact on the financial statements.

**IFRS 18 – The new Standard for Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements**

In April 2024, IASB issued IFRS 18 which replaces IAS 1. IFRS 18 introduces new requirements on presentation within the statement of profit or loss, including specified totals and subtotals. IFRS 18 requires an entity to classify all income and expenses within its statement of profit or loss into one of five categories: operating; investing; financing; income taxes; and discontinued operations. It also requires disclosure of management-defined performance measures and includes new requirements for aggregation and disaggregation of financial information based on the identified ‘roles’ of the primary financial statements and the notes. In addition, there are consequential amendments to other accounting standards, such as IAS 7, IAS 8 and IAS 34.

Its impact on the group financial statements is being evaluated.

**IFRS 19 – Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures**

In May 2024, IASB issued IFRS 19, which allows eligible entities to elect to apply reduced disclosure requirements while still applying the recognition, measurement and presentation requirements in other IFRS accounting standards. Unless otherwise specified, eligible entities that elect to apply IFRS 19 will not need to apply the disclosure requirements in other IFRS accounting standards. An entity that is a subsidiary, does not have public accountability and has a parent (either ultimate or intermediate) which prepares consolidated financial statements, available for public use, which comply with IFRS accounting standards may elect to apply IFRS 19.

It is not valid on the Group's financial statements.



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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.4 Significant accounting assessments, estimates and assumptions**

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, the management has made the following judgments that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements (excluding those involving estimations).

*i) Operating Lease Commitments – Group as Lessor:* The Company has entered into a cross-occupation agreement with PTT. The Group has determined that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of its properties subject to the agreement which are leased out on operating leases.

*ii) Income from Sales Campaign:* Group makes sales campaigns with suppliers under which they bundle telecommunication services with equipment supplied by the suppliers. The Group management accounts bundled offers as an agent if the sale transaction satisfies the below conditions:

- Group, has no inventory risk.
- Group has no responsibility on technical qualifications of equipment delivered to customers and responsibility after sale belongs to supplier.
- Group does not make any modification on the equipment.
- Group earns either a fixed rate of commission or zero profit on the transaction.

*iii) Prepaid Card Sales Agent - Principal Analysis:* Since TT Mobil is primarily responsible for providing the service, has credit and inventory risk and determinant in setting prices; starting from April 2010, TT Mobil recognizes prepaid card incomes on a gross basis.

*iv) Commission income:* The Group renders intermediary collection services regarding handsets sold by the distributors at the Group exclusive sale channels. Accordingly, the arrangement with the customer includes both handset principal amount and GSM services. Total considerations have been collected from the customers with up to 24 month instalments via GSM bills where each benefit is clearly identifiable and separable. The Group does not recognize any revenues from the sale of handsets and acts as an agent since it has no control over price, nor risk on stock. However, the collection risk of handset principal amount is on the Group and the distributors collect this amount from the Group on monthly basis. Apart from the GSM revenues, since customer base and sales channels are made available to the distributors, the Group charges a commission to those distributors. This commission income is classified under other revenues and it is recognized when the handset is delivered to the customer.

*v) Content Sales:* Since TT Mobil is primarily responsible for providing the service, has credit and determinant in setting prices; TT Mobil recognizes content revenues on a gross basis.

*vi) Liabilities within the scope of vendor financing:* For capital expenditures, the Group carries out vendor financing with some of its suppliers in accordance with the agreements made with banks and those suppliers. Since the terms are not substantially different with the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms of the liabilities, the Group continues to classify those liabilities as trade payable.



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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.4 Significant accounting assessments, estimates and assumptions (continued)**

**Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

The Group determines whether property, plant and equipment are impaired by estimating the recoverable amount of the assets whenever there is an indication of impairment. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating unit and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows (Note 16).

The estimates used by the Group in the application of TFRS Interpretation 12 are as follows:

- The Company assesses that approximately 30% of the foreseen network investments related to the replacement of the network equipment which are reclassified to intangible assets and which are then recognized in the financial statements as intangible assets are the contractual replacements as required by the concession agreement.

- In accordance with TFRS Interpretation 12, the Company has determined the cost of the investments in intangible assets recognized under the scope of TFRS Interpretation 12 by adding the profit margin, which is applied in the market for similar construction services, to the cost of acquiring the related network equipment. The estimated profit margin used in construction services provided in exchange for concession right is 13% (31 December 2023: 13%) for the year ended as of 31 December 2024. The profit margin of property, plant and equipment accounted within the scope of TFRS Interpretation 12 amounting to TL 9.760.589 (31 December 2023: TL 10.047.103) (Note 20) is TL 1.112.546 for the year ended as of 31 December 2024 (31 December 2023: TL 1.155.862) (Note 3).

- A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that a tax benefit will be realized in the future. If it is probable that a tax benefit will be realized, a deferred tax asset is recognized on unused tax losses, unused tax credits and other deductible temporary differences. With the expectation to recover certain part of its tax losses carried forward in Türk Telekom, TT Mobil; TTNET and TTINT group has recognized deferred tax assets on statutory tax losses available for offsetting with future statutory taxable profits. Every year, the Group re-assesses its tax loss carry forwards and if there is a material change in the deferred tax asset recognized in the consolidated financial statements, the deferred tax assets are also changed (Note 11).

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**2.4 Significant accounting assessments, estimates and assumptions (continued)**

**Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)**

- Assumptions used in the impairment test of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets have been explained in Note 16.

For trade receivables, other receivables, other assets and contract assets the Group applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed in TFRS 9, which requires the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. The Group performed the calculation of ECL rates separately for individual, corporate, public and wholesale customers. The ECLs were calculated based on actual credit loss experience over the past years. Exposures within each group were segmented based on common credit risk characteristics such as delinquency status. Actual credit loss experience was adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data was collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. Future collection performance of receivables is estimated by considering general economic conditions to incorporate forward looking information to the expected credit loss calculations.

Assumptions used by Company in goodwill impairment test are explained in Note 16. The Group determines the useful life of an asset by considering its future economic benefits. This evaluation is driven by the Group's previous experience on similar assets. The Group also considers useful life of the asset from technical and commercial perspectives due to changes and developments in market in order to assess whether additional impairment is required or not.

There are other estimations made by the management during the determination of provisions for litigations (Note 23).

**3. SEGMENT REPORTING**

The Group has two main segments; fixed line and mobile. Fixed line services are provided by Türk Telekom, TNet, Argela, Innova, Sebit, AssisTT, TTES, TT Venture, TT Destek Hizmetleri and TTINT Group whereas mobile service is provided by TT Mobil. Group management assesses segment performance over earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization ("Adjusted EBITDA"). Adjusted EBITDA is calculated by adjusting the profit before tax by i) adding income/expense from investing activities, depreciation, amortization and impairment expenses and ii) deducting exchange gains/losses, monetary gain and loss, interest and rediscount income/expenses on current accounts presented in other operating income and expense. Group management uses adjusted EBITDA as it is comparable with other companies in the sector. EBITDA is not a measure of financial performance indicator defined in TFRS and may not be comparable to similar indicators defined by other companies. As Group management does not monitor Group's performance over geographical segments, geographical segment reporting is not presented. The segment results and balance sheet items are presented below:

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**3. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)**

	Fixed line		Mobile		Intra-group eliminations and consolidated adjustments		Consolidated	
	1 January -	1 January -	1 January -	1 January -	1 January -	1 January -	1 January -	1 January -
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Revenue	101.011.518	96.373.142	66.163.810	54.677.381	(5.524.401)	(6.405.145)	161.650.927	144.645.378
International revenue	6.751.093	7.417.559	–	–	–	–	6.751.093	7.417.559
Contributive revenue (*)	95.797.998	90.227.778	65.852.929	54.417.600	–	–	161.650.927	144.645.378
EBITDA	32.487.330	27.259.457	30.715.397	21.218.271	(54.634)	(78.153)	63.148.093	48.399.575
Contributive adjusted EBITDA (**)	30.331.299	24.622.285	32.816.794	23.777.290	–	–	63.148.093	48.399.575
Capital expenditure (***)	28.057.026	25.311.261	13.450.284	11.963.111	(43.713)	(91.085)	41.463.597	37.183.287
Impairments losses, net	(857.382)	(437.013)	(243.697)	(134.170)	–	–	(1.101.079)	(571.183)
Depreciation and amortization	(17.542.879)	(32.690.649)	(18.477.235)	(18.530.707)	–	–	(36.020.114)	(51.221.356)

(\*) “Contributive revenue” represents operating segments’ revenues from companies other than those included in the consolidated financial statements. Group management still monitors financial performance of the segments based on their separate financial statements and because of this there is no change at the segment information disclosed. However, contribution of operating segments on the Group’s revenue is presented to give additional information to the readers of the financial statements.

(\*\*) “Contributive EBITDA” represents operating segments’ EBITDA arose from transactions with companies other than those included in the consolidated financial statements and revised by allocation of intra-group charges for shared costs. Group management still monitors financial performance of the segments based on their separate financial statements and because of this there is no change at the segment information disclosed. However, contribution of operating segments on the Group’s revenue is presented to give additional information to the readers of the financial statements.

(\*\*\*) Capital expenditures do not include TL 1.112.546 (31 December 2023: TL 1.155.862) amounted profit margin which is capitalized on intangible assets that are accounted within the scope of TFRS Interpretation 12.

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**3. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)**

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
Fixed line contributive EBITDA	30.331.299	24.622.285
Mobile contributive EBITDA	32.816.794	23.777.290
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>63.148.093</b>	<b>48.399.575</b>
Foreign exchange gains, interest income, discount income on current accounts presented in other operating income	1.110.404	2.050.540
Foreign exchange losses, interest income, discount income on current accounts presented in other operating expense (-)	(2.727.363)	(5.939.035)
Exchange rate protected deposit fair value gains presented in income from investment activities	3.611.838	5.841.643
Financial income	3.873.152	17.467.289
Financial expense (-)	(31.355.825)	(45.658.149)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(36.404.264)	(51.237.115)
Monetary gain / (loss)	23.398.708	34.027.782
<b>Consolidated profit before tax</b>	<b>24.654.743</b>	<b>4.952.530</b>

<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>Fixed Line</b>	<b>Mobile</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
Total segment assets	176.966.049	107.417.192	(14.126.343)	270.256.898
Total segment liabilities	(111.441.743)	(26.849.925)	14.126.343	(124.165.325)
Goodwill	205.672	496.853	-	702.525
Assets held for sale	-	662.171	-	662.171

<b>31 December 2023</b>	<b>Fixed Line</b>	<b>Mobile</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
Total segment assets	201.418.992	99.145.058	(19.428.438)	281.135.612
Total segment liabilities	(134.981.368)	(23.672.479)	19.428.436	(139.225.411)
Goodwill	205.672	496.853	-	702.525
Assets held for sale	-	662.171	-	662.171

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**4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Cash on hand	5.428	3.881
Cash at banks - demand deposit	2.207.160	2.112.298
Cash at banks - time deposit	4.023.899	17.274.651
Liquid fund (*)	1.295.760	231.702
	<b>7.532.247</b>	<b>19.622.532</b>

(\*) Consists of a highly liquid, short-term liquid fund with immaterial risk of change in fair value.

As of 31 December 2024 time deposits are all short-term, maturing within one month and denominated in both foreign currencies and TL. The interest rates are between 5,50% and 55% for TL deposits, between 1% and 5,7% for USD deposits and between 2,85% and 3% for EUR deposits (31 December 2023: for TL deposits between 5,5% and 45%, for USD deposits between 1% and 6,09% for EUR deposits between 1% and 5%).

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statement of cash flows is as follows:

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	7.532.247	19.622.532
Less: restricted amounts		
- Collection protocols and ATM collection	(1.339.069)	(1.276.432)
- Other	—	(3.116.300)
<b>Unrestricted cash</b>	<b>6.193.178</b>	<b>15.229.800</b>

The Group classifies liquid fund amounts under cash and cash equivalents as they are easily convertible into cash and highly liquid assets that are not exposed to impairment loss.

As of 31 December 2024, demand deposits amounting to TL 1.339.069 is restricted due to collection protocols signed with banks for receipts from the subscribers, under which proceeds are made available to the Group a certain number of days after the cash is collected. As of 31 December 2024 other restricted amounts consist of blocked deposits related to Group's derivative financial instruments.

As of 31 December 2024, the Group maintains available credit line amounting to USD 62.710 until 1 June 2026 and EUR 124.010 until 19 August 2027, EUR 52.250 until 15 May 2027, EUR 3.920 until 29 May 2026, which in total amounted to EUR 180.180.

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## 5. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

*Bank loans*

	31 December 2024			31 December 2023		
	Weighted average nominal interest rate (%)	Original amount	TL equivalent	Weighted average nominal interest rate (%)	Original amount	TL equivalent
<b>Short-term bank loans:</b>						
Unsecured TL bank loans with fixed interest rates	45,05	7.271.028	7.271.028	22,24	12.048.445	12.048.445
Unsecured EUR bank borrowings with fixed interest rates	7,25	50.000	1.836.810	-	-	-
EUR bank borrowings with variable interest rates	-	-	-	8,60	48.000	2.257.430
<b>Interest accruals:</b>						
Unsecured TL bank loans with fixed interest rates		2.552.700	2.552.700		958.785	958.785
Unsecured EUR bank loans with fixed interest rates		584	21.455		-	-
Unsecured EUR bank loans with variable interest rates		-	-		674	31.703
<b>Short-term bank loans</b>		<b>11.681.993</b>			<b>15.296.363</b>	
<b>Short-term portion of long-term bank loans:</b>						
Unsecured USD bank loans with variable interest rates (*)	5,64	58.357	2.058.841	6,90	107.170	4.555.007
Unsecured EUR bank loans with variable interest rates (**)	3,96	111.004	4.077.857	4,50	65.990	3.103.474
<b>Interest accruals of long-term bank loans:</b>						
Unsecured USD bank loans with variable interest rates (*)		1.885	66.512		2.815	119.628
Unsecured EUR bank loans with variable interest rates (**)		3.621	133.028		2.108	99.127
<b>Current portion of long-term bank loans</b>		<b>6.336.238</b>			<b>7.877.236</b>	
<b>Total short-term bank loans</b>		<b>18.018.231</b>			<b>23.173.599</b>	
<b>Long-term bank loans:</b>						
Unsecured USD bank loans with variable interest rates (*)	6,01	222.570	7.852.328	7,0	232.509	9.882.212
Unsecured EUR bank loans with variable interest rates (**)	3,85	433.696	15.932.352	4,95	325.879	15.326.047
<b>Total long-term bank loans</b>		<b>23.784.680</b>			<b>25.208.259</b>	

(\*) As at 31 December 2024, interest rate varies between Sofr + 0,54% and 2,73% (31 December 2023: Libor + 0,54% and 2,85%).

(\*\*) As at 31 December 2024, interest rate varies between Euribor + 0,25% and 2,00% (31 December 2023: Euribor + 0,25% and 4,65%).

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**5. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)**

**Bank loans (continued)**

The contractual maturities of financial liabilities in equivalent of TL are as follows:

	31 December 2024					Total	31 December 2023					Total
	Up to 3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 year to 2 years	2 year to 5 years	More than 5 years		Up to 3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 year to 2 years	2 year to 5 years	More than 5 years	
Unsecured TL bank borrowings with fixed interest rates	8.855.850	967.878	–	–	–	9.823.728	11.307.036	1.700.194	–	–	–	13.007.230
Unsecured USD bank borrowings with variable interest rates	573.123	1.552.230	4.558.501	2.549.920	743.907	9.977.681	722.745	3.951.890	2.190.593	7.005.928	685.691	14.556.847
Unsecured EUR bank borrowings with fixed interest rates	21.455	1.836.810	–	–	–	1.858.265	–	–	–	–	–	–
Unsecured EUR bank borrowings with variable interest rates	297.961	3.912.924	4.689.415	10.410.452	832.485	20.143.237	510.152	4.981.582	4.545.084	9.140.131	1.640.832	20.817.781
	<b>9.748.389</b>	<b>8.269.842</b>	<b>9.247.916</b>	<b>12.960.372</b>	<b>1.576.392</b>	<b>41.802.911</b>	<b>12.539.933</b>	<b>10.633.666</b>	<b>6.735.677</b>	<b>16.146.059</b>	<b>2.326.523</b>	<b>48.381.858</b>



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#### 5. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

##### *Issued debt instruments*

	31 December 2024			31 December 2023		
	Weighted average nominal interest rate (%)	Original amount	TL equivalent	Weighted average nominal interest rate (%)	Original amount	TL equivalent
<b>Short-term issued debt instruments:</b>						
TL bills, bonds and notes issued	45,00	250.000	250.000	32,74	3.031.954	3.031.954
<b>Interest accruals:</b>						
TL bills, bonds and notes issued		17.813	17.813		808.423	808.423
<b>The short-term portion of long-term issued debt instruments:</b>						
USD issued debt instruments with fixed interest rates	6,88	186.655	6.585.242	4,88	452.373	19.227.008
<b>Interest accruals of short-term portion of long-term issued debt instruments:</b>						
USD issued debt instruments with fixed interest rates		4.447	157.957		16.036	681.554
<b>Short-term issued debt instruments</b>			<b>7.011.012</b>			<b>23.748.939</b>
<b>Long-term issued debt instruments:</b>						
USD issued debt instruments with fixed interest rates	7,38	497.571	17.554.458	6,88	476.874	20.268.347
<b>Long-term issued debt instruments</b>			<b>17.554.458</b>			<b>20.268.347</b>
<b>Total issued debt instruments</b>			<b>24.565.470</b>			<b>44.017.286</b>

The sales process of the bond issuances amounted to USD 500.000 with 6 years of maturity, and 6,875% coupon rate based on 7% reoffer yield was completed on 28 February 2019. The bonds are now quoted at Irish Stock Exchange. The part of the bond amounting to USD 17.500 was repurchased in 2022, the related amount was accounted for by deducting the amortized cost using the effective interest rate and the total bond amount.

On 22 May 2024, USD 300.000 of the bond in question was redeemed. Loss of TL 24.243 resulting from redemption was reflected in the profit and loss statement.

The sales process of the bond issuances amounted to USD 500.000 with 10 years of maturity, and 4,875% coupon rate based on 4,982% reoffer yield was completed on 19 June 2014. The bonds are now quoted at Irish Stock Exchange. The part of the bond amounting to USD 20.000 was repurchased in 2019, a portion of USD 5.000 was repurchased in 2022 and a portion of USD 17.500 was repurchased in 2023, the relevant amounts are accounted for by deducting the appropriate values and total bond managers.

On 31 April 2023, TL 1.808.500 was issued with a maturity of 380 days and priced at 32,5% annual simple interest incoming. Ak Yatırım Menkul Kıymetler A.Ş. mediated.

On 31 January 2023, TL 291.500 was issued with a maturity of 177 days and priced at 32% annual simple interest incoming. Ziraat Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. mediated.

On 20 May 2024, a bond of USD 500.000 with a maturity of 5 years and a coupon rate of 7,375% was issued and priced at a resale yield of 7,5%. The bond in question is listed on the Irish Stock Exchange.

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**5. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)**

**Issued debt instruments (continued)**

On 5 November 2024, a TL 250.000 sukuk was issued with a maturity of 93 days, priced at 45% annual simple interest yield. The issuance of the bond in question was carried out by Emlak Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. mediated.

The contractual maturities of issued long term bills, bonds and notes in equivalent of TL are as follows:

	31 December 2024			31 December 2023			
	Up to 3 months	4 year to 5 years	Total	Up to 3 months	3 months to 1 year	1 year to 2 years	Total
TL issued debt instruments with fixed interest rates	267.813	—	267.813	3.840.377	—	—	3.840.377
USD issued debt instruments with fixed interest rates	6.743.199	17.554.458	24.297.657	551.088	19.357.474	20.268.347	40.176.909
	<b>7.011.012</b>	<b>17.554.458</b>	<b>24.565.470</b>	<b>4.391.465</b>	<b>19.357.474</b>	<b>20.268.347</b>	<b>44.017.286</b>

***Lease liabilities***

As at 31 December 2024, obligation under leases detail are as follows:

	31 December 2024				31 December 2023	
	Currency	Interest rate type	Nominal interest rate	Carrying amount	Nominal interest rate	Carrying amount
Lease liabilities	TL	Fixed	%9,0-%50,0	3.954.026	%9,0-%21,5	2.297.038
Lease liabilities	EUR	Fixed	%2,5-%4,5	140.891	%3,3-%4,5	350.641
Lease liabilities	USD	Fixed	%7,8	54.221	%4,0	65.265
Lease liabilities	Other	Fixed	%3,3	10.048	%3,2	3.862
				<b>4.159.186</b>		<b>2.716.806</b>

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**6. TRADE RECEIVABLES FROM AND PAYABLES TO UNRELATED PARTIES**

*Trade receivables*

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
<b>Short-term</b>		
Receivables from subscribers	23.604.002	21.909.210
Other trade receivables (*)	851.731	890.163
Allowance for doubtful receivables (-)	(3.740.401)	(4.446.898)
<b>Total short-term trade receivables</b>	<b>20.715.332</b>	<b>18.352.475</b>
<b>Long-term</b>		
Receivables from subscribers	60.952	351.598
<b>Total long-term trade receivables</b>	<b>60.952</b>	<b>351.598</b>

(\*) Other trade receivables mainly consist of corporate project receivables.

Trade receivables generally have a maturity term of 60 days on average (31 December 2023: 60 days).

The movement of the allowance for doubtful receivables is as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
At January 1	(4.446.898)	(9.806.748)
Provision for the year, net	(774.566)	(554.110)
Receivables written off (*)	30.247	2.269.717
Change in currency translation differences	(12.508)	12.291
Inflation Effect	1.463.324	3.631.952
<b>At 31 December</b>	<b>(3.740.401)</b>	<b>(4.446.898)</b>

The Group waits up to 90 days before initiating legal action for overdue receivables. Based on its previous collection performance from overdue receivables, the Company expects to make significant collections from its overdue receivables.

(\*) The Group has written off all doubtful receivables meeting the conditions within the scope of the amendment made in the temporary article 2 of the Income Tax Law No. 7420.

Receivables guaranteed of the Group are amounted to TL 603.760 (31 December 2023: TL 1.098.810).

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**6. TRADE RECEIVABLES FROM AND PAYABLES TO UNRELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)**

*Contract assets from unrelated parties*

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
<b>Short-term</b>		
Contract assets from sale of goods and service contracts	7.606.069	5.142.479
	<b>7.606.069</b>	<b>5.142.479</b>
<b>Long-term</b>		
Contract assets from sale of goods and service contracts	51.493	31.508
	<b>51.493</b>	<b>31.508</b>

The contract assets represent contract assets from subscribers. Due to the high volume of subscribers, different billing period are available, an accrual is made at the end of each reporting period to accrue revenue for services rendered but not billed. In addition, income an accrual is made for the not billed of the contributions services.

As of the reporting period, the portion of the accrued income to be invoiced one year later is presented in the long term contract assets.

*Trade payables from unrelated parties*

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
<b>Short-term</b>		
Trade payables	16.831.695	18.109.860
Expense accruals	4.970.189	1.944.767
<b>Total short-term trade payables</b>	<b>21.801.884</b>	<b>20.054.627</b>

The average maturity term of trade payables is between 30 and 150 days (31 December 2023: 30 and 150 days). As of 31 December 2024, short term trade payables consists of payables within scope of supplier finance that amounting TL 395.767 (31 December 2023: TL 961.610).

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**7. RIGHT OF USE ASSETS**

The carrying amounts of right-of-use assets as of 31 December 2024 are as below:

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Site rent	5.230.789	5.936.077
Vehicles	2.601.799	747.394
Building	732.040	1.030.436
Other	286.170	347.023
<b>Right of use assets</b>	<b>8.850.798</b>	<b>8.060.930</b>

As at 31 December 2024 the Group capitalized TL 6.331.758 right of use asset (31 December 2023: TL 3.634.030).

As at 31 December 2024, the Group recognised TL 5.571.010 of depreciation charges (Field rent: TL 2.194.474, Building: TL 881.131, Vehicle: TL 1.985.577 and Other: TL 509.828) (31 December 2023: TL 3.822.884) and TL 1.440.208 of financial expense from these leases (31 December 2023: TL 642.257).

**8. DUE FROM AND DUE TO RELATED PARTIES**

All intra-group transactions and balances including intra-group unrealized profits and losses are eliminated for consolidation purposes and are not disclosed in this note.

Institutions under state control are defined as related parties due to 25% ownership and the golden share of the Treasury and 61,68% ownership of Turkey Wealth Fund. State controlled entities are defined as related parties but in accordance with the exemption provided by the TAS 24 disclosure requirements, state controlled entities are excluded from general reporting requirements.

The Group carries out transactions with many of these institutions in line with its peers. Banking transactions such as loans and deposits with banks under the control of the Turkey Wealth Fund or in which it has significant influence are also carried out in accordance with their peers. Other transactions consist of corporate tax, value added tax, special communication tax, treasury share and regulatory fees such as fees.

Details of balances and transactions between the Group and other related parties as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 are disclosed below:

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
<b>Short-term due from related parties (Trade receivables)</b>		
Other	1.142.227	910.311
	<b>1.142.227</b>	<b>910.311</b>

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**8. DUE FROM AND DUE TO RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)**

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
<b>Short-term due to from related parties (Trade payables)</b>		
Other	120.806	301.405
	<b>120.806</b>	<b>301.405</b>
<b>Deposits held by related parties</b>	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
<b>Time Deposit</b>		
Türkiye Vakıflar Bankası Türk Anonim Ortaklığı	1.229.119	1.888.561
T.C. Ziraat Bankası A.Ş.	499.109	3.742.410
Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş.	123.541	150.760
Other	174.475	89.121
<b>Demand Deposit</b>		
Türkiye Vakıflar Bankası Türk Anonim Ortaklığı	49.490	50.495
T.C. Ziraat Bankası A.Ş.	48.081	39.229
Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş.	87.569	125.931
Other	635	10.147
	<b>2.212.019</b>	<b>6.096.654</b>
<b>Bank loans from related parties</b>	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Ziraat Katılım Bankası A.Ş.	579.000	777.760
T.C. Ziraat Bankası A.Ş.	44.750	70.745
Türkiye Vakıflar Bankası Türk Anonim Ortaklığı	–	2.673.495
	<b>623.750</b>	<b>3.522.000</b>
<b>Currency Protected Time Deposit from related parties</b>	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Türkiye Vakıflar Bankası Türk Anonim Ortaklığı	1.048.294	986.186
Ziraat Katılım Bankası A.Ş.	579.134	734.728
	<b>1.627.428</b>	<b>1.720.914</b>

The amount of the guarantee given to the related companies for the financing of the device purchases by the distributor companies and sold to the Group customers within the scope of the committed campaigns is disclosed in Note 12.

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**8. DUE FROM AND DUE TO RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)*****Transactions with shareholders:***

TT Mobil is required under the terms of the TT Mobil Concession Agreement, to pay 15% share to the Treasury (the Treasury Share) of its monthly gross revenue. Besides, the Company and its other subsidiaries that are operating in the telecommunications sector are required to pay universal service fund at 1% of their net revenues of each year and ICTA share at 0,35% of revenues to the Ministry of Transport, Maritime Affairs and Communications under the law Global Service Act numbered 5369. Also, according to Law numbered 7061 "Legislation on Amendment of Certain Tax Legislation and Other Certain Legislation, TT Mobil is required to pay 5% share (radio fee) of its monthly net revenue to ICTA.

As of 31 December 2024, unpaid portion of Treasury Share, universal service fund and ICTA share are recorded under other short term payables and these expenses are accounted in cost of sales account.

***Transactions with related parties:***

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
<b>Interest income from related parties</b>		
Türkiye Vakıflar Bankası Türk Anonim Ortaklığı	812.875	533.865
T.C. Ziraat Bankası A.Ş.	366.909	409.398
Ziraat Katılım Bankası A.Ş.	223.857	146.256
Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş.	110.724	240.970
	<b>1.514.365</b>	<b>1.330.489</b>
<b>Interest expense from related parties</b>		
Türkiye Vakıflar Bankası Türk Anonim Ortaklığı	807.899	577.912
Ziraat Katılım Bankası A.Ş.	231.584	172.751
T.C. Ziraat Bankası A.Ş.	68.424	369.826
Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş.	6.346	6.955
	<b>1.114.253</b>	<b>1.127.444</b>
<b>Income from related parties</b>		
Superonline İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	2.207.984	2.069.264
Turkcell İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	1.138.491	1.656.718
Türksat Uydu Haberleşme Kablo TV ve İşletme A.Ş.	932.548	1.277.845
THY A.O.	917.194	636.420
Enerji Piyasaları İşletme A.Ş.	306.811	456.211
Türkiye Vakıflar Bankası Türk Anonim Ortaklığı	257.969	197.182
Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş.	179.924	209.377
T.C. Ziraat Bankası A.Ş.	157.772	781.893
Other	507.962	814.280
	<b>6.606.655</b>	<b>8.099.190</b>



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**8. DUE FROM AND DUE TO RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)**

*Transactions with related parties (continued)*

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
<b>Expenses from related parties</b>		
Turkcell İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	1.170.750	1.643.892
PTT A.Ş.	1.137.604	755.912
Enerji Piyasaları İşletme A.Ş.	742.546	1.541.129
THY A.O.	139.432	202.178
Türksat Uydu Haberleşme Kablo TV ve İşletme A.Ş.	137.974	273.329
Kule Hizmet ve İşletmecilik A.Ş.	129.685	160.201
Other	145.250	327.330
	<b>3.603.241</b>	<b>4.903.971</b>

The Group generates revenues from related parties by providing fixed voice, corporate data, mobile and internet services. The Group's related party expenses consist of energy, call termination, billing and content, satellite frequency-base services.

*Compensation of key management personnel*

The remuneration of board of directors and other members of key management were as follows:

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
Short-term benefits	481.632	432.586
Long-term benefits	16.125	14.243
	<b>497.757</b>	<b>446.829</b>

Key management personnel comprise the Group's members of Board of Directors and top managers.

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**9. OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

***Other short term receivable***

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Other short term receivable (*)	2.837.211	353.976
Deposits and guarantees given	30.228	22.945
Other doubtful receivables	63.951	93.296
Allowance for other doubtful receivables (-)	(63.951)	(93.299)
	<b>2.867.439</b>	<b>376.918</b>

(\*) The majority of other short-term receivables consist of insurance receivables.

As of 31 December 2024, TL 45.760 (31 December 2023: TL 84.115) portion of other short term receivables consists of receivables from Ministry of Transport and Communications due to the expenses made under Universal Service Fund.

As of 31 December 2024, other doubtful provision amounting to TL 16.465 (31 December 2023: TL 20.587) is provided while TL 18.303 (31 December 2023: TL 18.162) is reversed.

***Other long term receivables***

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Deposits and guarantees given	151.001	113.378
	<b>151.001</b>	<b>113.378</b>

***Other short term payable***

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Taxes and duties payable	2.468.699	1.919.220
ICTA shares	991.661	921.626
Universal Service Fund (*)	508.475	727.917
Treasury share accruals	1.104.312	846.600
Other payables (**)	690.987	252.944
	<b>5.764.134</b>	<b>4.668.307</b>

(\*) According to the article numbered 5369 related with “International Service Fund” published on 16 June 2005, Türk Telekom, TTNNet and AssisTT will contribute 1% of their net revenues of each year to the Ministry of Transportation as Universal Service Fund. The contribution is payable by the end of April of the following year.

(\*\*) As of 31 December 2024, amounting to TL 71.127 in other short term payables is comprised of guarantees given for borrowings of distributors which are utilized in financing of equipment purchases that will be sold to Group’s customers as part of commitment sales.

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**9. OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (CONTINUED)**

*Other long term payables*

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Deposits and guarantees received	159.574	138.491
Other payables	55	—
	<b>159.629</b>	<b>138.491</b>

**10. INVENTORIES**

The Group has inventory amounting to TL 2.746.982 as at 31 December 2024 (31 December 2023: TL 1.911.188). Major part of this balance is composed of modems, computer, tablet, dect phones, cable, cable box and SIM cards.

**11. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

The Group calculates deferred tax assets and liabilities based on temporary differences arising between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities as reported under Turkish Accounting Standards and their tax base for statutory purposes. These temporary differences are mainly due to the timing differences of certain income and expense items in statutory and Turkish Accounting Standards financial statement as disclosed below.

(Convenience translation of a report and financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

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**11. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)**

As at 31 December 2024, 25% tax rate is used for the calculation of deferred tax assets and liabilities (31 December 2023: 25%).

	Deferred tax assets		Deferred tax liability		Deferred tax asset / (liability), net	
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Deferred tax asset recognized from tax losses carried forward	5.962.648	7.588.989	—	—	5.962.648	7.588.989
Deferred tax asset arising from capital increase	868.320	954.609	—	—	868.320	954.609
Deferred tax asset recognized from capital allowance	2.559.795	5.212.348	—	—	2.238.139	5.212.348
Provision for long-term employee benefits	1.627.265	1.189.423	—	—	1.627.265	1.189.423
Provision for doubtful receivables	190.630	181.364	—	—	190.630	181.364
Derivative instruments	—	—	(127.083)	(1.597.909)	(127.083)	(1.597.909)
Issued debt instruments	202.122	97.336	—	—	202.122	97.336
Temporary differences on property, plant and equipment / intangible assets	678.401	4.201.785	(16.030.228)	(7.383.405)	(15.351.827)	(3.181.620)
R&D investment incentive	1.188.224	671.490	—	—	1.188.224	671.490
Other	2.628.467	1.968.972	(2.051.211)	(710.601)	898.912	1.258.371
<b>Deferred tax asset / (liability) before net-off</b>	<b>15.905.872</b>	<b>22.066.316</b>	<b>(18.208.522)</b>	<b>(9.691.915)</b>	<b>(2.302.650)</b>	<b>12.374.401</b>
<b>Net-off of tax</b>	<b>(12.871.341)</b>	<b>(9.365.061)</b>	<b>12.871.341</b>	<b>9.365.061</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>Net deferred tax asset / (liability)</b>	<b>3.034.531</b>	<b>12.701.255</b>	<b>(5.337.181)</b>	<b>(326.854)</b>	<b>(2.302.650)</b>	<b>12.374.401</b>

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**11. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)**

In the consolidated financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2024, the Group has accounted deferred tax assets amounting to TL 5.962.648 for the deductible losses. (31 December 2023: TL 7.588.989). The expiry dates of them are as follows:

	31 December 2024
2025	1.945
2026	538.609
2027	986.445
2028	2.037.807
2029	2.396.205
Unlimited	1.637
	<b>5.962.648</b>

As of 31 December 2024, the Group does not have financial losses for deferred tax assets are allocated.

**12. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS, OTHER LIABILITIES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS**

***Other current assets***

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Intermediary services for collection (*)	1.714.747	1.765.719
Value Added Tax ("VAT") and Special Communication Tax ("SCT")	1.142.058	996.598
Advances given (**)	103.394	58.963
Other current assets	13.157	33.111
	<b>2.973.356</b>	<b>2.854.391</b>

(\*) Intermediary services for collections consist of advances given by the Group to its distributors.

(\*\*) Advances given mainly consists of advances given to suppliers.

***Other current liabilities***

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Other liabilities	720.149	699.355
	<b>720.149</b>	<b>699.355</b>

***Employee benefit obligations***

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Payables to personnel	507.867	486.687
Social security premiums payable	994.265	1.330.411
Employee's income tax payables	526.442	388.370
	<b>2.028.574</b>	<b>2.205.468</b>

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**13. PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEFERRED REVENUES**

**Short-term prepaid expenses**

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Other prepaid expenses (*)	1.157.850	1.553.289
Prepaid rent expenses	63.606	41.255
	<b>1.221.456</b>	<b>1.594.544</b>

(\*) Other short-term prepaid expenses consist of advances given for fixed asset purchases, prepaid insurance, prepaid maintenance, prepaid advertising and other prepaid expenses.

***Long-term prepaid expenses***

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Other prepaid expenses	148.321	205.476
Prepaid rent expenses	3.619	2.236
	<b>151.940</b>	<b>207.712</b>

**Short-term contract liabilities**

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Contract liabilities from sale of goods and service contracts (*)	3.553.215	3.049.776
	<b>3.553.215</b>	<b>3.049.776</b>

(\*) Short-term contract liabilities mainly consist of invoiced but unconsumed minutes, deferred monthly fixed fee revenues due to the allocation of total consideration in the contract to all products and services under TFRS 15 and TTINT's indefeasible right of use contracts.

***Long-term contract liabilities***

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Contract liabilities from sale of goods and service contracts (*)	2.961.397	4.280.373
	<b>2.961.397</b>	<b>4.280.373</b>

(\*) Long-term contract liabilities consist of advances received from customer and the remaining mainly consist of TTINT's indefeasible right of use contracts. As of 31 December 2024, Group is expected that 20% of the liabilities arising from long-term contract liabilities will be recognised as revenue in 2024 and 80% in the following years.

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**14. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS**

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
<b>Short term financial assets</b>		
Currency protected time deposit (*)	10.538.921	11.302.376
<b>Long term financial assets</b>		
Investment funds (**)	232.765	103.609
Other (***)	168.878	148.930
	<b>10.940.564</b>	<b>11.554.915</b>

(\*) Currency protected time deposit accounts are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

The Group has converted its foreign currency deposit accounts amounting to USD 237.057 and EUR 20.000 (31 December 2023: USD 244.137 and EUR 20.000) into “Currency Protected TL Time Deposit Accounts”. Maturity of currency protected time deposit accounts is between 90-360 days (31 December 2023: 90-360 Days).

(\*\*) It consists of TT Ventures Venture Capital Investment Fund investments of group companies. The fund aims to invest in innovative technology start-ups with global growth potential and to provide financial returns to its investors.

The Group indirectly holds its investment in its subsidiary, which has a significant influence, through its contribution payments to the established Venture Capital Investment Fund. The Group measure this investment at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with TFRS 9.

(\*\*\*) The amounting to TL 54.951 in other consists of growth equity private equity fund investment (31 December 2023: TL 29.126).

**15. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

***Cash flow hedges and derivative financial instruments***

***Cross currency swap transaction***

In the periods in which the cash flows related to the hedged item affect profit or loss, accumulated gain/loss of related hedged instruments in equity are reclassified in profit or loss, As of the year ended 31 December 2024, TL 469.860, including tax effect, are reclassified to financial expenses in the statement of profit or loss from gain on cash flow hedges in equity.

As of 31 December 2024 fair value of participating cross currency swap transactions amounting to TL 1.038.633 has been recognized under short term derivative financial assets (31 December 2023: TL 5.972.622).



**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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**15. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)****Cash flow hedges and derivative financial instruments (continued)*****Cross currency swap transaction (continued)***

Company	Notional Amount (USD)	Trade Date	Amendment Date	Terms	Fair Value Amount as at 31 December 2024 (TL)
Türk Telekom	50.000	17 December 2020		Pay TL and receive USD at February 2025	369.754
Türk Telekom	13.662	27 September 2019 - 6 September 2021		Pay TL and receive USD between March 2020 - September 2025	67.898
Türk Telekom	50.000	3 July 2024		Pay TL and receive USD between July 2024 - February 2025	48.926
Türk Telekom	45.000	13-16 May 2024		Pay TL and receive USD between August 2024 - February 2025	42.964
Türk Telekom	7.750	25 October 2018 - 18 July 2019	11 June 2021	Pay TL and receive USD between April 2019 - April 2025	41.305
Türk Telekom	55.000	21 August 2024		Pay TL and receive USD between August 2024 - February 2025	25.487
Türk Telekom	4.699	13 November 2018 - 19 July 2019	14 June 2021	Pay TL and receive USD between September 2019 - September 2025	21.821
Türk Telekom	18.182 (*)	27 - 28 March 2018	12 November - 2 December 2020	Pay TL and receive EUR between December 2020 - December 2025	241.896
Türk Telekom	15.990 (*)	18 August 2021		Pay TL and receive EUR between October 2021 - December 2025	107.253
Türk Telekom	9.670 (*)	13 August 2021		Pay TL and receive EUR between October 2021 - December 2025	60.093
Türk Telekom	50.000 (*)	25 October 2024		Pay TL and receive EUR between August 2024 - February 2025	11.236
					<b>1.038.633</b>

(\*) Nominal amount of indicated operations are Euro.

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## 15. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

## Cash flow hedges and derivative financial instruments (continued)

## Cross currency swap transaction (continued)

Company	Notional Amount (USD)	Trade Date	Amendment Date	Terms	Fair Value Amount as at 31 December 2023 (TL)
Türk Telekom	500.000	31 March 2016 - 3 August 2018	21 October 2020 - 18 February 2022	Pay TL and receive USD at June 2024	3.641.944
Türk Telekom	37.500	14 November 2018	11 - 21 June 2021	Pay TL and receive USD between October 2019 - April 2024	323.979
Türk Telekom	23.230	25 October 2018 - 18 July 2019	11 June 2021	Pay TL and receive USD between April 2019 - April 2025	174.740
Türk Telekom	50.000	17 December 2020		Pay TL and receive USD at February 2025	442.895
Türk Telekom	27.324	27 September 2019 - 6 September 2021		Pay TL and receive USD between March 2020 - September 2025	191.015
Türk Telekom	19.695	13 November 2018 - 19 July 2019	14 June 2021	Pay TL and receive USD between September 2019 - September 2025	140.111
Türk Telekom	36.364 (*)	27 - 28 March 2018	12 November - 2 December 2020	Pay TL and receive EUR between December 2020 - December 2025	624.697
Türk Telekom	26.660 (*)	18 August 2021		Pay TL and receive EUR between October 2021 - December 2025	243.782
Türk Telekom	19.340 (*)	13 August 2021		Pay TL and receive EUR between October 2021 - December 2025	158.884
Türk Telekom	4.873 (*)	27 - 28 June 2019	10 November 2021	Pay TL and receive EUR between September 2019 - September 2024	30.575
					<b>5.972.622</b>

(\*) Nominal amount of indicated operations are Euro.

## Copper hedge transactions

As of 31 December 2024 fair value of participating cross currency swap transactions amounting to TL 6.463 has been recognized under short term derivative financial asset (31 December 2023: TL 30 recognized under short term derivative financial liability).

Company	Notional Amount (Tonnes)	Trade Date	Terms	Fair Value Amount as at 31 December 2024 (TL)
Türk Telekom	212	18 April 2024	Pay floating price and receive fixed price at January 2025	6.463
				<b>6.463</b>

Company	Notional Amount (Tonnes)	Trade Date	Terms	Fair Value Amount as at 31 December 2023 (TL)
Türk Telekom	72	23 August 2023	Pay floating price and receive fixed price between August - December 2023	(30)
				<b>(30)</b>

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## 15. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

## Cash flow hedges and derivative financial instruments (continued)

*Cross Currency swaps instruments which are not designated as hedge*

As of 31 December 2024, fair value of derivative transactions amounting to TL 131.338 is recognized under short term derivative financial assets and TL 668.101 is recognized under short term financial liabilities (31 December 2023: TL 634.604 is recognized under short term derivative financial assets and TL 169.535 is recognized under short term financial liabilities).

*Cross currency transactions*

Company	Notional Amount (USD)	Trade Date	Terms	Fair Value Amount as at 31 December 2024 (TL)
TTINT Türkiye	10.000	16 June 2016	Pay EUR and receive USD between December 2016 and June 2026	37.627
Türk Telekom	15.390 (*)	16 August 2021	Pay TL and receive EUR between September 2021 - March 2026	93.711
				<b>131.338</b>

Company	Notional Amount (USD)	Trade Date	Terms	Fair Value Amount as at 31 December 2023 (TL)
TTINT Türkiye	16.667	16 June 2016	Pay EUR and receive USD between December 2016 and June 2026	47.950
Türk Telekom	29.281(*)	16 August 2021	Pay TL and receive EUR between September 2021 - March 2026	234.712
Türk Telekom	27.500 (*)	3 October 2023	Pay USD and receive EUR at January 2024	61.520
				<b>344.182</b>

(\*) Nominal amount of indicated operations are Euro.

Company	Notional Amount (USD)	Trade Date	Terms	Fair Value Amount as at 31 December 2023 (TL)
Türk Telekom	10.000	7 December 2023	Pay EUR and receive USD at January 2024	(10.297)
				<b>(10.297)</b>

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**15. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)*****Cross Currency swaps instruments which are not designated as hedge (continued)******Futures***

Company	Notional Amount (USD)	Trade Date	Terms	Fair Value Amount as at 31 December 2023 (TL)
Türk Telekom	196.202	13 November - 19 December 2023	Net TL settlement at January 2024 based on the difference between contract price and contract closing price	31.893
TT Mobil	252.692	16 November - 27 December 2023	Net TL settlement between January - February 2024 based on the difference between contract price and contract closing price	33.255
				<b>65.148</b>

Company	Notional Amount (USD)	Trade Date	Terms	Fair Value Amount as at 31 December 2023 (TL)
Türk Telekom	90.000	15 November - 28 November 2023	Net TL settlement at January 2024 based on the difference between contract price and contract closing price	(29.297)
				<b>(29.297)</b>

***Forwards***

Company	Notional Amount (USD)	Trade Date	Terms	Fair Value Amount as at 31 December 2024 (TL)
Türk Telekom	535.000	28 June - 30 September 2024	Pay TL and receive USD between January - February 2025	(258.748)
Innova	380.000 (*)	28 June - 30 September 2024	Pay TL and receive EUR between January - February 2025	(409.353)
				<b>(668.101)</b>

Company	Notional Amount (USD)	Trade Date	Terms	Fair Value Amount as at 31 December 2023 (TL)
Türk Telekom	137.500	25 September - 26 December 2023	Pay TL and receive USD between January - March 2024	33.243
Türk Telekom	184.500 (*)	3 October - 22 December 2023	Pay TL and receive EUR between January - March 2024	192.017
Innova	200 (*)	5 December 2023	Pay TL and receive EUR at April 2024	14
				<b>225.274</b>

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**15. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)**

***Cross Currency swaps instruments which are not designated as hedge (continued)***

Company	Notional Amount (USD)	Trade Date	Terms	Fair Value Amount as at 31 December 2023 (TL)
Türk Telekom	314.957	22 September - 27 December 2023	Pay TL and receive USD between January - March 2024	(129.674)
Innova	1.250	5 December 2023	Pay TL and receive USD at April 2024	(267)
				<b>(129.941)</b>

(\*) Nominal amount of indicated operations are Euro.

***Hedge of net investment in a foreign operation***

The Company utilized a loan amounting to EUR 150.000 in order to hedge its net investment in a foreign operation with a Euro functional currency. Foreign exchange gain and/or loss resulting from the subsidiary's net investment portion of this loan is reclassified to reserve for hedge of net investment in a foreign operation under equity.

**16. GOODWILL**

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Goodwill of TT Mobil	496.853	496.853
Goodwill of Argela	132.891	132.891
Goodwill of Innova	72.781	72.781
	<b>702.525</b>	<b>702.525</b>

The Group performs impairment analysis for goodwill and other non-current asset groups annually as at 31 December. The Group has performed impairment analysis for all of the identified cash generating units.

***TT Mobil cash generating unit impairment test***

TT Mobil have been considered as a single cash generating unit and has been tested for impairment together for goodwill and all other assets. Recoverable amount is calculated through based on 5 years business plan which is approved by the management.

The discount ratio used for the cash flows is 32,5% (31 December 2023: 29,2%). Cash flow projections after 2029 are estimated by using 10,8% growth rate, considering the inflation rate used in the business plan and expected growth rate of TT Mobil. Company value of TT Mobil has been tested at a sensitivity of WACC terminal growth rate by +1%/-1% (31 December 2023: +1%/-1%). As a result of the impairment test, it has been noted that there is no impairment is identified on goodwill arising on the TT Mobil acquisition.

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**16. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)**

***Innova and Argela cash generating unit impairment test***

Innova and Argela, are both considered as single cash generating unit and are tested for impairment of for goodwill and all of their other assets. Recoverable amount was determined through the usage value which is calculated based on the 5 years business plan approved by the management. The estimated value of the projected cash flows consists of the discounted cash flows until 2029. Cash flow projections beyond 2029 are estimated by using 10,8% growth rate, for both Innova and Argela, respectively, considering the inflation rate used in the business plan and expected growth rate of the country. The discount ratio used for the cash flows is 32,5% for Innova (31 December 2023: 35%) and 36,3% for Argela (31 December 2023: 40,3%). Valuation has been tested at a sensitivity of +1%/-1%. For the WACC calculation, technology companies have been taken as a benchmark for the calculation of the beta coefficient. As a result of the impairment test, no impairment is identified for the cash generating units and the goodwill arising from the acquisition of Argela and Innova.

**17. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE**

As of 31 December 2024, based on the decision of Board of Directors to sell a real estate, this asset was classified as held for sale.

Asset held for sale for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 is given net book value TL 662.171 and TL 662.171, respectively.

**18. INVESTMENT PROPERTY**

The movement of investment property and the related accumulated depreciation for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 is given below:

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
<b>Cost</b>		
Opening balance	575.271	575.271
<b>As at 31 December</b>	<b>575.271</b>	<b>575.271</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>		
Opening	(427.674)	(401.850)
Depreciation charge for the year	(1.924)	(25.824)
<b>As at 31 December</b>	<b>(429.598)</b>	<b>(427.674)</b>
<b>Net book value as at 31 December</b>	<b>145.673</b>	<b>147.597</b>

Investment property consists of number of buildings and lands mainly occupied by various corporations.

The Group assesses whether there is any impairment indicator in investment properties. If such indicator exists the Group compares fair values and carrying values of the investment properties on an individual asset basis and records identified impairment of the investment properties.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties has been determined by a valuation company independent of the Group. As of 31 December 2024, the fair value of investment properties valued by real estate appraisal companies licensed by CMB is determined as TL 828.457 (31 December 2023: TL 753.718) (Note 19)

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**19. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

The movement of PPE and the related accumulated depreciation for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 is given below:

	Land	Buildings	Network and other equipment	Vehicles	Furniture and fixtures	Other fixed assets	Construction in progress	Total
<b>Cost</b>								
Opening balance, 1 January 2024	38.408.488	29.225.985	616.015.925	2.249.026	13.467.752	3.155.980	5.583.585	708.106.741
Transfer	–	809	4.203.886	–	120.475	7.789	(7.239.120)	(2.906.161)
Additions	109.003	669.332	6.813.101	142.862	333.729	13.587	13.337.472	21.419.086
Impairment	(384.919)	–	–	–	–	–	–	(384.919)
Revaluation	(1.459.843)	–	–	–	–	–	–	(1.459.843)
Disposal	–	(1.157)	(432.137)	(2.228)	(79.177)	(6.819)	–	(521.518)
Foreign currency translation differences	(12.884)	(41.912)	(3.183.461)	(224)	(42.729)	(6.966)	(37.956)	(3.326.132)
<b>Closing balance, 31 December 2024</b>	<b>36.659.845</b>	<b>29.853.057</b>	<b>623.417.314</b>	<b>2.389.436</b>	<b>13.800.050</b>	<b>3.163.571</b>	<b>11.643.981</b>	<b>720.927.254</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>								
Opening balance, 1 January 2024	–	25.307.840	556.652.302	1.854.279	11.515.913	3.065.963	–	598.396.297
Transfer	–	–	(38.545)	–	–	–	–	(38.545)
Depreciation charge for the year	–	235.083	10.824.178	140.654	519.731	41.535	–	11.761.181
Disposal	–	(1.268)	(310.037)	(2.195)	(54.682)	(140)	–	(368.322)
Impairment	–	–	–	–	(769)	–	–	(769)
Foreign currency translation differences	–	(29.987)	(2.357.993)	(1.436)	(30.368)	(17.739)	–	(2.437.523)
<b>Closing balance, 31 December 2024</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>25.511.668</b>	<b>564.769.905</b>	<b>1.991.302</b>	<b>11.949.825</b>	<b>3.089.619</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>607.312.319</b>
<b>Net book value, 31 December 2024</b>	<b>36.659.845</b>	<b>4.341.389</b>	<b>58.647.409</b>	<b>398.134</b>	<b>1.850.225</b>	<b>73.952</b>	<b>11.643.981</b>	<b>113.614.935</b>

As of 31 December 2024, the Group has a license purchased through financial leasing (31 December 2023: nil).

The Group does not have any capitalized borrowing cost on property, plant and equipment (31 December 2023: nil).

There is no restriction or pledge on the tangible as at 31 December 2024.



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**19. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)**

As of 31 December 2024, the net decrease of 1.459.843 TL in the book value of the lands valued by CMB licensed real estate appraisal companies was net of tax effects and recorded as other comprehensive expense. Market approach method is used in land valuations. Valuation companies that performed the valuations are Akademi Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş., Atak Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş., Bilgi Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş., DE-GA Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş., Değer Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş., Düzey Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş., Ekip Taşınmaz Değerleme A.Ş., Eksen Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş., Emsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş., Kuzey Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş., LAL Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Müşavirlik A.Ş., Metrik Gayrimenkul Değerleme Danışmanlık A.Ş., Net Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş., Prime Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş., Vakıf Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş.

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**19. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)**

	Land	Buildings	Network and other equipment	Vehicles	Furniture and fixtures	Other fixed assets	Construction in progress	Total
<b>Cost</b>								
Opening balance, 1 January 2023	33.040.173	28.691.472	601.709.163	1.954.213	13.131.456	3.165.134	5.378.010	687.069.621
Transfer	16.936	57.220	3.640.804	(1.650)	48.708	(11.760)	(4.535.464)	(785.206)
Additions	33.442	495.615	11.834.800	306.842	380.666	(5.304)	4.764.694	17.810.755
Impairment	496.091	—	—	—	—	—	(34.069)	462.022
Revaluation	4.821.243	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.821.243
Disposal	(81)	(17.184)	(1.172.797)	(12.216)	(111.395)	(5.518)	—	(1.319.191)
Foreign currency translation differences	684	(1.138)	3.955	1.837	18.317	13.428	10.414	47.497
<b>Closing balance, 31 December 2023</b>	<b>38.408.488</b>	<b>29.225.985</b>	<b>616.015.925</b>	<b>2.249.026</b>	<b>13.467.752</b>	<b>3.155.980</b>	<b>5.583.585</b>	<b>708.106.741</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>								
Opening balance, 1 January 2023	—	23.914.058	538.062.601	1.782.039	10.847.592	3.031.694	—	577.637.984
Transfer	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Depreciation charge for the year	—	1.379.009	19.486.453	82.833	746.342	37.683	—	21.732.320
Disposal	—	(16.879)	(1.139.469)	(12.158)	(78.995)	(5.260)	—	(1.252.761)
Impairment	—	30.120	240.853	—	36	—	—	271.009
Foreign currency translation differences	—	1.532	1.864	1.565	938	1.846	—	7.745
<b>Closing balance, 31 December 2023</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>25.307.840</b>	<b>556.652.302</b>	<b>1.854.279</b>	<b>11.515.913</b>	<b>3.065.963</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>598.396.297</b>
<b>Net book value, 31 December 2023</b>	<b>38.408.488</b>	<b>3.918.145</b>	<b>59.363.623</b>	<b>394.747</b>	<b>1.951.839</b>	<b>90.017</b>	<b>5.583.585</b>	<b>109.710.444</b>

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**20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

	Licence	Customer relationship	Research and Development	Other intangible assets	Subscriber acquisition/retention cost	Concession rights	Concession assets	Total
<b>Cost</b>								
Opening balance, 1 January 2024	59.486.525	20.236.000	6.824.001	108.748.828	39.486.107	88.083.384	3.954.656	326.819.501
Transfers	5.486	—	431.190	2.430.769	—	—	—	2.867.445
Disposals	(201)	—	—	(82.427)	—	(523)	—	(83.151)
Additions (*)	842	51	1.233.729	5.601.679	4.650.289	9.267.528	403.061	21.157.179
Foreign currency translation differences	(37.641)	(466.181)	(6.073)	(2.074.823)	—	—	—	(2.584.718)
<b>Closing balance, 31 December 2024</b>	<b>59.455.011</b>	<b>19.769.870</b>	<b>8.482.847</b>	<b>114.624.026</b>	<b>44.136.396</b>	<b>97.350.389</b>	<b>4.357.717</b>	<b>348.176.256</b>
<b>Accumulated amortization</b>								
Opening balance, 1 January 2024	42.650.315	19.938.350	4.832.444	93.834.254	30.825.642	55.527.634	—	247.608.639
Transfers	—	—	—	(171)	—	—	—	(171)
Disposals	(201)	—	—	(76.338)	—	—	—	(76.539)
Amortization charge for the year	3.796.172	104.111	496.428	4.994.183	3.363.917	5.931.188	—	18.685.999
Impairment	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Foreign currency translation differences	(19.223)	(396.548)	—	(1.116.047)	—	—	—	(1.531.818)
<b>Closing balance, 31 December 2024</b>	<b>46.427.063</b>	<b>19.645.913</b>	<b>5.328.872</b>	<b>97.635.881</b>	<b>34.189.559</b>	<b>61.458.822</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>264.686.110</b>
<b>Net book value, 31 December 2024</b>	<b>13.027.948</b>	<b>123.957</b>	<b>3.153.975</b>	<b>16.988.145</b>	<b>9.946.837</b>	<b>35.891.567</b>	<b>4.357.717</b>	<b>83.490.146</b>

(\*) Concession rights and concession rights assets amounting to TL 9.760.589 (31 December 2023: TL 10.047.103) consist of investments evaluated within the scope of TFRS Comment 12.

The Group have no capitalized borrowing cost on intangible assets (31 December 2023: nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2024, impairment on intangible assets amounting to TL 145.018 is recognized in cost of sales (31 December 2023: 114.644), TL 239.147 in general administrative expenses (31 December 2023: TL 98.637) and TL 14 in marketing, selling and distribution expenses (31 December 2023: TL 248).

The Group has made changes to the remaining useful lives of the tangible and intangible assets within the scope of the concession as of 1 January 2024, after receiving confirmation from the relevant authority regarding their compliance with accounting standards, due to the concrete progress made in the negotiations with official institutions regarding the extension of the fixed line concession agreement. Accordingly, the remaining life of the Company's tangible and intangible assets is at most 25,2 years, excluding those outside the scope of the concession agreement. These changes resulted in a decrease of approximately 35% in group depreciation expenses.

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**20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)**

	Licence	Customer relationship	Research and Development	Other intangible assets	Subscriber acquisition/ retention cost	Concession rights	Concession assets	Total
<b>Cost</b>								
Opening balance, 1 January 2023	59.482.845	20.253.839	6.047.855	102.765.761	35.759.094	72.574.473	9.189.609	306.073.476
Transfers	325	–	91.618	422.112	–	5.757.221	(5.486.070)	785.206
Disposals	–	–	(113.931)	(235.643)	–	(44.296)	–	(393.870)
Additions (*)	–	–	703.972	5.778.983	3.727.012	9.795.988	251.117	20.257.072
Foreign currency translation differences	3.355	(17.839)	94.486	17.616	–	–	–	97.618
<b>Closing balance, 31 December 2023</b>	<b>59.486.525</b>	<b>20.236.000</b>	<b>6.824.000</b>	<b>108.748.829</b>	<b>39.486.106</b>	<b>88.083.386</b>	<b>3.954.656</b>	<b>326.819.502</b>
<b>Accumulated amortization</b>								
Opening balance, 1 January 2023	38.853.495	19.814.579	4.594.035	88.119.094	27.654.186	42.918.236	–	221.953.625
Transfers	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Disposals	–	–	(28.482)	(195.755)	–	(43.866)	–	(268.103)
Amortization charge for the year	3.794.208	108.823	209.925	5.702.651	3.171.456	12.653.265	–	25.640.328
Impairment	–	–	–	206.772	–	–	–	206.772
Foreign currency translation differences	2.613	14.948	56.965	1.491	–	–	–	76.017
<b>Closing balance, 31 December 2023</b>	<b>42.650.316</b>	<b>19.938.350</b>	<b>4.832.443</b>	<b>93.834.253</b>	<b>30.825.642</b>	<b>55.527.635</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>247.608.639</b>
<b>Net book value, 31 December 2023</b>	<b>16.836.209</b>	<b>297.650</b>	<b>1.991.557</b>	<b>14.914.576</b>	<b>8.660.464</b>	<b>32.555.751</b>	<b>3.954.656</b>	<b>79.210.863</b>

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**20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)**

For the year ended 31 December 2024, depreciation and amortization expense is recognized cost of sales, sales and distribution expenses, general administration expenses and research and development expenses respectively amounting to TL 28.694.368, (31 December 2023: TL 41.621.303), TL 3.727.261 (31 December 2023: TL 4.409.348) and TL 3.311.017 (31 December 2023: TL 4.883.133), TL 287.468 (31 December 2023: TL 307.572), respectively.

Remaining amortization periods after acquisition of significant intangible assets are as follows:

TT Mobil license	4,4 years
TTINT customer relationships	0,8 years
TTINT other	5,8 years

There is no restriction or pledge on the intangible as at 31 December 2024 (31 December 2023: nil).

***3G license tender.***

The tender for authorization of IMT-2000 / UMTS services has been held on 28 November 2008 with the participation of all three GSM operators operating in Turkey.

TT Mobile concession agreement was signed on 30 April 2009.

The net book value of the 3G license as at 31 December 2024 is TL 1.749.521 (31 December 2023: TL 2.138.391).

***GSM 900 additional frequency band tender***

The tender for the reallocation of unused 900 MHz Frequency Bands had been held on 20 June 2008 and TT Mobil had obtained C band with the minimum fee of TL 128 year /channel (excluding VAT).

TT Mobil had been granted 5,5 additional GSM 900 MHz frequency channels as a result of the tender and ultimately total number of GSM 900 MHz frequency channels has reached to 12 together with previously-held 6,5 channels.

TT Mobil paid as the tender fee for the remaining GSM license duration and amended license agreement has been signed between TT Mobil and ICTA on 25 February 2009.

The net book value of the GSM 900 license as at 31 December 2024 is TL 12.691 (31 December 2023: TL 24.406).

***4.5G license tender***

Tender of IMT Services and Infrastructures Authorization, also known as 4.5G tender in public has been held in Ankara on August 26, 2015 by ICTA. In the IMT Service and Infrastructure Authorization Tender done by ICTA, TT Mobil has won the following packages: 2x10 MHz bandwidth in 800 MHz frequency for EUR 380.000, 2x7.6 MHz bandwidth in 900 MHz frequency for EUR 216.819, 2x20 MHz bandwidth in 1800 MHz frequency for EUR 310.000, 2x10 MHz bandwidth in 2600 MHz frequency for EUR 25.859, 1x15 MHz bandwidth in 2600 MHz frequency for EUR 22.000. Total spectrum fee is EUR 954.678. IMT Authorization period is valid until 30 April 2029 and will be able to start rendering services starting from 1 April 2016. 900 MHz and services in 1.800 MHz frequency are commenced to be rendered since 1 December 2015. The Company will paid the tender fee (including interest).

As of 31 December 2024 net book value of 4.5G license amounts to TL 10.060.105 (31 December 2023: TL 12.381.668) in the consolidated financial statements.

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**21. PROVISIONS**

*Current provisions*

Provisions for short-term debt for the years 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 are as follows:

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Litigation, ICTA penalty and customer return provisions (*)	234.624	406.374
Provision for expected credit losses on loan commitments (**)	21.804	79.820
	<b>256.428</b>	<b>486.194</b>

(\*) Consists of the ICTA fines, refunds and other litigation provisions required by ICTA decisions. Detailed explanations are given in Footnote 12.

(\*\*) Consists of expected credit losses are recognized for the guarantees given for borrowings of distributors which are utilized in financing of equipment purchases that will be sold to Group's customers as part of commitment sales.

The movement of Litigation, ICTA penalty and customer return provisions is as follows:

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
<b>As at 1 January</b>	<b>406.374</b>	<b>316.624</b>
Provisions for the period	127.623	450.145
Provision paid	(197.028)	(153.635)
Reversals	(3.973)	(57.074)
Foreign currency translation difference	—	(1.409)
Inflation adjustment	(98.372)	(148.277)
<b>As at 31 December</b>	<b>234.624</b>	<b>406.374</b>

*Current provisions for employee benefits*

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
<b>Short term provisions for employee benefits</b>		
Personnel bonus provision	2.556.395	1.830.591
	<b>2.556.395</b>	<b>1.830.591</b>

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**21. PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)**

*Current provisions*

The movement of provisions is as follows:

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
<b>As at 1 January</b>	<b>1.830.591</b>	<b>1.354.599</b>
Provision for the period	3.165.564	2.473.592
Provisions paid	(1.836.662)	(1.402.949)
Reversals	(137.850)	(81.812)
Foreign currency translation difference	(16.241)	(8.347)
Inflation adjustment	(449.007)	(504.492)
<b>As at 31 December</b>	<b>2.556.395</b>	<b>1.830.591</b>

*Non-current provisions for employee benefits*

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
<b>Long term provisions for employee benefits</b>		
Defined benefit obligation	5.948.739	4.842.623
Unused vacation provisions	1.246.817	1.015.267
	<b>7.195.556</b>	<b>5.857.890</b>

*Defined benefit obligation*

In accordance with existing social legislation in Turkey, companies are required to make lump-sum payments to employees whose employment is ended due to retirement or for reasons other than resignation or misconduct. The liability is not funded and accordingly there are no plan assets for the defined benefits as there is no funding requirement.

The retirement pay liability as at 31 December 2024 is subject to a ceiling of full TL 46.655,43 (31 December 2023: full TL 23.489,83) per monthly salary for each service year.

i) The movement of defined benefit obligation is as follows:

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
Defined benefit obligation at January 1	4.842.623	5.025.457
Actuarial loss (*)	2.181.626	2.254.459
Interest cost	1.028.537	588.478
Service cost (**)	490.332	741.406
Benefits paid	(731.263)	(1.743.356)
Transfer	(4.676)	(3.075)
Foreign currency translation difference	(75.148)	(105.389)
Inflation adjustment	(1.783.292)	(1.915.357)
<b>As at 31 December</b>	<b>5.948.739</b>	<b>4.842.623</b>

(\*) As at 31 December 2024, actuarial loss amounting to TL 2.181.626 (31 December 2023: TL 2.254.459) is recognized in other comprehensive income.



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**21. PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)**

*Non-current provisions for employee benefits (continued)*

*Defined benefit obligation (continued)*

(\*\*) The Social Security and General Health Insurance Law and the Law on the Versioning of the Decree Law No. 375 were published in the Official Gazette No. 32121 on 3 March 2023, and the beginnings began. With the regulation made, employees who had insurance before 8 September 1999, who used premium day payment and insurance fee, had the right to retire without any age limit. The effect of the provision for severance pay, which is defined as the defined benefit plan in TAS 19, within the scope of this law is calculated as TL 221.009 for 2023 and is included in the profit or loss. In addition to the liability for severance pay, the Group also has some other long-term taxes such as employment, duty, compensation and anniversary gifts.

ii) Total expense recognized in the consolidated income statement:

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
Interest cost	1.028.537	588.478
Service cost	490.332	741.406
<b>Total net cost recognized in the consolidated statement of income</b>	<b>1.518.869</b>	<b>1.329.884</b>

iii) Principal actuarial assumptions used:

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Interest rate	27%	25%
Expected rate of ceiling increases	23,8%	22%

For the years ahead, voluntary employee withdrawal of the Group is 2,42% (31 December 2023: 2,53%).

As of 31 December 2024, sensitivity analysis is performed for the significant assumptions of defined benefit obligation:

	<b>Discount Rate</b>		<b>Salary Increase Rate</b>		<b>Employee Withdrawal Rate</b>	
<b>Sensitivity Level</b>	<b>0,25% decrease (27,15%)</b>	<b>0,25% increase (27,65%)</b>	<b>0,25% decrease (23,55%)</b>	<b>0,25% increase (24,05%)</b>	<b>0,25% decrease</b>	<b>0,25% increase</b>
No effect to defined benefit obligation	161.447	(121.465)	(125.806)	165.441	(104.857)	114.908

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**21. PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)**

*Non-current employee benefits excluding defined benefit obligation*

The movement of unused vacation provisions is as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
<b>As at 1 January</b>	<b>1.015.267</b>	<b>791.357</b>
Provision for the period, net	762.638	814.386
Provisions paid	(98.028)	(73.139)
Foreign currency translation difference	(13.564)	(3.397)
Inflation adjustment	(419.496)	(513.940)
<b>As at 31 December</b>	<b>1.246.817</b>	<b>1.015.267</b>
<i>Other non-current provisions</i>		
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Provision for the investments under the scope of TFRS Interpretation 12	10.627	15.345
	<b>10.627</b>	<b>15.345</b>

**22. PAID IN CAPITAL, RESERVES AND RETAINED EARNINGS**

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, the shareholders of the Company with their shareholding percentage are as follows:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	%	TL	%	TL
Turkish Wealth Fund ("TWF") (*)	60	2.100.000	60	2.100.000
The Treasury	25	875.000	25	875.000
Public Share	15	525.000	15	525.000
		<b>3.500.000</b>		<b>3.500.000</b>
Inflation adjustment to share capital		73.368.951		73.368.951
		<b>76.868.951</b>		<b>76.868.951</b>

The Company's share capital is fully paid. Capital of the Company is TL 3.500.000.000, divided into 192.500.000.000 Group "A", 104.999.999.999 Group "B", 1 Group "C", and 52.500.000.000 Group "D" registered shares each with a nominal value of 1 (One) Kuruş. Group D shares are publicly traded. Turkish Wealth Fund is the holder of all Group A shares; TWF is the holder of Group B shares representing 5 percent of the share capital of the Company and Group D Shares representing 1.68 percent of the share capital of the Company; the Treasury is the holder of Group B shares representing 25 percent of the share capital of the Company and C Group share (Golden Share).

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**22. PAID IN CAPITAL, RESERVES AND RETAINED EARNINGS (CONTINUED)**

The Treasury is the holder of the Preferred Stock (Golden Share) as per the law. This share is non-transferable. It provides certain rights to Treasury in order to protect national interests regarding economy and security: (a) Any proposed amendments to the Company's articles of association, (b) the transfer of any registered shares in the Company which would result in a change in the management control of the Company and (c) the registration of any transfer of registered shares in the Company's shareholders' ledger cannot be realized without affirmative vote of the Golden Share at either a meeting of the Board of Directors or the general assembly. Otherwise, such transactions shall be deemed invalid. The holder of the Golden Share, the Treasury, has one member, representing the Golden Share, among the Board of Directors.

Number of members and independent Board members of the Board of Directors to be nominated by the Group A and Group B Shareholders have been revised by the amendment to the article 8 of the Articles of Association at on the Extraordinary General Meeting dated 25 January 2019 Accordingly; The Board of directors shall be composed of nine (9) members nominated by the Group A Shareholder, Treasury and Turkish Wealth Fund.

(a) Turkish Wealth Fund is the Group A Shareholder shall be entitled to nominate five (5) persons for election as Directors;

(b) provided that the Treasury and Turkish Wealth Fund, as Group B Shareholders shall hold;

– 30% or more of the Shares, the Treasury shall be entitled to nominate three (3) persons for election as Independent Board Members who carry the independence criteria as defined in the Capital Markets legislation; or

– 15% or more of the Shares (but less than 30% of the Shares) the Treasury shall be entitled to nominate two (2) persons for election as Independent Board Members who the carry the independence criteria as defined in the Capital Markets legislation;

– During the calculation of 15% and 30% of the Shares mentioned in above paragraphs, the amount of Group B Shares and Group D Shares held by the Treasury and Turkish Wealth Fund shall be considered together.

(c) As long as the Treasury and Turkish Wealth Fund holds 15% or more of the Shares (but less than 30% of the Shares), the Group A shareholder shall be entitled to nominate one (1) person, who carry the independence criteria as defined in the Capital Markets legislation, for election as Independent Board Members and five (5) persons for election as Director.

(d) while the Treasury holds the C Group Privileged Share, the Treasury shall be entitled to nominate, a further one (1) person, for election as Director for the C Group Privileged Share.

The chairman of the board of directors shall be nominated by the directors nominated by the group A shares from among the directors and be elected and removed by the simple majority votes of those present at the meeting of the board of directors.

The Vice Chairman shall be nominated by the directors nominated by the Group B Shares from among the Directors and be elected and removed by the simple majority votes of those present at the meeting of the Board of Directors.

Board resolutions shall be passed by a simple majority of the votes of the directors present at such meeting unless the resolution requires a higher majority vote.

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**22. PAID IN CAPITAL, RESERVES AND RETAINED EARNINGS (CONTINUED)**

The board of directors shall propose the distribution of the maximum of the Company's profits lawfully available for distribution in each financial year subject to the board of directors making reasonable provisions and transfers to reserves.

Based on the articles of association of the Company, the Board of Directors shall by way of a simple majority of those present at the relevant meeting of the Board propose the distribution of the maximum of the Company's profits lawfully available for distribution in each financial year subject to the Board making reasonable provisions and transfers to reserves and complying with the conditions set out below.

Provided that it is not against the legislation regarding capital markets, the net profit may not be distributed, if:

- a) the distribution would result in a breach of any covenant or undertaking given by any Group Company (Group Companies are defined in the articles of association) to any lender or would, in the opinion of the simple majority of those present at the relevant meeting of the board of directors, be likely to cause such breach within the following 12 months; or
- b) the board of directors resolves by way of a simple majority of those present at the relevant meeting of the board that the distribution is materially prejudicial to the interests of any Group Company (as defined in the articles association of the Company) having regard to: (i) implementation of the investment program approved by the board of directors in the business plan or the budget; or (ii) the trading prospects of the Group Companies (as defined in the articles of association of the Company) and the need to maintain the sound financial standing of the group companies.

In accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code, companies are required to assign legal reserves before profit appropriations. The legal reserve consists of first and second legal reserves, allocated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code. The first legal reserve is allocated out of last period's statutory profits at the rate of 5% per annum until the total reserve reaches 1/5 of the paid-in share capital (not indexed to the inflation). The second legal reserve is allocated after the first legal reserve and dividends, at the rate of 10% per annum of all cash dividend distributions

***Dividends***

The Board of the Directors has no dividend distribution decision for the 2024 and 2023 operating years.

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**22. PAID IN CAPITAL, RESERVES AND RETAINED EARNINGS (CONTINUED)**

*Other reserves*

The amounts transferred directly to equity, instead of statement of profit or loss as of the reporting date are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Gains on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	7.189.197	8.375.319
Currency translation differences	2.947.208	4.653.667
Cash flow hedge reserve	478.719	4.952.559
Gains due to change in fair value of financial liability attributable to change in credit risk of liability	—	40.113
Reserve for hedge of net investment in a foreign operation	(8.631.309)	(8.051.977)
Losses on change in value of time value of options	(217.412)	(11.238.496)
Losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(5.435.697)	(3.799.478)
Repurchased shares (-)	(21.069)	(21.069)
	<b>(3.690.363)</b>	<b>(5.089.362)</b>

*Reserves on hedges of net investment in foreign operations*

The Company recognizes the differences arising on the translation of monetary items that are associated with the hedge of net investment in a foreign operation in other comprehensive income (Note 15).

*Cash flow hedge reserve*

The Group entered into interest rate swaps in order to hedge its position against changes in interest rates. Accordingly, effective fair value changes of these instruments are recognized directly in equity at cash flow hedge reserve (Note 15).

*Earnings/losses per share*

The calculation of the basic earnings/losses per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company is as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	349.950.000.000	350.000.000.000
Net profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity holder of the Company	8.456.145	23.709.235
Basic earnings/(losses) per share (in full Kuruş)	2,4164	6,7741

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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**22. PAID IN CAPITAL, RESERVES AND RETAINED EARNINGS (CONTINUED)**

Inflation adjustment effects of the following accounts under the Group's equity are as follows as of 31 December 2024, in accordance with TFRS and Tax Procedure Law financial statements:

	<b>31 December 2024</b>		
	<b>Inflation Adjustments on Capital</b>	<b>Repurchased shares</b>	<b>Legal Reserves</b>
To TAS/TFRS Financial Reports	73.368.951	(21.069)	4.216.813
To Tax Procedure Law	131.923.872	(16.696)	6.478.526
<b>Differences</b>	<b>58.554.921</b>	<b>4.373</b>	<b>2.261.713</b>

**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

Guarantees received and given by the Group are summarized below:

		<b>31 December 2024</b>		<b>31 December 2023</b>	
		<b>Original currency</b>	<b>TL</b>	<b>Original currency</b>	<b>TL</b>
Guarantees received	<b>USD</b>	139.833	4.933.341	115.019	4.888.576
	<b>TL</b>	3.536.968	3.536.968	3.200.014	3.200.014
	<b>EUR</b>	31.079	1.141.715	27.476	1.292.190
	<b>GBP</b>	11	501	3	162
		<b>9.612.525</b>		<b>9.380.942</b>	
Guarantees given (*)	<b>USD</b>	196.600	6.936.117	197.824	8.408.006
	<b>TL</b>	2.272.446	2.272.446	2.415.146	2.415.146
	<b>EUR</b>	71.962	2.643.622	72.585	3.413.669
		<b>11.852.185</b>		<b>14.236.821</b>	

(\*) Guarantees given amounting to USD 151.500 (31 December 2023: USD 151.500) is related to the guarantee provided to the ICTA by TT Mobil with respect to the TT Mobil Concession Agreement, guarantees given amounting to EUR 12.840 (31 December 2023: EUR 12.840) is related with the guarantee provided for 3G license and guarantees given amounting to EUR 57.281 (31 December 2023: EUR 57.281) is related with the guarantee provided for 4.5G license.

The Company's guarantee, pledge and mortgage (GPM) position as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 is as follows:

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
A. GPMs given on behalf of the Company's legal personality	11.852.185	14.236.821
B. GPMs given in favour of subsidiaries included in full consolidation	3.132.252	2.871.718
C. GPMS given by the Company for the liabilities of 3rd parties in order to run ordinary course of business	61.355	1.046.114
<b>Total</b>	<b>15.045.792</b>	<b>18.154.653</b>

Based on law 128/1 of Turkish Code of Obligations, the Group has given guarantee to distributors amounting to TL 61.355 for the financial obligation that would arise during the purchase of devices that will be sold as commitment sales by the Group (31 December 2023: TL 1.046.114).

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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

***Other commitments***

The Group has purchase commitments for sponsorships, advertising and insurance services at the equivalent to TL 704.661 (31 December 2023: TL 918.081) as at 31 December 2023. Payments for these commitments are going to be made in a 2-year period.

The Group has purchase commitments for fixed assets amounting to USD 57.790, EUR 26.106 and TL 435.558 equivalent to TL 3.433.420 (31 December 2023: TL 2.019.769) as at 31 December 2024.

**Türk Telekom concession agreement**

The Concession Agreement was entered into between the Company and ICTA on 14 November 2005 following the privatization of the Company and the resultant reduction in the public shareholding to less than 50%. The Concession Agreement covers:

- the performance of the telecommunications services which are within the scope of the Agreement;
- the establishment and operation of necessary telecommunications facilities and the submission of these facilities to the use of other operators or persons and institutions making a demand as per the law;

- the marketing and provision of telecommunications services.

The Concession Agreement places an obligation on the Company, in the event of termination or non-renewal of the Concession Agreement, to transfer all equipment affecting the operation of the system together with all its functions and in good condition, and all immovable properties where such equipment is installed and which the Company uses, to the ICTA, or to any other institution to be designated by ICTA, at no cost.

In case ICTA determines that the Company has not fulfilled its obligations stemming from the Concession Agreement and has not corrected the situation within a period granted to it, or that there is a court decision on bankruptcy or composition against the Company, the Company is granted a grace period of not less than 90 days commencing from written notification by ICTA, to fulfil its obligations. Within this grace period, the Company submits a remedy program for its abovementioned obligations to ICTA. In case ICTA accepts the remedy program, the matters in dispute shall be re-examined at the end of the program provided. If the program is not accepted, then ICTA may terminate the Concession Agreement upon expiry of the period granted to the Company.

The Concession Agreement also places a number of obligations with respect to delivering services on the Company in relation to the provision of telecommunications services.

The Concession Agreement requires that the Company shall meet all payments accrued as a result of the Concession Agreement and the establishment and operation of the telecommunication network in accordance with the applicable legislation or agreements concluded by the Government of the Republic of Turkey. These payments specifically includes the permit and utilization fees for the use of frequencies. In addition, the Company is required to pay the ICTA 0,35% of its net sales revenue, as contribution share towards ICTA's expenses.



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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Türk Telekom concession agreement (continued)**

Under the Concession Agreement, requests for access in relation to the infrastructure should be met to the extent technically possible and without discrimination. The Company is further required to publish reference access and interconnection offers approved by the ICTA.

The Concession Agreement also contains an obligation on the Company to provide universal services. According to article 6 entitled “Revenues for Universal Service” of the Universal Service Law No:5369, the Company declares the amount of 1% of its net sales revenue to the Ministry of Transport, Maritime Affairs and Communications until the end of April of the following year and the company inform up to the following month. This amount shall be transferred within the same period to the account of the central accounting department of the Ministry and shall be registered as revenue in the budget under the name of “Revenues for Universal Service”.

The tariffs to be charged by the Company are subject to the approval of the ICTA unless expressly provided to the contrary in any regulation issued by the ICTA.

The content of customer bills is governed by relevant laws and regulations. It is possible to issue a separate invoice for each service, as well as to issue one single invoice for more than one service rendered to a subscriber. The cost of each service shall be demonstrated separately, in the event of preparation of one single invoice for more than one service. A detailed bill is sent to the subscribers upon request, to the extent technically possible and subject to the payment of a fee.

Other provisions of the Concession Agreement provide for the confidentiality of communications and the establishment of effective methods to answer customer complaints.

**TT Mobil GSM and IMT-2000/UMTS concession agreement and IMT Authorization Certificate**

Regarding to Gsm and IMT-2000/UMTS concession agreement and IMT Authorization Certificate, the Company shall provide fixed guarantee by cash and/or letter of bank guarantee amounting to 6% of the Company’s Licence fee and right of use fee. In case it is identified that TT Mobil does not fulfil its contractual obligations, ICTA will have the right to record as revenue these guarantees.

**Concession Agreement for Licensing of Establishment and Operation of GSM-1800 Digital Cellular Mobile Telephone System**

A concession agreement was entered into between TT Mobil and the ICTA (“the TT Mobil Concession Agreement”) on 12 January 2005 which replaced and superseded the previous GSM 1800 license agreements in place in relation to Aycell and Aria. After GSM 900 Frequency Band bidding done by ICTA on 20 June, 2008, agreement was rearranged, the contract (“the TT Mobil Concession Agreement”) was rearranged after the Authorization Tender for IMT Services and Infrastructures made by ICTA on 26 August 2015.

The TT Mobil concession agreement covers the establishment, development and operation of a GSM 1800 network and delivery of the system to the Authority or the establishment to be designated by the Authority at the end of the contracted term as being in an operating condition.

Pursuant to the TT Mobil Concession Agreement, TT Mobil was granted to use 75 channels in the 1800 MHz band and 12 channels in the 900 MHz band. The term of the TT Mobil Concession Agreement is 25 years from 11 January 2001.

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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Concession Agreement for Licensing of Establishment and Operation of GSM-1800 Digital Cellular Mobile Telephone System (continued)**

TT Mobil may apply to the ICTA for renewal between dates 24 and 6 months before the end of TT Mobil Concession Agreement. ICTA may renew the license of TT Mobil by evaluating the renewal request according to legislation on that date.

In the event of expiry or non-renewal, TT Mobil is under an obligation to transfer the network management center, being the central operation units of the GSM 1800 system, gateway switchboards and central subscription works systems (including all kinds of technical hardware), together with all equipment affecting the operation of the system and the immovable properties used by TT Mobil to the ICTA or to the establishment to be designated by ICTA at no cost.

TT Mobil is also committed to renew the network in line with technological improvements and international agreements and maintain the adequacy of the network by means of technology until the end of the agreement.

License fees were paid prior to the issuance of the concession agreement by TT Mobil.

TT Mobil provided a performance bond in the amount of USD 151.500. TT Mobil, additional to that bond, provided performance bond amounting TL 8.808 corresponding to 6% of bidding amount after GSM 900 Additional Frequency Band bidding by ICTA on 20 June 2008. Should the operator is understood to not perform its contractual obligations, the Authority shall record and confiscate the final guarantee as income.

The TT Mobil Concession Agreement provides that the license may be transferred with the approval of the ICTA and within the terms of the Authorization Ordinance. However, no transfer may be made to an entity which already has a GSM 900 or GSM 1800 license in Turkey, or to related parties of such an entity, to the companies or subsidiaries which is owned or managed somehow by shareholders of entity or to the management of such entity and their first and second blood relatives and relative affinities. In cases such issues are determinate; GSM 1800 license given to them by ICTA is cancelled.

Regarding transfer of shares regulation clauses at the date of the transaction will be applied. The approval of the Competition Authority is also required for any change of control, being a transfer of the shares.

***Fund payable to the Treasury***

TT Mobil will pay an amount equal to 15% of the gross sales on a monthly basis to the Treasury, except for the default interest imposed on their subscribers for their late payments, indirect taxes, financial obligations such as charges and fees, amounts obtained by the operator from other mobile operators regarding the installation and operation of the facilities where the mobile base stations are located, remunerations booked in the legal accounting records, which were corrected within the fiscal year, due to the: mistakes in the form or content of the invoice (such as customer information, type, amount, price and amount of the work), mistakes regarding the periods of the service, duplicated;(double charged) invoices, and the accrual amounts accounted for reporting purposes.

***Contribution share to the ICTA***

TT Mobil shall pay 0,35% of the annual net sales to the ICTA as contribution share to the ICTA's expenses, latest on the last working day of April of the following year.

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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Concession Agreement for Licensing of Establishment and Operation of GSM-1800 Digital Cellular Mobile Telephone System (continued)**

***Coverage area***

TT Mobil has guaranteed and undertook to cover (up to 2 Watt outdoors) at least 50% of the population of Turkey within three years after 11 January 2001 and at least 90% of the population of Turkey within five years after 11 January 2001. However, the localities where there are less than 10.000 inhabitants shall not be taken into consideration. This coverage area refers to the area to be covered by TT Mobil alone and will not be contributed by national roaming. Upon request of the ICTA, yearly utmost two settling areas shall be covered with priority by TT Mobil. TT Mobil has completed its related liabilities with respect to coverage at 31 December 2004.

***Service offerings***

TT Mobil agrees and undertakes to provide the services specified within the frame of GSM memorandum of understanding applied by GSM association including, but not limited to the services specified by GSM license agreement (call forwarding, barring of outgoing and incoming calls, technical assistance for subscribers and free call forwarding to police and other public emergency services).

***Service quality***

TT Mobil will comply with the telephone service quality standards set down in the International Telecommunication Union ("ITU-T") recommendations in the GSM 1800 international standards. These standards require blocking rate of the licensed indoor network to be 5% and the call failure rate not to be more than 2%.

***Tariffs***

TT Mobil may freely determine its tariffs provided that these tariffs are not contrary to the regulations of the ICTA.

***Emergencies***

TT Mobil will take the necessary measures with priority in order to satisfy the requirements and the needs of subscribers and users in emergencies, provided that the public authorities and enterprises will have priority in the case of health and security emergencies or fire and other disasters. TT Mobil has to provide at least two base stations for the use of Ministry of Transport, Maritime Affairs and Communications in emergency.

***Investment plans***

TT Mobil pursuant to the relevant regulation, until the first day of December every year, TT Mobil will present its investment plan for the following calendar years to the ICTA. These plans will be valid for 3 years and will contain information about the dynamic demand forecasts, and number and locations of the exchange stations, base stations and base control stations to be established, the period of operation, and the investment costs. Within 120 days of receipt of the investment plan, the ICTA will approve the compliance of plans to the article 6<sup>th</sup> of the agreement. Investment plan will be presented so as to inform the ICTA after the requirements arising from the article 6<sup>th</sup> of the agreement are met.

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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Concession Agreement for Licensing of Establishment and Operation of GSM-1800 Digital Cellular Mobile Telephone System (continued)**

***National roaming***

TT Mobil may enter into contracts with other licensed GSM networks in Turkey for national roaming purposes. Roaming contracts and the financial clause of the contracts has to be presented to ICTA before signature procedures completed.

***Suspension of operations***

If deemed necessary for public security and national defence in case of war, general mobilization, etc. the Authority may temporarily or permanently suspend all or a part of the operational activities of TT Mobil and may directly operate the network. The period of suspension as above will be added to the term of the license and the income of such a period, if any, will belong to TT Mobil.

***Termination of the agreement by the ICTA***

The ICTA may cancel the license or terminate the Agreement for the following reasons;

- i) A final judgment of the competent courts for insolvency of TT Mobil or its composition with creditors,
- ii) Determination of the failure of TT Mobil to perform its contractual obligations hereunder and to remedy its default in a reasonable period of time granted,
- iii) Determination that TT Mobil extends its activities beyond the frequencies allocated hereunder or other frequencies that may be allocated by the ICTA to TT Mobil for use in the GSM 1800 System, and failure of TT Mobil to cease such activities in a reasonable period of time granted,
- iv) Failure of TT Mobil to pay the license fees hereunder.

However, that except for point (iv) above, TT Mobil will be given the opportunity to fulfil its obligations within a period not less than 90 days of written notice by the ICTA. During this period of time, TT Mobil will furnish to the ICTA a corrective action program for fulfilment of its obligations. If this program is accepted by the ICTA, the points of disagreement will be revised at the end of the program. If this program is not acceptable, the ICTA may terminate the Agreement at the end of the time period provided to TT Mobil.

Upon termination of the Agreement, TT Mobil shall transfer all of the GSM 1800 system equipment to the ICTA without any remuneration.

***Insurance***

TT Mobil will maintain adequate all risk insurance for the telecommunication facilities and services established and operated until the end of the license term.

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Concession Agreement of the Establishment and Operation of IMT2000/UMTS Infrastructures and Provision of Services**

The Concession Agreement with ICTA has been signed on 30 April 2009 and TT Mobil has been granted with 3G license for an amount of EUR 214.000 excluding VAT. The term of the license is 20 years effective from the signature date of the Agreement. 3G services have been launched on 30 July 2009. The contract (“the TT Mobil Concession Agreement”) was rearranged after the Authorization Tender for IMT Services and Infrastructures made by ICTA on 26 August 2015.

According to this Agreement;

- i. TT Mobil shall provide subscribers’ and users’ 112 calls and other emergency situation calls to public security institutions and other public institutions, and to direct those calls to the centers requested by the said institutions, free of charge bearing all costs.
- ii. TT Mobil shall keep at least 2 units of IMT-2000/UMTS mobile base stations to be used in emergency situations under the request of the Ministry of Transport and Communication.
- iii. Within the first 5 years by the signature of the Agreement, TT Mobil shall obtain the approval of the ICTA for each assignment of TT Mobil shares in ratio exceeding 10% to persons and entities other than the current shareholders and subsidiaries of the current shareholders. Any type of share assignment leading a change in the control of TT Mobil shall be subject to the approval of the ICTA.
- iv. TT Mobil has granted a bank letter of guarantee amounting to EUR 12.840 which is 6% of the license fee, for to act as final guarantee. Should the TT Mobil is understood to not perform its contractual obligations; ICTA shall record and confiscate the final guarantee as income. In such confiscation of final guarantee as income is realized, TT Mobil shall grant new final guarantee within 30 days. Should the new final guarantee not granted within the said period, the Agreement might be terminated.
- v. During the term of the Agreement, TT Mobil shall each year submit its investment plan related to the subsequent calendar year, till 1 December to the ICTA. This plan shall be prepared for three years and shall include such information as the number, location, coverage areas, investment costs with respect to exchange centres, base stations and control stations to be established, as well as the realization ratio of the previous year’s investment plan and reasons of deviation, if any.
- vi. TT Mobil will pay an amount equal to 15% of the gross sales on a monthly basis to the Treasury, except for the default interest imposed on their subscribers for their late payments, indirect taxes, financial obligations such as charges and fees, and the accrual amounts accounted for reporting purposes.
- vii. TT Mobil shall pay 0.35% of the annual net sales to the ICTA as contribution share to the ICTA’s expenses, latest on the last working day of April of the following year.

***Coverage Area Obligations:***

Following the signature of the Agreement, TT Mobil shall have under coverage the population within the borders of;

- metropolitan municipalities within 3 years,
- all the municipalities of all provinces and districts within 6 years,
- all the residential locations having a population of more than 5.000 within 8 years,
- residential locations having a population of more than 1.000 within 10 years.



**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Concession Agreement of the Establishment and Operation of IMT2000/UMTS Infrastructures and Provision of Services (continued)**

***Coverage Area Obligations: (continued)***

These are the areas which are to be covered by TT Mobil alone and this obligation shall not be fulfilled through roaming.

TT Mobil should maintain service quality in accordance with ICTA regulations, ETSI (European Telecommunications Standards Institute) standards and ITU (International Telecommunication Union) standards, decisions and recommendations given by ITU.

Upon request of the ICTA, yearly utmost two settling areas shall be covered with priority by TT Mobil.

If there is any delay in fulfilment of the coverage area obligations, except the force major conditions, an administrative fine shall be applied within the frame of Relevant Legislation. If there is any delay in fulfilment of the coverage area obligations for a period of more than two years, then the Agreement might be terminated by the ICTA.

***The Investments for hardware and software being used in the electronic communications network***

Except for the investments made in the lease of place, towers, piles, pipes, containers, channels, energy transfer lines and similar infrastructure plants; each year TT Mobil shall fulfil the following requirements for its investments related to electronic communications network (hardware, software etc.);

a) To procure at least 40% of such investments from vendor companies employing a R&D center established in Turkey and engaged in developing R&D projects in relation with the information and communication technologies provided at least 200 engineers functioning in such company in the first year after the signature of the Agreement, at least 300 engineers in the second year and at least 500 engineers for the third and subsequent years or from vendor companies employing a R&D center with at least 150 engineers functioning in the first year after the signature of the Agreement, at least 250 engineers in the second year and at least 350 engineers for the third and subsequent years however such company to employ also a Technical Assistance Centre with at least 50 engineers in the said first year, at least 100 engineers in the second year and at least 150 engineers in the third and subsequent years.

A vendor company may not establish the R&D center and Technical Assistance Centre together with another vendor company; but may establish with a company, organization or institution resident in Turkey. The vendor company shall have at least 50% share of such centers. Said organization or institution resident in Turkey shall not employ other R&D centers and Technical Assistance Centers that have been established together with other vendor companies functioning in information and communication technologies area.

The university associates may also be employed part time, as engineers to be employed by the vendor company. The number of the university associates may not exceed 5% of the total number of engineers stated above.

TT Mobil is obliged to perform its investments regarding the electronic communications network by auditing and determining whether vendor companies comply with the foregoing terms and conditions.

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Concession Agreement of the Establishment and Operation of IMT2000/UMTS Infrastructures and Provision of Services (continued)**

***The Investments for hardware and software being used in the electronic communications network (continued)***

b) To procure at least 10% of such investments from the vendors in quality of Small and Medium Sized Entities and established in Turkey for the purpose of product and system development. All the independent software and hardware units to be used in the network of TT Mobil shall have open interface connections with each other.

ICTA may perform audits regarding the execution of this obligation or may commission another organization or institution to perform such auditing when deems necessary. The costs to arise from such audits shall be paid by TT Mobil.

Should TT Mobil is understood to procure goods and services through methods against the foregoing terms and conditions, an administrative monetary penalty shall be applied to TT Mobil up to 1% of its turnover of the previous calendar year.

Should TT Mobil not perform the said obligations, a penalty as 40% of total amount of its investments in the network (hardware, software etc.), except for the investments for lease of place, towers, piles, pipes, containers, channels, energy transfer lines and similar infrastructure plants, shall be applied separately to TT Mobil for each year. This clause is valid for the first three years following the signature date of the Agreement. Annual periods start with the signing of the concession agreement.

**Termination of the Agreement by ICTA:**

The Authority might terminate the Agreement for the following reasons;

- A bankruptcy or bankrupt's certificate decision on TT Mobil given by the judicial authorities,
- TT Mobil not performing some of its contractual obligations and not correcting such breach in the given period,
- TT Mobil operating under the frequencies other than the ones allocated to itself by ICTA,
- Termination of TT Mobil Concession Agreement
- TT Mobil not performing national roaming obligation stated in the contract

In such circumstances, ICTA gives TT Mobil the opportunity to fulfil its obligations within 90 days after the written notice. In case TT Mobil cannot fulfil all the obligations within this period, the Agreement will be terminated by ICTA. The license fee or any other fee is not reimbursable in case of a termination of agreement. In the case of cancellation of agreement by ICTA, TT Mobil will alienate all data and documents which constitute system, software affecting the running of system (including tower, beam, blare, container, channel, energy transmission lines, antenna etc), stated and in the usage of TT Mobil to ICTA or to the entity ICTA enounces by making sure that there is no pledge, mortgage, levy and related legal blockages on them and they are free of cost and works free of problems.



**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Concession Agreement of the Establishment and Operation of IMT2000/UMTS Infrastructures and Provision of Services (continued)**

**Termination of the Agreement by ICTA (continued):**

The contract (“the TT Mobil Concession Agreement”) was rearranged after the Authorization Tender for IMT Services and Infrastructures made by ICTA on 26 August 2015.

TT Mobil has been authorized to provide IMT service and Limited Use Authorization Certificate on 27 October 2015.

According to the Authorization Certificate;

- i) TT Mobil shall provide emergency call services in line with the regulations of ICTA, free of charge bearing all costs and comply with the regulations of ICTA in relation to this matter.
- ii) TT Mobil shall keep at least 2 mobile base stations so as to be used for the provision of IMT services upon the Ministry’s request, in the case of disaster and emergency.
- iii) Within the first 5 years by the signature of the Agreement, TT Mobil shall obtain the approval of the ICTA for each assignment of TT Mobil shares in ratio exceeding 10% to persons and entities other than the current shareholders and subsidiaries of the current shareholders. Any type of share assignment leading a change in the control of TT Mobil shall be subject to the approval of the ICTA.
- iv) TT Mobil has granted a bank letter of guarantee amounting to EUR 57.300 which is 6% of the total fee, for to act as final guarantee. Should be understood that TT Mobil to not perform its contractual obligations; ICTA shall record and confiscate the final guarantee as income. In such confiscation of final guarantee as income is realized, TT Mobil shall grant new final guarantee within 30 days. Should the new final guarantee not granted within the said period, the Authorization might be terminated by ICTA.
- v) TT Mobil will pay an amount equal to 15% of the gross sales on a monthly basis to the Treasury, except for the default interest imposed on their subscribers for their late payments, indirect taxes, financial obligations such as charges and fees, and the accrual amounts accounted for reporting purposes.
- vi) TT Mobil shall pay the administrative fee at the rate and in the way determined by ICTA in accordance with the applicable law.

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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Concession Agreement of the Establishment and Operation of IMT2000/UMTS Infrastructures and Provision of Services (continued)**

***Coverage Area Obligations:***

Following the authorization, TT Mobil shall put at least

- 95% of Turkey's population within 8 years
- 90% of the population in each province and district within 8 years
- 99% of highways, high speed and very high speed train routes and tunnels longer than 1 km within 3 years
- 95% of divided highways within 6 years
- 90% of conventional train routes within 10 years
- 99% of highways, high speed and very high speed train routes and tunnels longer than 1 km added after the first year within 2 years of its entering into service
- 95% of divided highways added after the fourth year within 2 years of its entering into service
- 90% of conventional train routes added after the eighth year within 2 years of its entering into service under coverage

Areas covered by TT Mobil pursuant to the IMT-2000/UMTS Concession Agreement shall be deemed to be also covered under this authorization on condition that the service quality criteria set forth in the respective article are satisfied. Additionally, areas covered by TT Mobil under this authorization for the purpose of provision of IMT services shall be deemed to be covered in the determination of the coverage obligation of IMT-2000/UMTS services.

Coverage obligation shall be fulfilled by TT Mobil on its own and not through national roaming. However, TT Mobil shall be entitled to share radio access network in the areas under the coverage obligation.

Maximum two settlements per year shall be primarily brought by TT Mobil under coverage upon ICTA's request and under the service quality standards determined for such areas.

In the event that the fulfilment of coverage obligation is delayed for any reason other than force majeure events, administrative fine shall be applied pursuant to the applicable law. In the event that the fulfilment of the coverage obligation is delayed for more than two (2) years, the Authorization might be terminated by ICTA.

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Concession Agreement of the Establishment and Operation of IMT2000/UMTS Infrastructures and Provision of Services (continued)**

***Service quality obligation:***

TT Mobil shall ensure data download at minimum 2 Mbps in the areas subject to coverage obligation at a probability of 95% per user. The matters related to the inspection of this obligation shall be determined by ICTA.

These data transmission speeds are minimum values and ICTA shall determine service quality obligations required to be ensured by TT Mobil taking into account ETSI standards, ITU standards, decisions and recommendation, our national development targets, technological improvements and user requirements.

***Sharing the Radio Access Network:***

On condition that the provisions of the applicable law are not breached, TT Mobil may install and operate the radio access network to be installed for the provision of IMT services together with other operators authorized to provide IMT services and further, lease necessary transmission lines from authorized operators in order to materialize the connections within the radio access network.

This right shall not remove the obligations of TT Mobil under the authorization and shall not constitute a reason for non-fulfilment of such obligations. TT Mobil shall not avoid fulfilling its obligations under the authorization due to reasons arising from the sharing. TT Mobil shall, in the case of sharing, be obliged to take all measures required to prevent any interruption of services it provides under the authorization.

In all settlements having a population less than 10.000, TT Mobil shall, following the authorization, be obliged to:

- a) install antenna facilities to be installed under the authorization (excluding in-building antenna facilities) in such manner that facilitates active sharing of radio access network with other operators and share such facilities with the operators,
- b) In the event that there exists any antenna facilities installed by other operators at the settlements in question following the authorization for the antenna facilities to be newly installed by TT Mobil under this authorization, TT Mobil shall use such antenna facility by active sharing of radio access network.

Following this authorization, the antenna facilities newly installed under IMT-2000/UMTS Concession Agreements shall also be subject to the obligation prescribed by this paragraph.

TT Mobil shall be obliged to actively share radio access network in the antenna facilities to be newly installed under this authorization in order to cover highways, high speed railways and divided highways following the authorization. Following this authorization, the antenna facilities newly installed under IMT-2000/UMTS Concession Agreements shall also be subject to the aforementioned obligation.

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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Concession Agreement of the Establishment and Operation of IMT2000/UMTS Infrastructures and Provision of Services (continued)**

***Investments and communication services related to the hardware and software used in the network***

Except investments made for property lease, tower, pole, pipe, container, conduit, power transmission lines and similar infrastructure; TT Mobil shall, following the authorization, be obliged to provide:

a) At least 40% of its investments and communication services related to the network (such as hardware, software); Within two (2) years, from supplier companies established in Turkey as to develop R&D projects in the field of information and communication technologies, employing at least 500 engineers and 100 researchers; within four (4) years, from supplier companies having a R&D center, employing 500 engineers and 250 researchers, or within two (2) years, from supplier companies established in Turkey as to develop R&D projects in the field of information and communication technologies, employing at least 350 engineers and 100 researchers and also within two (2) years from supplier companies having a Technical Assistance Center employing at least 150 engineers, within four (4) years from supplier companies having R&D center employing 350 engineers and 250 researchers and within four (4) years from supplier companies having a Technical Assistance Center employing at least 150 engineers.

b) At least 10% of its investments from products produced in Turkey and from SMEs established to develop products and systems in Turkey.

Up to 60 within 2 years and up to 150 within 4 years following the authorization, of the personnel of TT Mobil employed in the status of researcher at the R&D center established by TT Mobil for the purpose of developing R&D projects in the field of information and communication technologies shall be taken into account under the obligation related to the number of the researchers set forth in the sub-paragraph (a) of this paragraph provided that such center is organized as an independent unit under TT Mobil's organization or all shares of the center are owned by TT Mobil.

Teaching staff of universities who work part-time at R&D centers under the applicable law or while working at universities carry out academic studies requested by the supplier and/or TT Mobil may be included in the researchers to be employed by the supplier and/or TT Mobil at R&D centers. The number of teaching staff may not exceed 10% of total number of researchers referred to in this subparagraph (a).

A supplier company may establish R&D and technical assistance centers together with institutions or bodies, except other suppliers, established in Turkey, which operate in the field of information and communication technologies and do not have a R&D or technical assistance center established with other suppliers. The supplier companies must hold at least 50% of the shares of such centers.

All independent software and hardware units to be used by TT Mobil in the network shall be interconnected through explicit interfaces.

TT Mobil shall be obliged to materialize its investments and communication services relating to the network (such as hardware, software) by checking and verifying whether or not the supplier companies and Small Entities ("SME") fulfil the conditions stated above.

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Concession Agreement of the Establishment and Operation of IMT2000/UMTS Infrastructures and Provision of Services (continued)**

***Investments and communication services related to the hardware and software used in the network (continued)***

TT Mobil shall be obliged to supply its investments and communication services relating to the network (hardware or software such as base station, switching, router), except investments relating to property lease, tower, pole, container, channel, power transmission lines and similar facilities, from the products determined to be domestic product under the Law No 4734 and applicable law at least by 30% within the first year, at least by 40% within the second year and at least by 45% within subsequent years following the authorization. Such items among the products supplied by the supplier companies and SMEs to TT Mobil, which are determined to be domestic products shall be taken into account under this obligation. TT Mobil contemplating that it will not be able to fulfil its obligations set forth in this paragraph due to the availability condition of the products determined to be domestic products, supply capacity of the producers and other conditions shall apply to ICTA indicating the reasons, no later than six (6) months before the expiry of the obligation period. ICTA may reduce or terminate the obligation for the respective period if it deems necessary.

Additional to the obligation in the paragraph above; investments specified in the paragraph above, to be measured for periods of 4 years, following the authorization TT Mobil shall be obliged to supply from the products determined to be domestic product under the Law No 4734 and applicable law a minimum average of 30% in the first 4 years, 40% in the second 4 years and 45% in the third 4 years. Such items among the products supplied by the supplier companies and SMEs to TT Mobil, which are determined to be domestic products shall be taken into account under this obligation. TT Mobil contemplating that it will not be able to fulfil its obligations set forth in this paragraph due to the availability condition of the products determined to be domestic products, supply capacity of the producers and other conditions shall apply to ICTA indicating the reasons, no later than six (6) months before the expiry of the obligation period. ICTA, provided that Ministry's opinion to be taken, may reduce or terminate the obligation for the respective period if it deems necessary.

Whether or not the obligations under this article have been fulfilled shall be evaluated with the obligations of TT Mobil under the IMT-2000/UMTS Concession Agreement.

**Cancellation of Authorization:**

ICTA may terminate the Authorization Certificate for the following reasons;

- A bankruptcy or bankrupt's certificate decision on TT Mobil given by the judicial authorities,
- TT Mobil not performing some of its contractual obligations and not correcting such breach in the given period,
- TT Mobil operating under the frequencies other than the ones allocated to itself by ICTA and not ceasing these operation within the given period,
- Termination of one of TT Mobil's Concession Agreements signed earlier,
- TT Mobil not performing its obligations stated in the article related to confidentiality of the communication, national security and public order

In such circumstances, ICTA gives TT Mobil the opportunity to fulfil its obligations within 90 days after the written notice. In case TT Mobil cannot fulfil all the obligations within this period, the Authorization Certificate will be terminated by ICTA.

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)**

**Concession Agreement of the Establishment and Operation of IMT2000/UMTS Infrastructures and Provision of Services (continued)**

**Cancellation of Authorization (continued)**

The license fee or any other fee is not reimbursable in case of a termination of agreement. In the case of cancellation of agreement by ICTA, TT Mobil will alienate all data and documents which constitute system, software affecting the running of system (including tower, beam, blare, container, channel, energy transmission lines, antenna etc), stated and in the usage of TT Mobil to ICTA or to the entity ICTA enounces by making sure that there is no pledge, mortgage, levy and related legal blockages on them and they are free of cost and works free of problems.

**Legal proceedings of Türk Telekom**

**Disputes between the Group and the ICTA**

The Company has filed various lawsuits against ICTA. These lawsuits are related with the sector-specific and tariff legislations and legislations with respect to the other operators in the market. The sector-specific disputes generally stem from the objections with respect to the provisions of interconnection legislation, legislation with respect to telecommunication services and infrastructure. According to the Article 99 of the Law numbered 7061 “Legislation on Amendment of Certain Tax Legislation and Other Certain Legislation” which was published on the Official Gazette numbered 30261 on 5 December 2017 and according to the sub-article 9 added to the Article 60 of the Law numbered 5809; customer returns that are not repaid to the customers within the 2-year period, shall be transferred to the Ministry of Transport and Infrastructure of the Republic of Turkey as revenue under the name of “Revenues for Universal Service”. As of 31 December 2024, TL 96.896 provision provided for ICTA penalties and amounts to be repaid to customers or to the Ministry of Transport and Infrastructure of the Republic of Turkey due to ICTA resolutions (31 December 2023: TL 192.749).

**Other issues**

Provision has been provided in the consolidated financial statements for the probable court cases against the Group based on the lawyers’ assessments. The provision for such court cases is amounting to TL 137.728 as at 31 December 2024 (31 December 2023: TL 213.625).

For the rest of the cases, Group lawyers commented that basis of those cases are not realistic and should be appealed. Therefore, no provision has been provided for these cases.



**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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**24. SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOW INFORMATION***Other explanations**Reconciliation of cash flows arising from financing activities and movements in transfers*

	Issued debt instruments	Bank borrowings	Lease liabilities	Derivative financial assets, net	Total
1 January 2024 opening balance	(44.017.286)	(48.381.858)	(2.716.806)	(6.437.661)	<b>(101.553.611)</b>
Cash flows	(19.170.272)	(31.534.742)	(5.999.061)	(9.398.403)	<b>(66.102.478)</b>
Acquisition	31.478.003	28.616.758	4.557.584	13.190.957	<b>77.843.302</b>
Other non-cash changes	(5.506.157)	(6.988.738)	(1.460.664)	4.273.547	<b>(9.682.012)</b>
Inflation effect	12.650.242	16.485.669	1.459.761	(2.136.773)	<b>28.458.899</b>
<b>31 December 2024 closing balance</b>	<b>(24.565.470)</b>	<b>(41.802.911)</b>	<b>(4.159.186)</b>	<b>(508.333)</b>	<b>(71.035.900)</b>

	Issued debt instruments	Bank borrowings	Lease liabilities	Derivative financial assets, net	Total
1 January 2023 opening balance	(45.318.741)	(50.793.444)	(3.615.126)	9.374.942	<b>(90.352.369)</b>
Cash flows	(6.421.709)	(47.609.817)	—	(14.242.312)	<b>(68.273.838)</b>
Acquisition	5.118.484	42.846.983	3.337.241	1.707.323	<b>53.010.031</b>
Other non-cash changes	(21.224.611)	(19.550.686)	(4.075.573)	518.134	<b>(44.332.736)</b>
Inflation effect	23.829.291	26.725.106	1.636.652	(3.795.748)	<b>48.395.301</b>
<b>31 December 2023 closing balance</b>	<b>(44.017.286)</b>	<b>(48.381.858)</b>	<b>(2.716.806)</b>	<b>(6.437.661)</b>	<b>(101.553.611)</b>

“Other inflows of cash” in net cash used in operating activities amounting to TL 62.636 (31 December 2023: TL 292.470) represents change in restricted cash (Note 6). “Other outflows of cash, net” in net cash used in financial activities amounting to TL 1.323.700 (31 December 2023: TL 1.579.587) represents change in other financial payment.

**25. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

None.

**26. REVENUE**

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
Mobile	66.107.690	54.601.346
Broadband	46.676.725	40.610.524
Corporate data	9.290.369	9.345.530
Fixed voice	6.708.053	7.430.907
International revenue	6.751.093	7.417.559
Other	26.116.997	25.239.512
	<b>161.650.927</b>	<b>144.645.378</b>



**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**27. OPERATING EXPENSES**

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
Cost of sales (-)	(102.203.929)	(113.071.596)
General administrative expenses (-)	(19.767.093)	(18.800.762)
Marketing, sales and distribution expenses (-)	(14.688.372)	(14.991.034)
Research and development expenses (-)	(1.975.696)	(1.869.838)
	<b>(138.635.090)</b>	<b>(148.733.230)</b>

**28. EXPENSES BY NATURE**

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
Personnel expenses	(36.726.536)	(32.175.843)
Taxes	(15.800.218)	(13.568.547)
Repair and maintenance expenses	(7.661.092)	(7.824.322)
Utilities	(5.715.580)	(7.388.143)
Cost of sales and cost of equipment sales of technology companies	(7.070.480)	(6.694.699)
International interconnection	(4.965.317)	(5.555.935)
Domestic interconnection	(2.176.942)	(3.282.025)
Other expenses	(22.114.661)	(21.006.601)
<b>Total operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization expense)</b>	<b>(102.230.826)</b>	<b>(97.496.115)</b>
<b>Depreciation, amortization</b>	<b>(36.020.114)</b>	<b>(51.221.356)</b>
<b>Impairment expenses of tangible and intangible assets</b>	<b>(384.150)</b>	<b>(15.759)</b>
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>(138.635.090)</b>	<b>(148.733.230)</b>

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand currency units and are expressed in terms of purchasing power of Turkish Lira as of 31 December 2024 unless otherwise stated.)

**29. OTHER OPERATING INCOME / (EXPENSE)**

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
Curtailment and settlement gain	3.544.547	355.009
Interest and discount gains	713.187	447.132
Rental income	573.121	517.215
Foreign exchange gains	384.159	1.601.435
Discount income	13.058	1.973
Litigation and indemnity income	—	557.095
Other	489.368	960.214
<b>Other operating income</b>	<b>5.717.440</b>	<b>4.440.073</b>
Foreign exchange losses	(1.625.297)	(4.765.829)
Interest expenses on employee benefit obligations (Note 21)	(1.028.537)	(588.478)
Litigation provision, compensation and penalty expenses (*)	(264.524)	(525.427)
Discount losses	(44.554)	(484.392)
Interest cost for litigation provision	(28.975)	(100.336)
Other	(456.870)	(902.043)
<b>Other operating expense (-)</b>	<b>(3.448.757)</b>	<b>(7.366.505)</b>

(\*) Litigation, compensation and penalty expenses mainly consist of ICTA fines, customer return provisions and lawsuit provisions.

**30. INCOME / (EXPENSE) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES**

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
Fair value gains on currency-protected deposits	3.611.838	5.841.643
Gain from scrap sales	394.983	653.814
Gain on sales of property, plant and equipment	92.390	131.217
Fair value difference of financial investment	39.466	129.806
<b>Income from investing activities</b>	<b>4.138.677</b>	<b>6.756.480</b>
Losses from sales on property, plant and equipment	(9.492)	(68.518)
<b>Expense from investing activities (-)</b>	<b>(9.492)</b>	<b>(68.518)</b>

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

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**31. FINANCIAL INCOME / (EXPENSE)**

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
Interest income on bank deposits	2.879.176	2.998.789
Foreign exchange and derivative instruments gains	992.185	14.392.010
Other	1.791	76.490
<b>Financial Income</b>	<b>3.873.152</b>	<b>17.467.289</b>
Exchange rate difference and futures	(18.669.716)	(34.749.394)
Interest expense	(11.050.389)	(9.827.596)
Foreign exchange and derivative instruments loss	(373.374)	(391.629)
Other (*)	(1.262.346)	(689.530)
<b>Financial expenses</b>	<b>(31.355.825)</b>	<b>(45.658.149)</b>
<b>Financial expenses, net</b>	<b>(27.482.673)</b>	<b>(28.190.860)</b>

(\*) Consists of expenses such as letter of guarantee, bank transaction costs and commissions.

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**32. EXPLANATIONS REGARDING NET MONETARY POSITION GAINS/(LOSES)**

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>
<b>Non-monetary items</b>	
<b>Statement of financial position items</b>	<b>25.796.151</b>
Inventories	1.302.065
Prepaid expenses	810.809
Other current assets	791.802
Property, plant and equipment	35.189.002
Intangible assets	24.673.926
Right of use assets	3.801.296
Deferred tax assets, liability	2.808.859
Contract liabilities from sale of goods and service contracts	(1.257.142)
Paid-in capital	(23.627.778)
Repurchased shares	6.476
Other accumulated comprehensive income and expense not to be reclassified to profit or loss	(1.480.610)
Other accumulated comprehensive income and expense to be reclassified to profit or loss	4.334.012
Restricted reserves	(1.296.153)
Retained earnings	(20.260.413)
<b>Profit / (loss) statement items</b>	<b>(2.397.443)</b>
Revenue	(18.243.760)
Cost of sales	9.360.283
Research and development expenses	211.010
Marketing expenses	1.326.221
General and administrative expenses	1.785.746
Other income/expenses from operating activities	55.106
Income/expenses from investment activities	(530.168)
Finance income/expenses	3.559.920
Tax expense for the period	78.199
<b>Net Monetary Position Gains/(Losses)</b>	<b>23.398.708</b>

**33. TAXATION ON INCOME**

	<b>31 December 2024</b>	<b>31 December 2023</b>
Corporate tax payable:		
Current corporate tax provision	680.095	403.734
Prepaid taxes and funds (-)	(214.346)	(378.514)
<b>Tax payable</b>	<b>465.749</b>	<b>25.220</b>

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**33. TAXATION ON INCOME (CONTINUED)**

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
Tax expense:		
Current tax expense:		
<i>Current income tax expense</i>	(855.645)	(394.043)
<i>Adjustments in respect of income tax of previous year</i>	–	1.728
Deferred income (Note 11) :		
<i>Deferred tax income/(expense)</i>	(15.342.953)	19.149.020
	<b>(16.198.598)</b>	<b>18.756.705</b>

As of 31 December 2024 deferred tax expense amounting to TL 734.453 (31 December 2023: TL 758.254 income) are recognized in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income.

The Company and its subsidiaries located in Turkey are subject to taxation in accordance with the tax regulations and the legislation effective in Turkey where the Group companies operate. Corporate tax returns are required to be filed by the twenty-fifth day of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and taxes must be paid in one instalment by the end of the fourth month.

In Turkey, the corporate tax rate is 25% as of 31 December 2024. As of the three months period ended 31 December 2024, corporate tax provisions have been calculated and accrued at 25% (31 December 2023: 25%).

The tax legislation provides for a temporary tax of 25% to be calculated and paid based on earnings generated for first three quarters for the period ended 31 December 2024. The amounts thus calculated and paid are offset against the final corporate tax liability for the year.

In Turkey, the tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiaries to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provision for taxes, as reflected in the consolidated financial statements, has been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Corporate tax losses can be carried forward for a maximum period of five years following the year in which the losses were incurred. The tax authorities can inspect tax returns and the related accounting records for a retrospective maximum period of five years.

Dividend payments made to resident and non-resident individuals, non-resident legal entities and corporations resident in Turkey (except for the ones exempt from corporate and income tax), are subject to an income tax of 15%.

Dividend payments made from a corporation resident in Turkey to a corporation also resident in Turkey are not subject to income tax. Furthermore, income tax is not calculated in case the profit is not distributed or transferred to equity.

The dividend income (excluding the participation certificates of investment funds and profit shares derived from the share certificates of investment trusts) derived by entities from the participation in the capital of another resident entity is exempt from corporate tax. Furthermore, 25% of the income derived by entities from the sale of participation shares and real estates (immovable property) preferential rights, founders' shares and redeemed shares which are carried in assets at least for two years is exempt from corporate tax as of 31 December 2024.

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**33. TAXATION ON INCOME (CONTINUED)**

In order to be able to benefit from the exemption, the relevant income should be kept under a fund account in the liabilities and should not be withdrawn from the enterprise for 5 years. The sales amount should be collected by the end of the second calendar year following the year of sale.

The reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting profit multiplied by applicable tax is as follows:

	<b>1 January - 31 December 2024</b>	<b>1 January - 31 December 2023</b>
Profit / (loss) before tax:	24.654.743	4.952.530
Tax at the corporate tax rate of (25%) (2023:25%)	(6.163.686)	(1.238.133)
Tax effects of:		
-Expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	(314.784)	(258.552)
-Tax rate difference of subsidiaries	(53.093)	(9.298)
-Deferred tax asset recognition from cash capital increase	(86.289)	68.072
-Deferred tax asset recognition from investment allowances and previous years' tax losses carried forward by subsidiaries	(4.258.121)	4.147.276
-Deferred tax effect resulting from investment incentive	(2.652.553)	2.090.312
-R&D investment incentive	516.734	789.892
-Previously unrecognised tax loss temporary difference of a prior period	735.816	1.244.051
-Adjustments and tax losses of subsidiaries not subject to deferred tax and other	(250.781)	(1.669.320)
-Inflation effects	(3.671.841)	13.592.405
<b>Tax income / (expense) for the year</b>	<b>(16.198.598)</b>	<b>18.756.705</b>

**Tax Advantages Obtained within the Scope of Investment Incentive System**

Earnings of the Group that are derived from investments linked to an investment incentive certificate are subject to corporate tax at discounted rates for a certain period, which starts when the investment starts to partly or fully operate, and ends when the maximum investment contribution amount is reached. Within this scope, the Group has accounted for TL 2.559.795 (31 December 2023: TL 5.212.348) of tax advantages as deferred tax assets which are expected to be recovered in the foreseeable future in the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2024.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and indefinite-life investment incentives which allows payment of corporate tax at discounted rates, as long as it is probable that sufficient taxable income will be generated in the future. In this context, the Group recognizes deferred tax assets from investment incentives based on long-term plans, including taxable profit projections derived from business models, which are re-evaluated at each balance sheet date to assess recoverability of such deferred tax assets.

The Group expects to recover such deferred tax assets within 2 years from the balance sheet date. In the sensitivity analysis performed as of 31 December 2024, when the inputs of the key macroeconomic and sectoral assumptions that form the business plans are increased/decreased by 10%, there is no change in the projected 2-year recovery periods of deferred tax assets related to investment incentives.

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**34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES**

Financial risk policies of the Group are managed centrally with the support of a committee. All Group companies meet their cash needs determined in business plans approved by their boards, by using credits or capital increase with guidance of the central management. The Group may choose long or short term financing according to their financing needs and market assumptions.

The Group's risk management policies are designed to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to determine appropriate risks limits and controls, and to observe commitment to these limits. Risk management policies and systems are constantly under review to reflect changes in the Group's activities and market conditions.

The Group audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group. The Group audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

***Financial risk factors***

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise forward market transactions, bank loans and cash and short-term deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise funds for the Group's operations and to hedge interest rate risk. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations. The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are cash flow interest rate risk, liquidity risk, foreign currency risk and credit risk. The board reviews and agrees to policies for managing each of these risks.

***Credit risk***

	Receivables								
	Trade receivables				Other receivables				
	Related parties	Third parties	Related parties	Third parties	Contract assets	Cash and cash equivalent	Derivative instruments	Financial investments	Other
<b>31 December 2024</b>									
Maximum credit risk exposed to as at the reporting date (A+B+C+D+E)	1.142.227	20.776.284	41	3.018.440	7.657.562	7.526.819	1.176.434	10.538.921	127.727
- Guaranteed portion of the maximum risk	-	587.876	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A. Carrying amount of financial assets not overdue or not impaired	1.142.227	17.242.766	41	3.018.440	7.657.562	7.526.819	1.176.434	10.538.921	127.727
B. Carrying amount of financial assets with rediscussed conditions that are considered overdue or impaired if not rediscussed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Carrying amount of financial assets overdue but not impaired	-	3.533.518	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-Overdue (gross book value)	-	3.740.402	-	(27.511)	-	-	-	-	-
-Impairment (-)	-	(3.740.402)	-	27.511	-	-	-	-	-
	Receivables								
	Trade receivables				Other receivables				
	Related parties	Third parties	Related parties	Third parties	Contract assets	Cash and cash equivalent	Derivative instruments	Financial investments	Other
<b>31 December 2023</b>									
Maximum credit risk exposed to as at the reporting date (A+B+C+D+E)	910.311	18.704.073	-	490.296	5.173.987	19.622.532	6.607.226	11.302.376	55.483
- Guaranteed portion of the maximum risk	-	1.098.810	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
A. Carrying amount of financial assets not overdue or not impaired	910.311	3.195.836	-	490.296	5.173.987	19.622.532	6.607.226	11.302.376	55.483
B. Carrying amount of financial assets with rediscussed conditions that are considered overdue or impaired if not rediscussed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Carrying amount of financial assets overdue but not impaired	-	15.508.237	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-Overdue (gross book value)	-	8.322.172	-	164.726	-	-	-	-	-
-Impairment (-)	-	(8.322.172)	-	(164.726)	-	-	-	-	-



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**34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)*****Credit risk (continued)***

Financial losses due to Group's receivables and financial assets which result from not implementing agreement clauses related to financial assets by a customer or other party constitutes credit risk.

When determining the credit risk exposure as at the balance sheet date, items like guarantees received, which increase the credit worthiness have not been considered.

As of 31 December 2024, the maximum credit risk Company exposure is reflected by presenting all financial assets from carrying amount on consolidated balance sheet.

***Liquidity risk***

Liquidity risk is uncertainty to cover future financial obligations.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between current assets and liabilities through close monitoring of payment plans and cash projections.

The Group manages current and long-term funding by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities, reserve borrowing facilities and loan agreements with suppliers through continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profile of financial assets and liabilities.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at 31 December 2024 and 2023 based on contractual undiscounted payments (including interest payments not due yet).

Contract based maturities as at 31 December 2024	Book value	Total contract based cash outflow (I+II+III+IV)	Less than 3 months (I)	3 to 12 months (II)	1 to 5 years (III)	More than 5 years (IV)
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities</b>						
Financial liabilities and issued debt instruments	66.368.381	74.206.270	17.798.554	10.257.335	44.229.078	1.921.303
Lease liabilities	4.159.186	6.414.567	1.293.800	1.487.453	3.449.094	184.220
Trade payables to unrelated parties	21.475.697	21.547.356	21.547.356	—	—	—
Other (*)	6.370.756	5.923.763	5.764.167	—	159.596	—
<b>Derivative financial liabilities, net</b>	<b>668.101</b>	<b>668.101</b>	<b>668.101</b>	—	—	—
Contract based maturities as at 31 December 2023	Book value	Total contract based cash outflow (I+II+III+IV)	Less than 3 months (I)	3 to 12 months (II)	1 to 5 years (III)	More than 5 years (IV)
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities</b>						
Financial liabilities and issued debt instruments	92.399.145	107.038.794	22.681.698	33.579.784	47.991.098	2.786.214
Lease liabilities	2.716.806	3.440.969	560.078	987.155	1.679.990	213.746
Trade payables to unrelated parties	20.054.776	20.319.809	20.297.231	22.578	—	—
Other (*)	5.347.058	5.347.058	5.208.581	—	138.477	—
<b>Derivative financial liabilities, net</b>	<b>169.566</b>	<b>169.566</b>	<b>169.566</b>	—	—	—

(\*) Other item includes other payables, employee benefit obligations and other current liabilities. Taxes and other payables contained within employee benefit obligations and advances contained within other current liabilities are excluded.

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**34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Market risk**

**Foreign Currency Risk**

	31 December 2024				31 December 2023			
	Total TL Equivalent	USD	EUR	Other	Total TL Equivalent	USD	EUR	Other
1. Trade receivables	2.891.194	65.409	14.165	63.177	2.420.242	60.498	16.751	93.644
2a. Monetary financial assets (Cash and banks accounts included)	1.866.492	45.151	4.999	89.920	6.828.413	71.186	143.114	71.044
2b. Financial Investments (*)	10.538.921	—	—	—	11.302.402	—	—	—
2c. Non-monetary financial assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3. Other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>4. Current assets (1+2+3)</b>	<b>15.296.607</b>	<b>110.560</b>	<b>19.164</b>	<b>153.097</b>	<b>20.551.057</b>	<b>131.684</b>	<b>159.865</b>	<b>164.688</b>
5. Trade receivables	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6a. Monetary financial assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
6b. Non-monetary financial assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7. Other	—	—	—	—	5.149	22	139	(26)
<b>8. Non-current assets (5+6+7)</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>5.149</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>(26)</b>
<b>9. Total assets (4+8)</b>	<b>15.296.607</b>	<b>110.560</b>	<b>19.164</b>	<b>153.097</b>	<b>20.556.206</b>	<b>131.706</b>	<b>160.004</b>	<b>164.662</b>
10. Trade payables	12.483.101	249.161	99.235	47.113	12.186.946	259.625	136.629	93.514
11. Financial liabilities	15.070.795	252.911	166.591	28.099	30.220.677	837.296	170.491	18.633
12a. Monetary other liabilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
12b. Non-monetary other liabilities	784.670	22.235	6	—	945.482	32.108	9	(13)
<b>13. Short-term liabilities (10+11+12)</b>	<b>28.338.566</b>	<b>524.307</b>	<b>265.832</b>	<b>75.212</b>	<b>43.353.105</b>	<b>1.129.029</b>	<b>307.129</b>	<b>112.134</b>
14. Trade payables	—	—	—	—	651	—	—	651
15. Financial liabilities	41.408.933	720.141	435.024	21.000	45.640.347	1.024.198	474.354	38.242
16a. Monetary other liabilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
16b. Non-monetary other liabilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>17. Long-term liabilities (14+15+16)</b>	<b>41.408.933</b>	<b>720.141</b>	<b>435.024</b>	<b>21.000</b>	<b>45.640.998</b>	<b>1.024.198</b>	<b>474.354</b>	<b>38.893</b>
<b>18. Total liabilities (13+17)</b>	<b>69.747.499</b>	<b>1.244.448</b>	<b>700.856</b>	<b>96.212</b>	<b>88.994.103</b>	<b>2.153.227</b>	<b>781.483</b>	<b>151.027</b>
<b>19. Net asset/(liability) position of off balance sheet derivative instruments (19a-19b)</b>	<b>44.852.404</b>	<b>771.110</b>	<b>480.382</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>86.046.164</b>	<b>2.426.069</b>	<b>449.044</b>	<b>(55)</b>
19a. Total asset amount hedged	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
19b. Total liability amount hedged	(44.852.404)	(771.110)	(480.382)	—	(86.046.164)	(2.426.069)	(449.044)	55
<b>20. Loans defined as hedging instruments (**)</b>	<b>5.510.430</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>150.000</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>7.054.469</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>216.568</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>21. Net foreign currency asset/(liability) position (9-18+19+20)</b>	<b>(4.088.058)</b>	<b>(362.778)</b>	<b>(51.310)</b>	<b>56.885</b>	<b>24.662.736</b>	<b>404.548</b>	<b>44.133</b>	<b>13.580</b>
<b>22. Net asset/(liability) position of foreign currency monetary items (IFRS 7.B23) (=1+2a+2b+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)</b>	<b>(53.666.222)</b>	<b>(1.111.653)</b>	<b>(681.686)</b>	<b>56.885</b>	<b>(67.497.564)</b>	<b>(1.989.435)</b>	<b>(621.609)</b>	<b>13.648</b>

(\*) Financial Investments include currency protected time deposits with 180 and 360 days maturity by Group's USD 237.057 and EUR 20.000 of foreign currency deposits.

(\*\*) The Company utilized a loan amounting to EUR 150.000 in order to hedge its net investment in a foreign operation with a EUR functional currency. Foreign exchange gain and/or loss resulting from the subsidiary's net investment portion of this loan is reclassified to reserve for hedge of net investment in a foreign operation under equity.

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**34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Market risk (continued)**

**Foreign currency risk (continued)**

The Group has transactional currency exposures mainly with respect to the financial liabilities and trade payables. Foreign currency denominated borrowings are stated in Note 5.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the USD and EUR exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's net profit for the year (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities):

31 December 2024	Profit/Loss		Other comprehensive income	
	Appreciation of foreign currency	Depreciation of foreign currency	Appreciation of foreign currency	Depreciation of foreign currency
<b>Appreciation of USD against TL by 10%:</b>				
1- USD net asset/liability	(4.000.394)	4.000.394	—	—
2- Hedged portion of USD risk (-)	3.319.288	(3.140.604)	(27.837)	(160.771)
<b>3- USD net effect (1+2)</b>	<b>(681.106)</b>	<b>859.790</b>	<b>(27.837)</b>	<b>(160.771)</b>
<b>Appreciation of EUR against TL by 10%:</b>				
4- EUR net asset/liability	(2.504.276)	2.504.276	—	—
5- Hedged portion of EUR risk (-)	2.119.974	(1.957.086)	(6.653)	(183.235)
<b>6- EUR net effect (4+5)</b>	<b>(384.302)</b>	<b>547.190</b>	<b>(6.653)</b>	<b>(183.235)</b>
<b>Appreciation of other foreign currencies against TL by 10%:</b>				
7- Other foreign currency net asset/liability	5.067	(5.067)	—	—
8- Hedged portion of other foreign currency (-)	—	—	—	—
<b>9- Other foreign currency net effect (7+8)</b>	<b>5.067</b>	<b>(5.067)</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>Total (3+6+9)</b>	<b>(1.060.341)</b>	<b>1.401.913</b>	<b>(34.490)</b>	<b>(344.006)</b>

31 December 2023	Profit/Loss		Other comprehensive income	
	Appreciation of foreign currency	Depreciation of foreign currency	Appreciation of foreign currency	Depreciation of foreign currency
<b>Appreciation of USD against TL by 10%:</b>				
1- USD net asset/liability	(5.950.994)	5.950.994	—	—
2- Hedged portion of USD risk (-)	5.187.118	(5.217.902)	96.266	(99.298)
<b>3- USD net effect (1+2)</b>	<b>(763.876)</b>	<b>733.092</b>	<b>96.266</b>	<b>(99.298)</b>
<b>Appreciation of EUR against TL by 10%:</b>				
4- EUR net asset/liability	(2.024.398)	2.024.398	—	—
5- Hedged portion of EUR risk (-)	1.651.261	(1.648.208)	49.292	(20.004)
<b>6- EUR net effect (4+5)</b>	<b>(373.137)</b>	<b>376.190</b>	<b>49.292</b>	<b>(20.004)</b>
<b>Appreciation of other foreign currencies against TL by 10%:</b>				
7- Other foreign currency net asset/liability	1.363	(1.363)	—	—
8- Hedged portion of other foreign currency (-)	—	—	—	—
<b>9- Other foreign currency net effect (7+8)</b>	<b>1.363</b>	<b>(1.363)</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>Total (3+6+9)</b>	<b>(1.135.650)</b>	<b>1.107.919</b>	<b>145.558</b>	<b>(119.302)</b>

**TÜRK TELEKOMÜNİKASYON ANONİM ŞİRKETİ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand currency units and are expressed in terms of purchasing power of Turkish Lira as of 31 December 2024 unless otherwise stated.)

**34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

***Interest rate risk***

The value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. The Group's interest rate risk is primarily attributable to its borrowings.

The interest-bearing financial liabilities have variable interest rates, whereas the interest bearing financial assets have a fixed interest rate and future cash flows associated with these financial instruments will not fluctuate in amount. The Group is subject to interest risk due to financial liabilities and finance lease obligations. Policy of the Group is to manage this risk through fixed and variable rates borrowings. In order to cover for these risks, the Group has entered into interest rate swaps (Note 15).

The interest rate risk table is presented below:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
<b>Financial instruments with fixed interest rate</b>		
Financial assets (*)	4.023.899	17.274.651
Financial liabilities	(36.247.463)	(57.024.515)
	<b>(32.223.564)</b>	<b>(39.749.864)</b>
<b>Financial instruments with variable interest rate</b>		
Financial liabilities	(30.120.917)	(35.374.631)
Effect of hedging	4.684.728	27.249.012
	<b>(25.436.189)</b>	<b>(8.125.619)</b>

(\*) Financial assets consists of cash at banks - time deposit (Note 4).

If the base point of denominated interest rates for financial instruments with variable interest rate was higher 0,25%, with all other variables held constant, the Group's income before tax and minority interest would be lower by TL 11.961 (31 December 2023: TL 20.953) and interest rate was lower 0,25%, with all other variables held constant, the Group's income before tax and minority interest would be higher by TL 11.970 (31 December 2023: TL 21.049) as of 31 December 2024.

On the other side because of hedging, if the base point of interest rate higher/lower 0,25%, equity would have no effect (31 December 2023: would have no effect). If the base point of interest rate lower 0,25%, equity would have no effect (31 December 2023: would have no effect).

***Explanation on the presentation of financial assets and liabilities at their fair values***

The below table summarizes the carrying and fair values of financial asset and liabilities in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Due to their short-term nature, the fair value of trade and other receivables represents their book value. The fair value of borrowings with fixed interests is obtained by calculating their discounted cash flows using the market interest rate effective at the reporting date. The fair value of foreign currency denominated borrowings with variable interests is obtained by discounting the projected cash flows using estimated market interest rates.

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**34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)*****Explanation on the presentation of financial assets and liabilities at their fair values (continued)***

	Carrying amount		Fair value	
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	7.532.247	19.622.532	7.532.247	19.622.532
Trade and other receivables (including related parties)	32.749.988	25.278.667	32.749.988	25.278.667
Financial investments	10.940.564	11.554.915	10.940.564(*)	11.554.915(*)
Derivative financial assets	1.176.434	6.607.226	1.176.434	6.607.226
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Bank borrowings	41.802.911	48.381.858	42.071.205	49.132.994
Issued debt instruments	24.565.470	44.017.286	24.513.848	43.866.063
Trade payables and other liabilities (including related parties) (**)	27.396.453	25.703.330	27.396.453	25.703.330
Derivative financial liabilities	668.101	169.565	668.101	169.565

(\*) Group's share in financial investments are carried at cost. Information on fair value of share in these investments are not available.

(\*\*) Trade payables and other liabilities item includes trade and other payables, employee benefit obligations and other liabilities contained within other current liabilities. Taxes and other payables contained within employee benefit obligations and advances contained within other current liabilities are excluded.

**Fair value hierarchy table**

The group classifies the fair value measurement of each class of financial instruments according to the source, using the three-level hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1: Market price valuation techniques for the determined financial instruments traded in markets (unadjusted)

Level 2: Other valuation techniques includes direct or indirect observable inputs

Level 3: Valuation techniques does not contains observable market inputs

Fair value hierarchy table as at 31 December 2024 is as follows:

	Date of Valuation	Total	Fair Value Measurement		
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>Financial assets measured at fair value:</b>					
<u>Derivative Financial Assets:</u>					
Cross currency swaps (*)	31 December 2024	1.169.970	—	1.169.970	—
Commodity derivative (Copper)	31 December 2024	6.464	—	6.464	—
Currency protected time deposit	31 December 2024	10.539.122	—	10.539.122	—
Liquid fund	31 December 2024	1.295.760	1.295.760	—	—
<b>Financial liabilities measured at fair value:</b>					
<u>Derivative Financial Liabilities:</u>					
Cross currency swaps (*)	31 December 2024	668.101	—	668.101	—
<b>Other financial liabilities not measured at fair value:</b>					
Bank loans	31 December 2024	42.071.205	—	42.071.205	—
Issued debt instruments	31 December 2024	24.513.848	24.513.848	—	—

(\*) Consist of cross currency swap, forward and foreign currency swap contracts.

(Convenience translation of a report and financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

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**34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

***Explanation on the presentation of financial assets and liabilities at their fair values (continued)***

Fair value hierarchy table as at 31 December 2023 is as follows:

			Fair Value Measurement		
	Date of Valuation	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Financial assets measured at fair value:					
Derivative Financial Assets:					
Cross currency swaps (*)	31 December 2023	6.542.078	—	6.542.078	—
Commodity derivative (Copper)	31 December 2023	65.148	—	65.148	—
Currency protected time deposit	31 December 2023	11.302.376	—	11.302.376	—
Liquid fund	31 December 2023	231.703	231.703	—	—
Financial liabilities measured at fair value:					
Issued debt instruments	31 December 2023	19.252.270	19.252.270	—	—
Derivative Financial Liabilities:					
Cross currency swaps (*)	31 December 2023	140.238	—	140.238	—
Commodity derivative (Copper)	31 December 2023	29.297	—	29.297	—
Other financial liabilities not measured at fair value:					
Bank loans	31 December 2023	49.132.994	—	49.132.994	—
Issued debt instruments	31 December 2023	24.613.793	24.613.793	—	—

(\*) Consist of cross currency swap, forward and foreign currency swap contracts.

***Capital management policies***

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions.

To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or return capital to shareholders. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years 2024 and 2023.

**35. INDEPENDENT AUDIT FEES AND OTHER FEES RELATED SERVICES RECEIVED FROM INDEPENDENT AUDIT FIRM**

The fees related to the services received by the Group from the independent auditor/independent audit firm are presented below:

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Audit fee for the year	49.080	52.488
Fees for tax advisory services	3.641	2.354
Fees for other assurance services	6.107	443
<b>Total</b>	<b>58.828</b>	<b>55.285</b>